PACE

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY

Serving Northeastern Illinois

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2017











PACE SUBURBAN BUS SERVICE



2017 COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

550 W. Algonquin Road Arlington Heights, IL 60005 (847) 364-7223

www.pacebus.com

Prepared by the Finance Department

The Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Table of Contents

Section One - Introductory	
Letter of Transmittal	3
List of Principal Officials	11
Organizational Chart	13
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	15
Section Two - Financial	
Independent Auditors' Report	19
Required Supplementary Information:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	23
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	38
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes	
in Net Position	41
Statement of Cash Flows	42
Notes to the Financial Statements	45
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Funding Progress	91
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	92
Schedule of Changes in Proportionate Share of Net Pension	
Liability and Related Ratios	
Schedule of Pension Contributions	95
Other Supplementary Exhibits:	
Statement of Net Position by Fund	100
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes	
in Net Position by Fund	103
Schedule of Revenues and Expenses Budget and Actual	
Suburban Services Fund	104
Schedule of Revenues and Expenses Budget and Actual	
Regional ADA Paratransit Services Fund	105

The Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Table of Contents (continued)

Section	Three –	Statistical

	Financial Trends	
	Net Position by Component	108
	Change in Net Position	109
	Working Capital Ratio	110
	Revenue Capacity	
	Change in Fare Structure	111
	System Ridership	112
	Sales Tax Collections for the Six County Region	113
	Debt Capacity	
	Ratios of Outstanding Debt	114
	Pledged-Revenue Coverage	
	Demographic and Economic Information	
	Population, Personal Income and Unemployment	116
	Principal Employers of the RTA Area	117
	Operating Information	
	Capital Assets and Infrastructure Information	118
	Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function/Program	119
	Operating Indicators	120
Sec	ction Four - Other Information	
	Schedule of Farebox Recovery Ratio – Suburban	
	Services Fund	122
	Schedule of Farebox Recovery Ratio – Regional ADA	
	Paratransit Services Fund	123
	Combining Schedule of Fixed Route Carrier Financial	40.
	Results - Public Funded Carriers	124
	Combining Schedule of Fixed Route Carrier Financial	40-
	Results - Private Contract Carriers	125

The Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Table of Contents (continued)

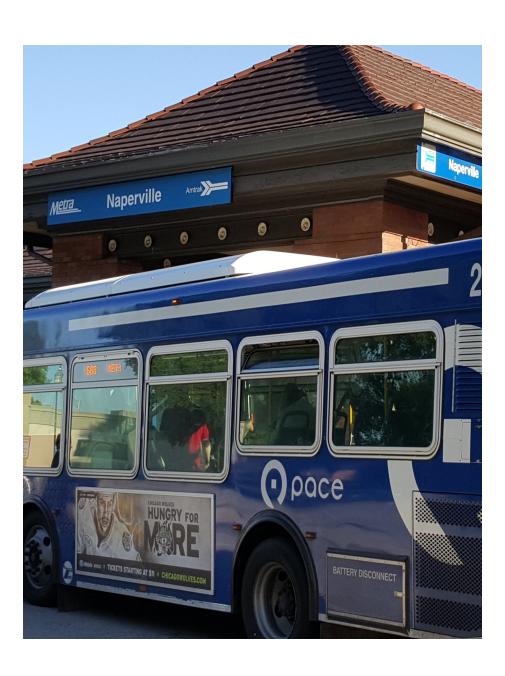
Section Four - Other Information (Continued)

Combining Schedule of Paratransit Municipal - Carrier Expense	126
Combining Schedule of Paratransit Carrier Financial Results –	
Private Contract Carriers - Non-ADA Services	127
Combining Schedule of Paratransit Carrier Financial Results -	
Private Contract Carriers - ADA Services	128
Schedule of Projects Funded/To Be Funded From Unrestricted	
Net Position	129



SECTION ONE - INTRODUCTORY

Letter of Transmittal	3
List of Principal Officials	11
Organizational Chart	13
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial	
Reporting	15



Introductory Section



May 23, 2018

The Board of Directors
Pace, the Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority
Arlington Heights, Illinois

Dear Honorable Board Members:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for Pace, the Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority (RTA), for fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 is hereby submitted.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with Pace's management. A comprehensive system of internal controls has been established by the management of Pace to ensure that the financial statements are fairly presented. Disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of Pace's financial activities have been included.

Pace is required by the RTA Act to undergo an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP performed the audit and issued an unmodified opinion on Pace's financial statements. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report. Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP also conducted an audit of Pace's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2017 based on the Single Audit Act of 1996 and the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

In 1974, the Illinois General Assembly adopted, and a six-county referendum approved, the establishment of the RTA. The RTA was to serve as a mechanism through which State funds and taxes authorized by the referendum would flow to the Chicago Transit Authority ("CTA"), the several railroads providing commuter rail services to Chicago, and to a host of public and private bus companies operating in the region outside the City of Chicago. The RTA was also authorized to contract directly for the provision of bus service to the suburban area outside the City of Chicago.

By 1983, mass transit in the northeastern Illinois six-county region consisting of Cook, DuPage, Will, Lake, Kane and McHenry counties was facing financial challenges. The Illinois General Assembly responded by amending the RTA Act to restructure both the funding and the structure of the RTA. The authority of the RTA to directly contract for bus service was eliminated. Instead, three service boards were created effective on July 1, 1984; one being the CTA, the second being the Northeast Illinois Railroad Corporation ("Metra"), and the third being the Suburban Bus Division of the RTA ("Pace"). The CTA remained responsible for heavy rail and bus service in Chicago as well as in some suburbs adjacent to Chicago. Metra became responsible for providing commuter rail service in the six-county region. Pace became responsible for providing bus transportation services in suburban Cook County and the five Collar Counties. The RTA remained a taxing authority, but otherwise was limited to serving as a fiscal and policy oversight agency for the six-county area.

In the ensuing years Pace assumed the operation of a host of public and privately owned bus companies. Besides providing fixed route service, Pace also initiated demand-responsive service, vanpool service and Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) paratransit service outside of Chicago. Pace provides these services through a mixture of its own facilities and equipment, as well as private and municipal contracted services.

In July of 2005, Illinois statutes made Pace the sole provider of ADA services for the region including the City of Chicago. Pace assumed the Chicago ADA service from the CTA on July 1, 2006.

Structure

Pace is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of thirteen members. Six directors are appointed by the suburban members of the Cook County Board of Commissioners, five directors are appointed by the chairman of the county boards of the five Collar Counties (DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry and Will), and one director is the Commissioner of the Chicago Mayor's Office for People with Disabilities. The Chairman of the Pace Board is appointed by a majority of the suburban Cook County Commissioners, and the Chairman of the Collar County Boards.

Each member of the Pace Board, except the Commissioner of the Chicago Mayor's Office of People with Disabilities, must be a mayor or village president from his or her respective region, or a former mayor or village president and, in either case, must reside in his or her respective region. The Chairman of the Board need not be a mayor or former mayor. Each Board member and the Chairman serve a four year term.

Services

Pace operates fixed route service throughout the six county area serving over 200 municipalities. The fixed route service is operated out of Pace's nine operating divisions as well as through contracted service operated by both public and private carriers. Pace operates a Bus-On-Shoulder program along Interstate 55, an expressway linking the southwest suburbs to Chicago's central business district, the Loop.

After a 2011 Demonstration Project, legislation passed in 2014 that granted Pace the ability to bypass regular traffic through use of the shoulder on the expressway. Pace also operates express bus service along the Jane Addams Tollway (I-90). Pace partnered with the Illinois Tollway to develop designated bus lanes along the corridor.

Pace contracts with a number of outside carriers that provide Dial-A-Ride service to the communities in Pace's region. In most cases, Pace has a financial partnership with a city or township to pay for and operate the Dial-A-Ride service. Dial-A-Ride programs have different rules on fares, geographic boundaries and passenger eligibility. Pace has also implemented a number of centralized Call-N-Ride services that provide curb to curb service through the use of a reservation based system. This service is similar to Dial-A-Ride, except that everyone is eligible to ride. Passengers need to call to reserve a trip only one hour in advance. Pace currently operates ten different Call-N-Ride services across the six county region.

The ADA Paratransit service is required by the Americans with Disabilities Act and is provided for customers whose disability or health condition prevents them from using CTA and/or Pace fixed route services for some or all of their travel. Only persons who are certified by the Regional Transportation Authority are eligible to ride ADA Paratransit. Trips are only provided at the same times and within the same geographic areas as fixed route. In 2006, Pace became the designated provider of ADA Paratransit service for the entire Chicago region. Pace currently contracts with private carriers that provide service in the six county region and the City of Chicago. In addition to the private carriers, Pace also contracts with a number of taxi companies to provide service for the Taxi Access Program ("TAP") and Mobility Direct program in the City of Chicago.

Pace's traditional Vanpool program (VIP) allows people that live or work in the same area to commute together for a low monthly fare. Pace expanded its traditional Vanpool program to local communities by offering employer shuttle service and Metra feeder service. Pace provides vans to organizations or workshops that provide work related transportation service to persons with disabilities through its Advantage Program. Pace also has a Community Vehicle Program that offers townships and communities the opportunity to use vans to implement a transportation program or to supplement their existing transportation services. Pace continues to work with organizations such as RTA and WageWorks to provide customers with options for paying their Vanpool fares with pre-tax benefits.

Pace is the designated public rideshare administrator for Northeastern Illinois. The program provides a free matching service to commuters who are interested in forming carpools or vanpools.

Organization

Pace operates its directly provided transportation services out of nine operating divisions. Each operating division has its own collective bargaining agreement, which covers wages, fringe benefits and working conditions as well as retirement plans for bus operators, mechanics and servicers. Pace also has a location in East Dundee that houses buses for the I-90 service.

Pace has an acceptance facility that prepares new deliveries of fixed route and paratransit buses for service to all Pace locations. This facility also services all of the electronic accessories associated with buses such as revenue collection devices, communication devices, destination signs and the equipment used as part of Pace's Intelligent Bus System.

Pace has a central headquarters facility in suburban Cook County that houses Pace senior management and the personnel responsible for revenue, planning and administrative services. In 2006, Pace opened an administrative office in Chicago to house personnel that support the ADA services. In addition to these facilities, Pace also currently has nine transportation and transfer centers, seventeen bus turnaround facilities and thirteen Park-n-Ride lots.

Revenue and Funding

Pace generates operating income through a formal fare structure based on the bus and vanpool service that it provides. Pace also relies on operating assistance received from federal and local funding sources. Pace's primary source of non-operating assistance comes from the RTA in the form of sales taxes. Sales taxes authorized by the RTA Act are collected by the Illinois Department of Revenue and apportioned to the three service boards by the RTA. Legislation passed in 2008 established new sales tax and PTF funding that designated monies for an ADA Paratransit Fund as well as other funding to support additional service and projects that enhance ridership and improve transit. In July 2017, the State of Illinois passed a budget bill that contained a 2% surcharge on the collection of RTA sales tax funds which are collected by the Illinois Department of Revenue. Based on the 2017 actual sales tax results, this resulted in a \$3.9 million reduction in sales tax funding for Pace. Information regarding Sales Tax and PTF funding can be found on page 34 of the Management's Discussion & Analysis ("MD&A").

In addition to operating assistance, Pace also receives capital funding from the Federal Transit Administration ("FTA"), Illinois Department of Transportation ("IDOT") and the RTA. A summary of the capital funding received in 2017 is detailed on page 29 of the MD&A.

Financial Planning

Pace is subject to the budgetary controls of the RTA Act, which requires Pace to submit an annual budget, a three year financial plan for the proposed budget, and a five year capital plan. The RTA notifies Pace of their estimated sales tax funding expected to be available during the upcoming fiscal year and next two following years. Pace must then prepare and publish a comprehensive annual budget and financial plan which complies with the RTA funding estimates. Prior to submitting the budget to the RTA, Pace must hold at least one public hearing in each county that it services. After incorporating input received during the public hearings, Pace finalizes its budget and submits it to the RTA by November 15 of each year.

National and Local Economy

The national economy continues to expand at a moderate pace. The U.S. economic growth based on the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) grew at a rate of 3.1% in the second calendar quarter of 2017 largely due to consumer spending and business investment. Unemployment rates continued to decrease and the national rate remains below 5%. The strength in the economy has translated to more tax revenue for state governments. The national average growth rate of state taxes was 3.1% in the first quarter of 2017 compared to .4% in the four quarters in 2016.

Illinois' economic growth continue to lag the nation. The recovery of employment in Illinois has also lagged behind the nation. Illinois' weak economic and employment growth is expected to continue and to be below the nation's over the next five years. Illinois' ability to compete with other states for business continues to impact the economic condition. The inability to attract and retain businesses has been a major factor in job creation over the last two decades. Over an 18-year period, Illinois has added only 34,700 jobs which is a .6% increase compared to the national level where 15.6 million new jobs were added.

In July 2017, the General Assembly passed a fiscal year 2018 budget package that the Governor later vetoed. The Senate and House of Representatives overrode the Governor's veto and three Public Acts went into effect. One of the Public Acts included an increase in the State's individual income tax rate from 3.75% to 4.95% as well as an increase in the corporate rate from 5.25% to 7%. A second Public Act included a reduction of 10% in state income and sales tax revenue sharing with local governments and transit districts. This 10% reduction directly impacts the sales tax revenue that Pace received in 2017 and will receive in 2018.

Financial Polices

In order to allow for the payment of obligations in a timely manner, the Pace Board of Directors adopted a Working Cash Policy in 2004. The policy requires the unrestricted net position of the Suburban Services Fund to be the value of at least eight percent (8%) of the current operating budget.

The Pace Board of Directors updated the Investment Policy in December 2013. The policy conforms to all applicable Illinois statutes and incorporates the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") investment best practices. The primary objective of the policy is to invest in public funds in a manner which will maximize return, minimize risk and meet the daily cash flow needs of Pace. The investment policy applies to all financial assets of Pace except the employee pension funds which have their own investment policies.

Pace also adopted a Debt Management Policy in December 2013, in response to its statutory authority granted through legislation to issue revenue bonds effective January 1, 2013. The policy was updated in April 2015. Pace is authorized to issue up to \$100 million in bonds for four specific projects. The Debt Management Policy recognizes the statutory authority to issue debt and incorporates GFOA best practices for debt management within the policy. Pace completed its first bond issuance in 2015 for \$12 million that was used for the conversion of the South Division facility in Markham into a compressed natural gas facility.

Major Initiatives

In 2013, the Illinois Tollway announced a \$240 million project to integrate transit as part of the Jane Addams Memorial Tollway (I-90) Rebuilding and Widening Project. New buses with Wi-Fi and USB charging ports were purchased and the service started in 2016 after completion of the tollway construction. In September 2017, Pace and the Illinois Tollway activated the I-90 SmartRoad which includes advanced technology to provide real-time roadway information to drivers and allows for the use of a dedicated Flex Lane when traffic conditions warrant. The new SmartRoad operates between Barrington Road and the Kennedy Expressway.

In addition to a new park-n-ride facility that was constructed in 2016 at the intersection of I-90 and Randall Road, two additional park-n-rides were constructed in 2017 at I-90 and IL-25 and at I-90 and Barrington Road. The I-90/IL-25 station opened in December 2017 and contains 200 parking spots. The Barrington Road station is scheduled to open in 2018. The Barrington Road Park-n-Ride marks the region's first highway based rapid transit station. It includes a pedestrian bridge over the tollway as well as two tunnels beneath the ramps that allow access to eastbound and westbound buses.

Pace will expand its bus-on-shoulder operations in April, 2018 with service on the Edens (I-94) Expressway. Two existing routes will be able to use the shoulder on this corridor. Pace first introduced bus-on-shoulder routes in late 2011 on I-55 and the ontime performance for these routes has seen significant improvement.

Pace and the Village of Plainfield have partnered on the construction of a new Plainfield Park-n-Ride that will provide 600 additional parking spots for commuters that utilize the I-55 bus-on-shoulder service. The lot is expected to be completed in the summer of 2018.

In 2015, Pace began public outreach for its new Pulse Arterial Bus Rapid Transit program. Pulse will provide enhancements to fixed route service including limited stops, express service and improved station design. Pulse will not include dedicated bus lanes but instead will utilize transit signal priority ("TSP") technology. TSP will enable Pace buses to communicate with the traffic signal system to either shorten a red light or extend a green light. In late 2017, Pace began preliminary roadway and curb work for the Pulse Milwaukee Line. Construction of the Pulse stations is scheduled to begin in the spring of 2018.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The GFOA presented Pace with a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for fiscal year ending December 31, 2016. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report meets the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA for its consideration.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efforts of the staff at Pace. In particular, we wish to express our appreciation to the members of the Finance Department who contributed to the preparation of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Rocco Donahue

Deputy Executive Director, External Relations and Acting Deputy Executive Director, Internal Services

Dominick Cuomo Chief Financial Officer

Manual Com

PACE

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Chairman Richard A. Kwasneski

Directors

Central Suburban Cook County Terrance Carr Terry R. Wells South Suburban Cook County Southwest Suburban Cook County Kyle R. Hastings Northwest Suburban Cook County Al Larson **DuPage County** Thomas D. Marcucci Will County Roger C. Claar North Central Suburban Cook County **Bradley Stephens** Jeffery D. Schielke **Kane County McHenry County** Aaron T. Shepley North Shore Suburban Cook County Christopher S. Canning

Lake County

Mayor's Office for People with Disabilities,

Karen Tamley

City of Chicago

ADMINISTRATION

Executive Director

Deputy Executive Director, Revenue Services

Deputy Executive Director, Strategic Services

Deputy Executive Director, External Relations and

Acting Deputy Executive Director, Internal Services

Chief Financial Officer

Department Manager, Accounting

Thomas J. Ross

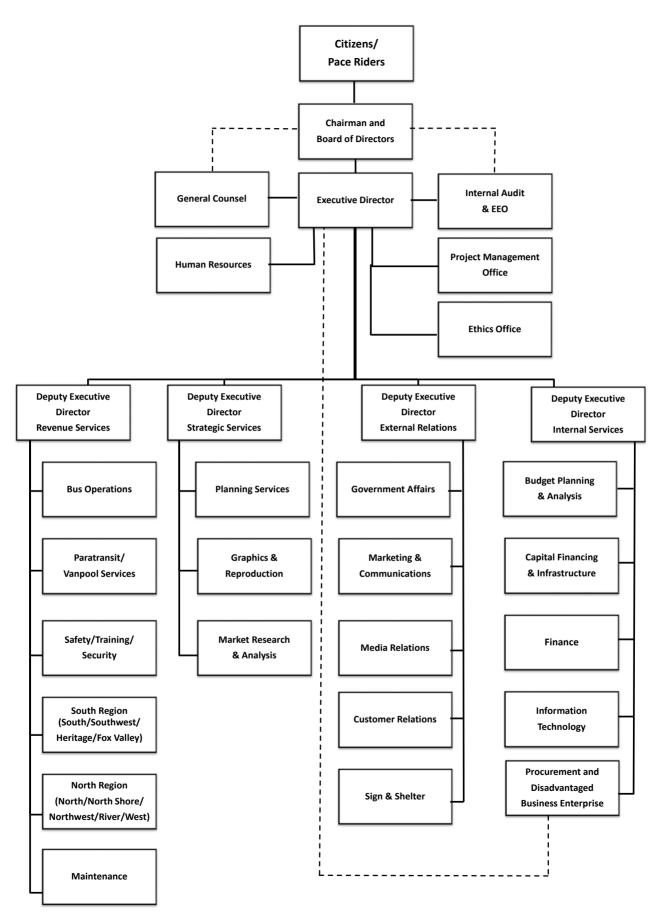
Melinda J. Metzger

Lorraine Snorden

Rocco Donahue

Dominick Cuomo

Laura LaDuke





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Pace the Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority, Illinois

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2016

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Financial Section

SECTION TWO - FINANCIAL

Independent Auditors' Report	19
Required Supplementary Information:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	23
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	38
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes	
in Net Position	41
Statement of Cash Flows	42
Notes to the Financial Statements	45
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Funding Progress	91
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and	
Related Ratios	92
Schedule of Changes in Proportionate Share of Net Pension	
Liability and Related Ratios	94
Schedule of Pension Contributions	95
Other Supplementary Exhibits:	
Statement of Net Position by Fund	100
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net	
Position by Fund	103
Schedule of Revenues and Expenses Budget and Actual	
Suburban Services Fund	104
Schedule of Revenues and Expenses Budget and Actual	
Regional ADA Paratransit Services Fund	105
C	





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Pace, the Suburban Bus Division of the
Regional Transportation Authority
Arlington Heights, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Pace, the Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority ("Pace"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control over financial reporting relevant to Pace's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Pace's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



To the Board of Directors
Pace, the Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Pace as of December 31, 2017 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Pace's basic financial statements. The Other Supplementary Exhibits as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Other Supplementary Exhibits are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Pace's basic financial statements. The Introductory, Statistical, and Other Information sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

To the Board of Directors
Pace, the Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority

Prior-Year Comparative Information

The financial statements include summarized prior-year comparative information. Such information does not include all the information required to constitute a presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with Pace's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016, from which such summarized information was derived.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Baker Tilly Virchaw & rause, LP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 18, 2018 on our consideration of Pace's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Pace's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Oak Brook, Illinois May 18, 2018

The Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority Management's Discussion & Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Our discussion and analysis of Pace Suburban Bus Service's ("Pace") financial performance provides an overview of the agency's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the agency's basic financial statements and footnotes that begin on page 38.

Using This Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The *Statement of Net Position*, the *Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position* and the *Statement of Cash Flows* (on pages 38 - 43) provide information about the activities of Pace as a whole and present a long term view of the agency's finances. Since Pace operates as a single governmental program in two enterprise funds, fund financial statements are not required.

Reporting on the Agency as a Whole

Our analysis of Pace as a whole – which consists of two enterprise funds – begins on page 24. The *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position* can be used to determine whether Pace as a whole is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the agency's net position and changes in them. The net position, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure Pace's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in Pace's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other financial factors should be considered as well, such as, the level of public funding received from the RTA, sales tax revenue, external funding for capital projects and working cash balances. Based on Pace's current year financial and operating performance, the agency's overall financial position improved during 2017.

The Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority Management's Discussion & Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Financial Highlights

- **Net Position increased by \$52.5 million** in 2017. Net Position represents Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources minus Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources. Net Investment in Capital Assets increased \$70.8 million which was primarily due to the purchase of 141 fixed route buses.
- **Total Operating Revenues for 2017 were \$66.6 million** which represented a 6.3% decrease from 2016. A large part of the decrease was due to a reduction in Medicaid reimbursed ADA trips.
- **Non-Operating Revenues increased \$18.8 million** (or 6.0%) to \$331.7 million in 2017. An increase of \$16.5 million in Regional ADA Paratransit funding accounted for the majority of the increase.
- **Total Operating Expenses increased by \$25.4 million** (or 6.1%) to \$444.3 million during 2017. Increases in Pace-Owned Service Expense, Contractor Payments, Centralized Operations Expenses, Administrative Expenses and Depreciation Expense all contributed to the increase.
- Pace achieved a recovery ratio of 28.9% which was below the RTA mandated recovery ratio of 30.3% for Suburban Services in 2017. System Generated Revenue and associated credits were in line with 2016 but Operating Expenses and associated expenses increased \$5.5 million over 2016 contributing to a decrease in the 2017 recovery ratio. The recovery ratio calculation includes credits for revenue lost from the Seniors Circuit Ride Free Program, expenses incurred by Not-For-Profit Providers from the VIP Advantage program and the pension expense in excess of actual contributions. The Suburban Services Recovery Ratio schedule can be found in Schedule 1A on page 122.
- Pace met the 10% recovery ratio requirement for Regional ADA Paratransit Services in 2017. The recovery ratio calculation includes an expense credit for costs incurred by ADA Paratransit contractors expenses. The Regional ADA Paratransit Recovery Ratio schedule can be found in Schedule 1B on page 123.

The Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority Management's Discussion & Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Ridership

Pace ridership increased slightly in 2017. Some of the highlights are as follows:

Highlights:

- **Pace served 35.6 million passengers** in 2017 which reflected a .8% increase over the 2016 ridership total of 35.3 million.
- **Ridership on Pace operated service increase 2.0%** in 2017. The largest increase was at River Division which operates the I-90 Express Service. An auxiliary location was added in East Dundee to house buses that are used for this service.
- **ADA Paratransit ridership increased 1.9% in 2017** with ridership of 4,255,637 for Chicago and Suburban ADA service versus 2016 ridership of 4,177,506.
- **Vanpool ridership decreased 7.9% in 2017** to 1,732,905. The total number of active vans at the end of 2017 was 663 which was down from 696 active vans at the end of 2016.
- **The Ventra mobile application hit a milestone** of two million downloads in 2017. The mobile application was introduced in November 2015 and has been used to purchase nearly \$250 million in fares.
- Pace opened a new Park-n-Ride station at I-90/IL-25 to serve riders using the I-90 express service.

Pace
The Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority
Management's Discussion & Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

The Agency as a Whole

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	Change
ASSETS			
Current Assets	\$ 159,710,886	\$ 175,482,970	\$ (15,772,084)
Capital Assets	308,909,172	238,263,379	70,645,793
Noncurrent Assets	160,138	1,155,980	(995,842)
Total Assets	468,780,196	414,902,329	53,877,867
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows - Pension	18,560,743	22,439,035	(3,878,292)
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	18,560,743	22,439,035	(3,878,292)
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities	87,710,485	90,593,361	(2,882,876)
Noncurrent Liabilities	59,107,661	58,832,309	275,352
Total Liabilities	146,818,146	149,425,670	(2,607,524)
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflows - Pension	2,238,407	2,112,906	125,501
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,238,407	2,112,906	125,501
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	300,669,310	229,819,359	70,849,951
Restricted for Bond Repayment	1,200,000	1,200,000	-
Unrestricted	36,415,076	54,783,429	(18,368,353)
Total Net Position	\$ 338,284,386	\$ 285,802,788	\$ 52,481,598

Net Position at December 31, 2017 increased to \$338.3 million from \$285.8 million due to a \$70.8 million increase in Net Investment in Capital Assets offset by an \$18.4 million decrease in Unrestricted Net Position. The increase in Net Investment in Capital Assets is comprised of \$98.5 million in capital grants reimbursements, \$16.0 million in Pace funded capital projects and \$1.2 million in bond payments offset by \$1.0 million in expended bond proceeds and \$43.8 million in depreciation. Restricted Net Position represents one year of bonds payable that is legally restricted. Information regarding the adjustment to Net Position can be found on page 87 of the notes to the financial statements.

The Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority Management's Discussion & Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

The Agency as a Whole (Continued)

Total Assets increased \$ 53.9 million in 2017 to \$468.8 million. The \$15.8 million decrease in Current Assets is attributed to a \$4.8 million increase in accounts receivable and a \$.5 million increase in prepaid expenses offset by a \$21.1 million decrease in cash. Capital Assets increased \$70.6 million in 2017 due to a \$.2 million increase in land, a \$6.6 million increase in capital projects in progress, a \$81.0 million increase in equipment and buildings and improvements offset by a \$17.2 million increase in accumulated depreciation. Information regarding capital asset activity can be found on page 29. Other Noncurrent Assets decreased \$1.0 million due to a decrease in restricted cash for bond proceeds.

Deferred outflows of resources decreased \$3.9 million in 2017 due to a decrease in deferred outflows related to pensions. The decrease is comprised of a \$.3 million increase in deferred outflows due to pension contributions made after the measurement date offset by a \$3.5 million decrease in deferred outflows due to differences between actual and projected earnings and experience and a \$.7 million decrease in deferred outflows due to a change in the employer proportionate share.

Current Liabilities decreased \$2.9 million in 2017. The decrease is comprised of a \$6.5 million increase in accounts payable, a \$.7 million increase in accrued payroll and a \$3.7 million increase in the current portion of insurance reserves offset by a \$12.8 million decrease in other accrued expenses and a \$1.0 million decrease in unearned revenue.

Noncurrent Liabilities increased \$.3 million as of the end of 2017. The increase was due to an increase of \$1.0 million in the noncurrent portion of insurance reserves, \$.2 million in net pension obligation and \$.3 million in other post employment benefits obligation offset by a \$1.2 million decrease in the long term portion of bonds payable.

Deferred inflows of resources related to pension increased \$.1 million in 2017. The increase is due to a \$.1 million increase in deferred inflows due to change in employer proportionate share and a \$.1 million increase in deferred inflows due to differences between actual and projected earnings offset by a \$.1 million decrease in deferred inflows due to assumption changes.

Information regarding the defined benefit pension plans and the associated pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found beginning on page 63 of the notes to the financial statements and pages 92 - 97 in the Required Supplementary Information section.

The Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority Management's Discussion & Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Capital Assets

Pace received \$98.5 million in capital grant reimbursements in 2017 including:

- \$59.4 million from the Federal Transit Administration (FTA),
- \$39.1 million from the Regional Transportation Authority (RTA)

In addition, Pace used \$16.0 million for capital projects from its positive budget variance account.

These grant reimbursements were primarily used for:

- o \$69.3 million in fixed route buses,
- o \$6.9 million in vanpool vehicles,
- o \$4.8 million in bus equipment,
- o \$4.2 million in building and improvements,
- o \$3.9 million in garage and park-n-ride design,
- o \$3.4 million in capital parts and maintenance,
- o \$1.7 million in community transit vehicles,
- o \$1.3 million in paratransit vehicles,
- o \$1.1 million in transit signal priority and consulting,
- o \$1.1 million in computer equipment and software,
- o \$.6 million in shelters,
- o \$.1 million in garage equipment, and
- o \$.1 million in project administration.

Pace purchased 141 fixed route buses totaling \$69.3 million, 243 vanpool vehicles totaling \$6.9 million, 24 community transit vehicles for \$1.7 million, and 23 paratransit vehicles totaling \$1.3 million.

Information regarding capital asset activity for 2017 can be found in the notes to the financial statements on page 53 through 54 and page 58 as well as in Schedule 7 on page 129. Unrestricted Net Position is used to fund capital projects that do not have an external funding source. In 2017, the available Unrestricted Net Position is less than the total scheduled capital projects listed in Schedule 7. Management will work on obtaining alternate funding options for these projects. Information regarding Unrestricted Net Position can be found on pages 87 - 88.

Long Term Debt

On February 24, 2015 Pace issued \$12 million in Revenue Bonds Series of 2015 to be used for converting the South Division Garage into a compressed natural gas facility. The outstanding debt is backed by the operating revenues of the Suburban Services Fund. The debt must be repaid in annual principal payments of \$1,200,000. Pace currently does not have a credit rating. Its only debt issue was a taxable bank direct placement which did not require a credit rating. Details regarding long term debt can be found on page 61 and 62 of the notes to the financial statements and pages 114 - 115 of the Statistical Section.

Pace
The Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority
Management's Discussion & Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	2017	2016	Chango	<u>%</u>
Operating Revenue	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>70</u>
Pace-Owned Service Revenue	\$ 31,529,471	\$ 32,110,815	\$ (581,344)	-1.8%
CMAQ/JARC Services	197,354	199,889	(2,535)	-1.3%
Fixed Route Carrier Revenue	3,147,559	3,350,679	(203,120)	-6.1%
Paratransit Revenue	22,052,769	22,428,374	(375,605)	-1.7%
Vanpool Revenue	2,637,916	3,267,864	(629,948)	-19.3%
Reduced Fare Reimbursement	1,346,001	1,345,862	139	0.0%
Advertising Revenue	2,833,629	2,766,255	67,374	2.4%
Miscellaneous	2,816,489	5,538,076	(2,721,587)	-49.1%
Total Operating Revenue	66,561,188	71,007,814	(4,446,626)	-6.3%
Operating Expenses:				
Pace-Owned Service Expenses	97,442,666	92,806,319	4,636,347	5.0%
CMAQ/JARC Expenses	5,222,387	2,952,131	2,270,256	76.9%
Contract Payments:				
Fixed Route Carriers	9,891,307	9,955,326	(64,019)	-0.6%
Paratransit Carriers	174,538,536	164,327,776	10,210,760	6.2%
Vanpool Expenses	2,456,557	3,037,343	(580,786)	-19.1%
Centralized Operations	70,045,201	65,825,451	4,219,750	6.4%
Administrative Expenses	40,896,768	39,461,949	1,434,819	3.6%
Depreciation	43,841,430	40,562,165	3,279,265	8.1%
Total Operating Expenses	444,334,852	418,928,460	25,406,392	6.1%
Operating Income (Loss)	(377,773,664)	(347,920,646)	(29,853,018)	8.6%
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)				
Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula)	92,119,153	91,559,244	559,909	0.6%
RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708)	33,022,154	34,002,247	(980,093)	-2.9%
Regional ADA Paratransit Fund	157,413,630	140,923,975	16,489,655	11.7%
RTA Discretionary Funding	4,423,872	4,901,422	(477,550)	-9.7%
Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF)	24,140,579	24,124,103	16,476	0.1%
South Suburban Job Access Fund	7,500,000	7,500,000	=	0.0%
ADA State Funding	3,825,000	3,825,004	(4)	0.0%
Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE)	72,518	1,632,237	(1,559,719)	-95.6%
Federal Operating Grants	8,565,575	4,174,296	4,391,279	105.2%
Interest on Investments	922,727	613,890	308,837	50.3%
Interest Expense	(264,000)	(283,200)	19,200	-6.8%
Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction	-	668,538	(668,538)	-100.0%
Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction		(668,538)	668,538	-100.0%
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	331,741,208	312,973,218	18,767,990	6.0%
Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains,				
Losses & Transfers	(46,032,456)	(34,947,428)	(11,085,028)	31.7%
Other December Francisco Calina Lancas C Transferra				
Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses & Transfers	00 514 054	61 710 610	26 705 425	FO 60/
Capital Grant Reimbursements	98,514,054	61,718,619	36,795,435	59.6%
Total Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses & Transfers	98,514,054	61,718,619	36,795,435	59.6%
Change in Net Position	52,481,598	26,771,191	25,710,407	96.0%
Beginning Net Position	285,802,788	259,031,597	26,771,191	10.3%
Ending Net Position	\$ 338,284,386	\$ 285,802,788	\$ 52,481,598	18.4%

The Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority Management's Discussion & Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Comparison of Results: FY2017 vs. FY2016

Operating Revenue

Total Operating Revenue decreased 6.3% or \$4.4 million in 2017. Significant changes in operating revenue are noted as follows:

- Pace-Owned Service Revenue The \$.6 million decrease in revenue is due to a reduction in cash rides. While ridership on Pace-Owned Service increased 2%, revenue decreased because the cash rides are a higher fare than those rides taken using a Ventra card.
- **Vanpool Revenue** The \$.6 million decrease in revenue is due to a drop in the number of vanpools from 696 to 663 at the end of 2017.
- **Miscellaneous Income** The \$2.7 million decrease is due a decline in the number of Medicaid trips reimbursed in 2017.

Operating Expenses

Total Operating Expenses increased by \$25.4 million (or 6.1%) in 2017 which is comprised primarily of the following changes:

- **Pace-Owned Service Expenses** The \$4.6 million increase in expense is primarily due to increased service for the I-90 routes which resulted in an increase in operator wages and other salaries and fringe benefits.
- **CMAQ/JARC Expenses** The \$2.3 million increase is due to the service costs for the I-90 routes.
- **Paratransit Carrier Expenses** The \$10.2 million increase in expense is due to increased ridership and higher costs for providing the Chicago ADA service.
- **Centralized Operations** The \$4.2 million increase is mainly due to increased health insurance costs, fuel expenses, workers compensation claims and insurance premiums offset by a decrease in auto liability claims expenses.
- Administrative Expense The \$1.4 million increase is primarily due to increased salaries, consulting, RTA Certification and data processing communication and software expenses.

(this page left blank intentionally)

The Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority Management's Discussion & Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)

Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) increased \$18.8 million or 6.0% to \$331.7 million in 2017. Specific factors contributing to the increase are outlined below:

- **Operating Assistance from the RTA** RTA Sales Tax under the 85% Formula increased \$.6 million in 2017.
- RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) -RTA Sales Tax/PTF funding decreased \$1.0 million in 2017.
- **Regional ADA Paratransit Fund** Funding from the Regional ADA Paratransit Fund increased \$16.5 million in 2017.
- **RTA Discretionary Funding** The RTA Discretionary Funding decreased \$.5 million in 2017.
- **Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF)** Pace received \$24.1 million in SCMF funding which was at relatively the same level as 2016.
- **South Suburban Job Access Fund** Pace received \$7.5 million in funding from the RTA for services in South Suburban Cook County in 2017.
- **ADA State Funding** Pace received \$3.8 million in funding for ADA service which was the same amount received in 2016.
- **Innovation, Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE)** Funding for ICE routes decreased \$1.6 million in 2017.
- **Federal Operating Grants** Pace received \$8.6 million in JARC and CMAQ funding in 2017.

Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers

• **Capital Grant Reimbursements** – The \$36.8 million increase is due to an increase in the number of capital funded assets acquired in 2017 the majority of which included \$69.3 million in buses.

The Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority Management's Discussion & Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Economic Trends

RTA Sales Tax

The RTA Sales Tax is the primary source of revenue for Pace. The tax is authorized by Illinois statute, imposed by the RTA in the six-county area, and collected by the state. Historically, the Service Board statutory share is 85% of RTA Sales Tax and is apportioned to the three Service Boards: Pace, Metra and CTA. Pace receives 15% of the Service Board statutory share of sales tax collected in Suburban Cook County, and 30% of the share collected in the collar counties of DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry and Will. Pace received \$92.1 million in RTA Sales Tax in 2017 under the 85% Formula.

On January 17, 2008, Public Act (PA) 95-0708 was signed into law. The legislative action amended the RTA Act by establishing key RTA reforms and providing additional funding for the RTA and its three Service Boards. A new sales tax and PTF was established that identified funding for the following:

- *ADA Paratransit Fund* The ADA Paratransit Fund started at \$100 million in 2008 and adjusts annually based on regional sales tax performance. For 2017, the RTA provided \$157.4 million in funding from the ADA Paratransit Fund.
- Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) The fund is intended to support new and existing non-traditional service activities such as demand response, vanpool, reverse commute and others. The SCMF started at \$20 million in 2008 and adjusts annually based on the regional sales tax performance. For 2017, the RTA provided \$24.1 million in funding.
- Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE) The fund was established for projects intended to improve or enhance ridership or customer service, for transit improvements intended to promote transfers, increase ridership and for transit-oriented land development. The ICE Fund started at \$10 million for 2008 and adjusts annually based on regional sales tax performance. For 2017, there was only \$72,518 in funding provided to Pace from the ICE Fund.
- New Sales Tax and Public Transportation Funds (PTF) After all monies are allocated
 to the above funds, the remaining amount is distributed as a New Sales Tax and PTF
 to the three Service Boards. Pace's allocation of the New Sales Tax and PTF is equal
 to 13% of the remaining amount. For 2017, Pace received \$33.0 million in New Sales
 Tax and PTF funding.

In addition to the above, the 2008 legislation also provided funding for the South Suburban Job Access program which is directed to pay for transit services in South Cook County that support employment opportunities. For 2017, the RTA provided \$7.5 million in funding for the South Suburban Job Access program. The RTA also provided \$4.4 million in Discretionary Funding in 2017.

The Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority Management's Discussion & Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

The allocation of the funds established for 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

RTA OPERATING FUNDING (000's)

	<u> 2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Suburban Services Fund:		
RTA Sales Tax (85% Formula)	\$ 92,119	\$ 91,559
RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708)	33,022	34,002
RTA Discretionary Funding	4,424	4,901
Suburban Community Mobility Fund	24,141	24,124
South Suburban Job Access Fund	7,500	7,500
Innovation, Coordination &		
Enhancement Fund	73	1,632
Total Suburban Services Funding	<u>\$161,279</u>	<u>\$163,718</u>
Regional ADA Paratransit Fund:		
RTA Paratransit Fund	<u> 157,414</u>	140,924
Total RTA Funding	<u>\$318,693</u>	\$304,642

(this page left blank intentionally)

The Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority Management's Discussion & Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Contacting Pace's Financial Management

If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Chief Financial Officer, Pace Suburban Bus Service, 550 West Algonquin Road, Arlington Heights, IL 60005.

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2017

WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR DECEMBER 31, 2016

ASSETS

ASSETS	2045	2046
<u>Current Assets</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
dareneriosoto		
Cash:		
Cash and Investments	\$ 73,940,226	\$ 95,088,450
Restricted Cash	1,202,547	1,201,242
Total Cash	75,142,773	96,289,692
Accounts Receivable:		
Regional Transportation Authority	57,680,234	52,893,882
Capital Grant Projects-FTA & IDOT	9,619,514	6,046,302
Other	8,273,233	11,805,203
Total Accounts Receivable	75,572,981	70,745,387
Other Current Assets		
Prepaid Expenses	2,609,709	2,100,386
Inventory - Spare Parts	6,385,423	6,347,505
Total Other Current Assets	8,995,132	8,447,891
Total Current Assets	159,710,886	175,482,970
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		
Land	17,600,771	17,375,188
Capital Projects in Progress	37,095,545	30,495,225
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	54,696,316	47,870,413
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net		
Equipment	510,561,925	441,205,508
Building and Improvements	194,173,016	182,482,155
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(450,522,085)	(433,294,697)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	254,212,856	190,392,966
Other Noncurrent Assets		
Restricted Cash - Bond Proceeds	160,138	1,155,980
Total Other Noncurrent Assets	160,138	1,155,980
Total Noncurrent Assets	309,069,310	239,419,359
Total Assets	468,780,196	414,902,329
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Outflows - Pension	18,560,743	22,439,035
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	18,560,743	22,439,035
		, ,

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued)

DECEMBER 31, 2017 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR DECEMBER 31, 2016

LIABILITIES	<u>2017</u>			<u>2016</u>
<u>Current Liabilities</u>				
Accounts Payable:				
Operating	\$	571,889	\$	554,774
Capital		13,020,772		6,529,221
Accrued Payroll Expenses		10,758,651		10,008,768
Other Accrued Expenses		25,460,853		38,296,829
Unearned Revenue		1,847,882		2,830,321
Bonds Payable - Current		1,200,000		1,200,000
Current Portion of Insurance Reserves		34,850,438		31,173,448
Total Current Liabilities		87,710,485		90,593,361
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Insurance Reserve, Non-Current Portion		6,615,233		5,648,331
Net Pension Liability		27,074,200		26,906,093
Net Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Obligation		4,990,786		4,658,962
Advance From State		11,065,169		10,950,723
Bonds Payable, Non-current		7,200,000		8,400,000
Other Liabilities		2,162,273		2,268,200
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		59,107,661		58,832,309
Total Liabilities		146,818,146		149,425,670
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Inflows - Pension		2,238,407		2,112,906
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,238,407		2,112,906
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		300,669,310		229,819,359
Restricted for Bond Repayment		1,200,000		1,200,000
Unrestricted		36,415,076		54,783,429
Total Net Position	\$	338,284,386	\$	285,802,788

(this page left blank intentionally)

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Operating Revenue \$ 31,529,471 \$ 3,2110,815 CMAQ/JARC Services 197,354 199,889 Fixed Route Carrier Revenue 22,052,769 3,250,467 Paratransit Revenue 22,037,916 3,267,864 Reduced Fare Reimbursement 1,344,600 1,345,862 Advertising Revenue 2,833,629 2,766,255 Miscellaneous 2,816,489 5,538,076 Total Operating Revenue 66,561,188 71,007,814 Operating Expenses: Pace-Owned Service Expenses 97,442,666 92,806,319 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 5,222,87 2,952,131 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 5,222,87 2,952,131 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 9,891,307 9,953,261 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 174,538,536 164,327,776 Vangool Expenses 2,456,557 3,037,343 Contract Payments 174,538,536 164,327,776 Vangool Expenses 174,538,536 164,327,776 Vangool Expenses 174,538,536 164,327,776 Administrative Expenses 40,836,		<u>2017</u>	<u> 2016</u>
Fixed Route Carrier Revenue 197,354 199,889 Fixed Route Carrier Revenue 3,147,559 3,350,679 Paratransit Revenue 22,052,769 22,428,374 Vanpool Revenue 2,637,916 3,267,864 Reduced Fare Reimbursement 1,346,001 1,345,862 Advertising Revenue 2,833,629 2,766,255 Miscellaneous 2,816,489 5,538,076 Total Operating Revenue 66,561,188 7,1007,814 Operating Expenses: Pace-Owned Service Expenses 97,442,666 92,806,319 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 5,222,387 2,952,11 Contract Payments: 174,538,536 164,327,776 Vampool Expenses 2,456,557 3,037,343 Centralized Operations 40,867,68 39,461,949 Depreciation 43,841,430 40,562,165 Total Operating Expenses 444,334,812 40,652,165 Operating Income (Loss) 33,777,3664 33,722,154 Operating Income (Expenses) 2,745,552 418,928,460 Operating Revenue (Expenses)		ф 21 F20 471	¢ 22.110.015
Fixed Route Carrier Revenue 3,147,559 3,350,679 Paratransit Revenue 2,052,769 22,428,374 Vanpool Revenue 2,637,916 3,267,864 Reduced Fare Reimbursement 1,346,001 1,345,862 Advertising Revenue 2,816,489 5,538,076 Miscellaneous 2,816,489 5,538,076 Total Operating Revenue 66,561,188 71,007,814 Operating Expenses: 97,442,666 92,806,319 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 5,222,387 2,952,131 Contract Payments: 174,538,536 164,327,776 Fised Route Carriers 9,891,307 9,955,326 Paratransit Carriers 9,891,307 9,955,326 Paratransit Carriers 174,538,536 164,327,776 Vanpool Expenses 2,456,557 3,037,343 Centralized Operations 40,986,768 39,411,949 Depreciation 43,841,430 40,562,165 Total Operating Expenses 442,343,4852 418,928,460 Operating Income (Loss) (377,73,661 347,920,461 Red A			
Paratransit Revenue 22,052,79 22,428,746 Vanpool Revenue 2,637,916 3,267,864 Reduced Fare Reimbursement 1,346,001 1,345,862 Advertising Revenue 2,816,489 5,538,076 Total Operating Revenue 66,561,188 71,007,814 Operating Expenses: Pace-Owned Service Expenses 97,442,666 92,806,319 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 5222,387 2,952,131 COntract Payments: 174,538,536 164,327,776 Vanpool Expenses 174,538,536 164,327,776 Vanpool Expenses 2,456,557 3,037,343 Centralized Operations 70,045,201 65,825,451 Administrative Expenses 40,896,768 39,461,949 Depreciation 43,841,430 40,562,165 Total Operating Expenses 444,334,852 449,066,165 Operating Income (Loss) 37,773,664 39,061,949 Poperating Revenue (Expenses) 8,219,1153 91,559,244 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Regional ADA Paratra			
Vanpool Revenue 2,637,916 3,267,864 Reduced Fare Reimbursement 1,346,001 1,345,862 Advertising Revenue 2,833,629 2,766,255 Miscellaneous 2,816,489 5,538,076 Total Operating Revenue 66,561,188 71,007,814 Operating Expenses: Pace-Owned Service Expenses 97,442,666 92,806,319 Contract Payments: 5,222,387 2,952,131 Contract Payments: 174,538,536 164,327,776 Paratransit Carriers 9,891,307 9,955,326 Paratransit Carriers 9,891,307 9,955,326 Paratransit Carriers 174,538,536 164,327,776 Vanpool Expenses 2,456,557 3,037,343 Centralized Operations 7,0045,201 65,825,451 Administrative Expenses 40,896,768 39,461,949 Operating Income (Loss) (377,773,664) (377,920,646) Non-Operating Expenses 33,802,154 43,402,247 Redialer's occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 15,741,3630 140,923,975 <			
Reduced Fare Reimbursement 1,345,001 1,345,862 Advertising Revenue 2,833,629 5,538,076 Total Operating Revenue 66,561,188 71,007,814 Operating Expenses: Pace-Owned Service Expenses 97,442,666 92,806,319 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 5,222,387 2,952,131 COMACY/JARC Expenses 5,222,387 2,952,131 CONTRACT Payments: 9,891,307 9,955,236 Paratransit Carriers 174,538,536 164,327,776 Vanpool Expenses 2,456,557 3,037,343 Centralized Operations 70,045,011 5,825,451 Administrative Expenses 40,896,768 39,461,949 Depreciation 43,841,430 40,562,165 Total Operating Expenses 444,334,852 418,928,460 Operating Income (Loss) (37,773,664) 33,022,154 43,002,247 Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 92,119,153 91,559,244 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 33,022,154 49,002,247 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 5,416,557			
Advertising Revenue 2,833,629 2,766,255 Miscelaneous 2,816,489 5,538,076 Total Operating Revenue 66,561,188 71,007,814 Operating Expenses: 7 Pace-Owned Service Expenses 97,442,666 92,806,319 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 5,222,387 295,131 Contract Payments: 7 7 Fixed Route Carriers 9,813,307 9,955,326 Paratransit Carriers 174,538,536 16,327,776 Vanpool Expenses 2,456,557 3,037,343 Centralized Operations 70,045,201 65,825,451 Administrative Expenses 40,896,768 39,461,949 Depreciation 43,814,30 40,562,155 Total Operating Expenses 444,334,852 418,928,460 Operating Income (Loss) 33,773,664 347,920,646 Retallers occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 22,119,153 415,592,44 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Retallers occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 157,413,630 140,233,75 <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>	-		
Miscellaneous 2,816,489 5,538,076 Total Operating Revenue 66,561,188 71,007,814 Departing Expenses: 897,442,666 92,806,319 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 5,222,387 2,952,131 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 9,891,307 9,955,326 Fisked Route Carriers 9,891,307 9,955,326 Paratransit Carriers 174,538,536 164,327,76 Vanpool Expenses 2,456,557 3,037,343 Centralized Operations 40,896,768 39,461,949 Depreciation 43,841,430 40,562,165 Total Operating Expenses 444,334,852 418,928,466 Operating Income (Loss) 337,773,664 367,920,646 Departing Revenue (Expenses) 33,022,154 34,022,647 Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 92,119,153 91,559,244 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 157,413,630 140,233,975 RTA Discretionary Funding 4,23,872 4,901,422 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF)			
Total Operating Expenses: 71,007,814 Operating Expenses: 97,442,666 92,806,319 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 5,222,387 2,952,131 COMTACT Payments: 98,91,307 9,955,236 Fixed Route Carriers 9,891,307 9,955,326 Paratransit Carriers 174,538,536 164,327,776 Vanpool Expenses 2,456,557 3,037,343 Centralized Operations 70,045,201 65,825,451 Administrative Expenses 40,896,768 39,461,949 Depreciation 43,841,430 40,562,165 Total Operating Expenses 444,334,852 418,928,460 Operating Income (Loss) (377,773,664) (347,920,646) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 82,119,153 91,559,244 Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 92,119,153 91,559,244 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 157,413,630 140,923,975 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 157,413,630 140,923,975 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 3	-		
Operating Expenses: 97,442,666 92,806,319 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 5,222,387 2,952,131 COntract Payments: 3,222,387 2,952,131 Fixed Route Carriers 9,891,307 9,955,326 Paratransit Carriers 174,538,536 164,327,776 Vanpool Expenses 2,456,557 3,037,343 Centralized Operations 70,045,201 65,825,451 Administrative Expenses 40,896,768 39,461,949 Depreciation 43,841,430 40,562,165 Total Operating Expenses 444,334,852 418,928,460 Operating Income (Loss) (377,773,664) (347,920,646) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 22,119,153 91,559,244 REtailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 92,119,153 91,559,244 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 157,413,630 140,923,975 RTA Discretionary Funding 4,423,872 4,901,422 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 24,140,579 24,124,103 South Suburban			
Pace-Owned Service Expenses 97,442,666 92,806,319 CMAQ//ARC Expenses 5,222,387 2,952,131 COntract Payments: 5 Fixed Route Carriers 9,891,307 9,955,326 Paratransit Carriers 174,538,536 164,327,776 Vanpool Expenses 2,456,557 3,037,343 Centralized Operations 70,045,201 65,825,451 Administrative Expenses 40,896,768 39,461,949 Depreciation 43,841,430 40,662,165 Total Operating Expenses 444,334,852 418,928,460 Operating Income (Loss) (237,773,664) (347,920,646) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 8 444,334,852 418,928,460 Neraliers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 92,119,153 91,559,244 RTA Discretionary Funding 92,119,153 91,559,244 RTA Discretionary Funding 157,413,630 140,923,975 Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 157,413,630 140,923,975 Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 157,413,630 140,923,975 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
CMAQ/JARC Expenses 5,222,387 2,952,131 Contract Payments: 9,891,307 9,955,326 Paratransit Carriers 174,538,536 164,327,776 Vanpool Expenses 2,456,557 3,037,343 Centralized Operations 70,045,201 65,825,451 Administrative Expenses 40,896,768 39,461,949 Depreciation 43,841,430 40,562,165 Total Operating Expenses 444,334,852 418,928,460 Operating Income (Loss) (377,773,664) (347,920,646) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 92,119,153 91,559,244 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 157,413,630 140,923,975 RTA Discretionary Funding 4,423,872 4,901,422 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 24,140,579 24,124,103 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 3,825,000 3,825,000 Interest		97 442 666	92 806 319
Contract Payments: Fixed Route Carriers 9,891,307 9,955,326 Paratransit Carriers 174,538,536 164,327,76 Vanpool Expenses 2,456,557 3,037,343 Centralized Operations 70,045,201 65,825,451 Administrative Expenses 40,896,768 39,461,949 Depreciation 43,841,430 40,562,165 Total Operating Expenses 444,334,852 418,928,460 Operating Income (Loss) (377,73,664) 3047,920,646 Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 92,119,153 91,559,244 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 157,413,630 140,923,975 RTA Discretionary Funding 4,423,872 4,901,422 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 24,140,579 24,124,103 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 3,825,000 3,825,004 Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE) 72,518			
Fixed Route Carriers 9,891,307 9,955,326 Paratransit Carriers 174,538,536 164,327,776 Vanpool Expenses 2,456,557 3,037,343 Centralized Operations 70,045,201 65,825,451 Administrative Expenses 40,896,768 39,461,949 Depreciation 43,841,430 40,562,165 Total Operating Expenses 444,334,852 418,928,460 Operating Income (Loss) (377,73,664) 347,920,646 Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 8 443,348,32 418,928,460 Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 92,119,153 91,559,244 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 157,413,630 140,923,975 RTA Discretionary Funding 4,423,872 4,901,422 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 24,140,579 24,124,103 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 3,825,000 3,825,004 Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE) 72,51 1,638,2		5,222,567	2,702,101
Paratransit Carriers 174,538,536 164,327,776 Vanpool Expenses 2,456,557 3,037,343 Centralized Operations 70,045,201 65,825,451 Administrative Expenses 40,896,768 39,461,949 Depreciation 43,841,430 40,562,165 Total Operating Expenses 444,334,852 418,928,460 Operating Income (Loss) (377,73,664) 334,720,646 Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 92,119,153 91,559,244 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 157,413,630 140,923,975 RTA Discretionary Funding 4,423,872 4,901,422 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 24,140,579 24,124,103 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 3,825,000 3,825,000 Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE) 72,518 1,632,237 Federal Operating Grants 8,565,575 4,174,296 <td>•</td> <td>9 891 307</td> <td>9 955 326</td>	•	9 891 307	9 955 326
Vanpool Expenses 2,456,557 3,037,343 Centralized Operations 70,045,201 65,825,451 Administrative Expenses 40,896,768 39,461,949 Depreciation 43,841,430 40,562,165 Total Operating Expenses 444,334,852 418,928,460 Operating Income (Loss) (377,73,664) (347,920,646) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 92,119,153 91,559,244 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 157,413,630 140,923,975 RTA Discretionary Funding 4,423,872 4,901,422 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 24,140,579 24,124,103 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 3,825,000 3,825,000 Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE) 72,518 1,632,237 Federal Operating Grants (264,000) (283,200 Interest Expense (264,000) 283,200 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>			
Centralized Operations 70,045,201 65,825,451 Administrative Expenses 40,896,768 39,461,949 Depreciation 43,841,430 40,562,165 Total Operating Expenses 444,334,852 418,928,460 Operating Income (Loss) (377,73,664) (347,920,646) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 8 441,934,852 418,928,460 Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 92,119,153 91,559,244 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 157,413,630 140,923,975 RTA Discretionary Funding 4,423,872 4,901,422 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 24,140,579 24,124,103 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 3,825,004 1,632,237 Federal Operating Grants 8,565,575 4,174,296 Interest Expense 2(26,000) (283,200) Interest Expense on Investments 2 668,538 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction - 668,538 <			
Administrative Expenses 40,896,768 39,461,949 Depreciation 43,841,430 40,562,165 Total Operating Expenses 444,334,852 418,928,460 Operating Income (Loss) (377,773,664) (347,920,646) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 92,119,153 91,559,244 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 157,413,630 140,923,975 RTA Discretionary Funding 4,423,872 4,901,422 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 24,140,579 24,124,103 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 3,825,004 3825,004 Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE) 72,518 1,632,237 Federal Operating Grants 8,565,575 4,174,296 Interest Expense (264,000) (283,200) Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction - 668,538 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction - 668,538 Interest			
Depreciation 43,841,430 40,562,165 Total Operating Expenses 444,334,852 418,928,460 Operating Income (Loss) (377,73,664) (347,920,646) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 8 Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 92,119,153 91,559,244 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 157,413,630 140,923,975 RTA Discretionary Funding 4,423,872 4,901,422 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 24,140,579 24,124,103 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 3,825,000 3,825,004 Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE) 72,518 1,632,237 Federal Operating Grants 92,727 613,890 Interest apense (264,000) (283,200) Interest Expense (264,000) (283,200) Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction - 668,538 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction - (668,538 Income Before O			
Total Operating Expenses 444,334,852 418,928,460 Operating Income (Loss) (377,773,664) (347,920,646) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 8 327,773,664) (347,920,646) Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 92,119,153 91,559,244 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 157,413,630 140,923,975 RTA Discretionary Funding 4,423,872 4,901,422 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 24,140,579 24,124,103 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 3,825,004 1,632,237 Federal Operating Grants 8,565,575 4,174,296 Interest on Investments 922,727 613,890 Interest Expense (264,000) (283,200) Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction - 668,538 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction - 668,538 Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 331,741,208 312,973,218 Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 92,119,153 91,559,244 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 157,413,630 140,923,975 RTA Discretionary Funding 4,423,872 4,901,422 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 24,140,579 24,124,103 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 3,825,000 3,825,004 Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE) 72,518 1,632,237 Federal Operating Grants 8,565,575 4,174,296 Interest on Investments 922,727 613,890 Interest Expense (264,000) (283,200) Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction - 668,538 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction - (668,538) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 331,741,208 312,973,218 Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 46,032,456 (34,947,428) Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054	•		
Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 92,119,153 91,559,244 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 157,413,630 140,923,975 RTA Discretionary Funding 4,423,872 4,901,422 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 24,140,579 24,124,103 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 3,825,000 3,825,004 Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE) 72,518 1,632,237 Federal Operating Grants 8,565,575 4,174,296 Interest on Investments 922,727 613,890 Interest Expense (264,000) (283,200) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction - 668,538 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction - (668,538) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 331,741,208 312,973,218 Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers (46,032,456) (34,947,428) Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Change in Net Position 52,481,598 26,771,191	Operating Income (Loss)	(377,773,664)	(347,920,646)
Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 92,119,153 91,559,244 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 157,413,630 140,923,975 RTA Discretionary Funding 4,423,872 4,901,422 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 24,140,579 24,124,103 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 3,825,000 3,825,004 Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE) 72,518 1,632,237 Federal Operating Grants 8,565,575 4,174,296 Interest on Investments 922,727 613,890 Interest Expense (264,000) (283,200) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction - 668,538 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction - (668,538) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 331,741,208 312,973,218 Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers (46,032,456) (34,947,428) Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Change in Net Position 52,481,598 26,771,191	Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)		
RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 33,022,154 34,002,247 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 157,413,630 140,923,975 RTA Discretionary Funding 4,423,872 4,901,422 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 24,140,579 24,124,103 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 3,825,000 3,825,004 Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE) 72,518 1,632,237 Federal Operating Grants 8,565,575 4,174,296 Interest on Investments 922,727 613,890 Interest Expense (264,000) (283,200) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction - 668,538 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction - (668,538) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 331,741,208 312,973,218 Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers (46,032,456) (34,947,428) Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Total Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Change in Net Position 52,481,598 26,771,191 <td></td> <td>92,119,153</td> <td>91,559,244</td>		92,119,153	91,559,244
Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 157,413,630 140,923,975 RTA Discretionary Funding 4,423,872 4,901,422 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 24,140,579 24,124,103 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 3,825,004 3,825,000 Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE) 72,518 1,632,237 Federal Operating Grants 8,565,575 4,174,296 Interest on Investments 922,727 613,890 Interest Expense (264,000) (283,200) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction - 668,538 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction - (668,538) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 331,741,208 312,973,218 Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers (46,032,456) (34,947,428) Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Capital Grant Reimbursements 98,514,054 61,718,619 Total Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 25,481,598 26,771,191			
RTA Discretionary Funding 4,423,872 4,901,422 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 24,140,579 24,124,103 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 3,825,004 3,825,004 Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE) 72,518 1,632,237 Federal Operating Grants 8,565,575 4,174,296 Interest on Investments 922,727 613,890 Interest Expense (264,000) (283,200) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction - 668,538 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction - (668,538) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 331,741,208 312,973,218 Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers (46,032,456) (34,947,428) Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Total Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Change in Net Position 52,481,598 26,771,191 Beginning Net Position 285,802,788 259,031,597			
Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 24,140,579 24,124,103 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 3,825,004 3,825,004 Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE) 72,518 1,632,237 Federal Operating Grants 8,565,575 4,174,296 Interest on Investments 922,727 613,890 Interest Expense (264,000) (283,200) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction - 668,538 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction - (668,538) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 331,741,208 312,973,218 Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers (46,032,456) (34,947,428) Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Total Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Change in Net Position 52,481,598 26,771,191 Beginning Net Position 285,802,788 259,031,597			
ADA State Funding 3,825,000 3,825,004 Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE) 72,518 1,632,237 Federal Operating Grants 8,565,575 4,174,296 Interest on Investments 922,727 613,890 Interest Expense (264,000) (283,200) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction - 668,538 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction - (668,538) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 331,741,208 312,973,218 Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers (46,032,456) (34,947,428) Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Total Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Change in Net Position 52,481,598 26,771,191 Beginning Net Position 285,802,788 259,031,597	* *		
Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE) 72,518 1,632,237 Federal Operating Grants 8,565,575 4,174,296 Interest on Investments 922,727 613,890 Interest Expense (264,000) (283,200) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction - 668,538 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction - (668,538) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 331,741,208 312,973,218 Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers (46,032,456) (34,947,428) Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Total Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Change in Net Position 52,481,598 26,771,191 Beginning Net Position 285,802,788 259,031,597	South Suburban Job Access Fund	7,500,000	7,500,000
Federal Operating Grants 8,565,575 4,174,296 Interest on Investments 922,727 613,890 Interest Expense (264,000) (283,200) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction - 668,538 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction - (668,538) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 331,741,208 312,973,218 Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers (46,032,456) (34,947,428) Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Total Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Change in Net Position 52,481,598 26,771,191 Beginning Net Position 285,802,788 259,031,597	·	3,825,000	
Interest on Investments 922,727 613,890 Interest Expense (264,000) (283,200) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction - 668,538 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction - (668,538) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 331,741,208 312,973,218 Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers (46,032,456) (34,947,428) Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Total Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Change in Net Position 52,481,598 26,771,191 Beginning Net Position 285,802,788 259,031,597	Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE)	72,518	1,632,237
Interest Expense(264,000)(283,200)Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction-668,538Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction-(668,538)Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)331,741,208312,973,218Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers(46,032,456)(34,947,428)Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers98,514,05461,718,619Capital Grant Reimbursements98,514,05461,718,619Total Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers98,514,05461,718,619Change in Net Position52,481,59826,771,191Beginning Net Position285,802,788259,031,597	Federal Operating Grants	8,565,575	4,174,296
Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers Capital Grant Reimbursements Capital Grant Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers Capital Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers Capital Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers Capital Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers Seginal Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers Change in Net Position Seginning Net Position 285,802,788 259,031,597	Interest on Investments	922,727	613,890
Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction-(668,538)Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)331,741,208312,973,218Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers(46,032,456)(34,947,428)Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers98,514,05461,718,619Capital Grant Reimbursements98,514,05461,718,619Total Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers98,514,05461,718,619Change in Net Position52,481,59826,771,191Beginning Net Position285,802,788259,031,597	Interest Expense	(264,000)	(283,200)
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers Capital Grant Reimbursements Total Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers Change in Net Position Seginning Net Position 331,741,208 312,973,218 (46,032,456) (34,947,428) 61,718,619 61,718,619 26,771,191 285,802,788 259,031,597	Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction	-	668,538
Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers Capital Grant Reimbursements Total Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers Change in Net Position Seginning Net Position Seginning Net Position (46,032,456) (34,947,428) (34,947,428) 61,718,619 61,718,619 26,771,191 285,802,788 259,031,597	Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction		(668,538)
Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers Capital Grant Reimbursements Total Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers Change in Net Position Beginning Net Position 38,514,054 61,718,619 61,718,619 26,771,191 285,802,788 259,031,597	Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	331,741,208	312,973,218
Capital Grant Reimbursements 98,514,054 61,718,619 Total Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Change in Net Position 52,481,598 26,771,191 Beginning Net Position 285,802,788 259,031,597	Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers	(46,032,456)	(34,947,428)
Capital Grant Reimbursements 98,514,054 61,718,619 Total Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Change in Net Position 52,481,598 26,771,191 Beginning Net Position 285,802,788 259,031,597	Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers		
Total Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers 98,514,054 61,718,619 Change in Net Position 52,481,598 26,771,191 Beginning Net Position 285,802,788 259,031,597	-	98,514,054	61,718,619
Beginning Net Position 285,802,788 259,031,597			
Beginning Net Position 285,802,788 259,031,597	Change in Net Position	52,481,598	26,771,191

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Increase (Decrease) in cash and temporary investments	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from fares Cash received from other operating items Cash payments to and on behalf of employees for services Cash payment to contractual service providers and suppliers	\$ 63,469,160 5,637,765 (149,292,639) (254,772,532)	\$ 58,652,515 8,298,963 (137,550,006) (243,695,878)
Net cash used for operating activities	(334,958,246)	(314,294,406)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Cash received from R.O.T. and use tax	93,041,289	89,164,709
Cash received from RTA Sales Tax/PTF	33,022,154	34,000,647
Cash received from Suburban Community Mobility Funding	24,117,429	24,031,128
Cash received from South Suburban Job Access	7,500,000	7,500,000
Cash received from Innovation Coordination and Enhancement	72,518	1,632,237
ADA Regional Paratransit Funding from RTA	156,012,138	144,861,554
Cash received from Federal Funding	12,989,447	9,076,151
Cash Advance on Sales Tax	114,445	535,600
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	326,869,420	310,802,026
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Capital contributed from capital grants	94,494,351	64,722,904
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(108,007,013)	(68,341,684)
Payment of bond interest	(264,000)	(283,200)
Principal payments on bonds payable	(1,200,000)	(1,200,000)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(14,976,662)	(5,101,980)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Cash received from interest on short-term investments	922,727	613,890
Net cash provided by investing activities	922,727	613,890
Net easil provided by investing activities	922,121	013,890
Net increase (decrease) in cash and short-term investments	(22,142,761)	(7,980,470)
Cash and short-term investments at beginning of year	97,445,672	105,426,142
Cash and short-term investments at end of year	\$ 75,302,911	\$ 97,445,672

See the accompanying notes to the Financial Statements.

2016

PACE

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

2017

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used by operating activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	(\$377,773,664)	(\$347,920,646)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:		
Depreciation Expense	43,841,430	40,562,165
Change in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in inventory (Increase) decrease in other assets (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll Increase (decrease) in self insurance liability Increase (decrease) in pension and other post employment obligations Increase (decrease) in noncurrent liabilities Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to pension Total adjustments Net cash used by operating activities	3,519,616 (37,918) (509,323) 3,878,292 17,115 749,883 4,643,892 475,227 (13,888,297) 125,501 42,815,418 \$ (334,958,246)	(3,650,184) (596,595) (211,445) 16,701,235 (185,534) 621,756 6,822,864 (12,791,610) (14,511,069) 864,657 33,626,240 \$ (314,294,406)
Non-cash Operating, Investing and Financing Activities:		
Interest revenue on leasing transactions Interest expense on leasing transactions (Increase) decrease in assets restricted for repayment of leasing commitments Increase (decrease) in capital lease obligation Purchase of capital assets in accrued expenses at year end	- - - - 12,960,191	668,538 (668,538) 67,745,124 (67,745,124) 6,479,980

See the accompanying notes to the Financial Statements.

(this page left blank intentionally)

NOTE 1 AUTHORIZING LEGISLATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The Regional Transportation Authority Act, as amended effective November 9, 1983, established a Suburban Bus Division Board empowered to operate bus service serving suburban Cook County and the five collar counties of DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry and Will.

On July 29, 2005, the governor signed House Bill 1663 making Pace Suburban Bus the sole provider of all ADA (American with Disabilities Act) services in the City of Chicago and the surrounding six counties. The Bill states that Pace becomes the official operator of CTA's (Chicago Transit Authority) ADA services on July 1, 2006.

The Suburban Bus Division Board consisted of twelve directors from suburban Cook County and the five collar counties of DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry and Will. For the collar counties, each of the directors is appointed by the Chairman of the County Board in which his or her municipality is located. In Cook County, each of the directors is appointed by the Suburban members of the Cook County Board. The Chairman of the Board is appointed by a majority of suburban Cook County Board Members and Chairmen of the Collar County Boards. In August 2008, Senate Bill 1920 was passed which called for the appointment of the City of Chicago's Commissioner of the Mayor's Office for People with Disabilities to serve on the Pace Board as its thirteenth director. Each director must be a chief executive officer, or former chief executive officer, of a municipality within the county, or portion of the county, that appointed him or her. This restriction does not apply to the appointed Chairman or the City of Chicago's Commissioner of the Mayor's Office for People with Disabilities. Each Board Member serves a four year term.

The Suburban Bus Board determines the level, nature and kind of public bus transportation services that should be provided in the suburban region. Independent operations of the Suburban Bus Division (Pace) commenced July 1, 1984 and after June 30, 2006 for ADA service in the entire RTA region. In January 2008, Public Act 95-0708 was passed which addressed the financial crisis for transit and provided additional funding for both Suburban and ADA services.

Pace operates suburban bus services in Northeastern Illinois using rolling stock and structures and equipment purchased through capital grants funded by the Federal Transit Administration (FTA), the Illinois Department of Transportation (IDOT), the Regional Transportation Authority (RTA) and Pace's own funds.

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORATION AUTHORITY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Pace maintains its accounting records and prepares its financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

a. Reporting Entity

As defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 – "The Financial Reporting Entity," and amended by GASB Statement No. 61 – "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus", the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Under GASB Statement No. 14, financial accountability is defined as:

- (a) Appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (1) the ability to impose will by the primary government, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government; or
- (b) Fiscal dependency on the primary government.

GASB Statement No. 61 amends GASB Statement No. 14 in regard to fiscal dependency by requiring that a financial benefit or burden relationship would have to be present with the primary government. A financial benefit exists when the primary government is either legally entitled to the assets of the potential component unit or effectively has access to them. A financial burden would exist if the primary government was legally obligated or assumed an obligation to finance deficits of a potential component unit.

Under the RTA Act, the RTA Board has no control over the selection or the appointment of any of Pace's directors or management. Further, directors of Pace are excluded from serving on the Board of Directors of the RTA.

In addition, Pace maintains separate management, exercises control over all operations (including the passenger fare structure), and is accountable for fiscal matters including: ownership of assets, issuance of debt, relations with federal and state transportation funding agencies that provide financial assistance, and the preparation of the operating budget. Pace is also responsible for the purchase of services and approval of contracts relating to its operation.

Applying the aforementioned criteria used to determine financial accountability, management does not consider Pace to be a component unit of the RTA. Pace is a separate legal entity from the RTA.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

a. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Based on this criteria Pace has defined its reporting entity as set forth below. The basic financial statements include the accounts of Pace's wholly-owned operating divisions. This includes a total of nine operating divisions: Pace North, Waukegan; Pace South, Markham; Pace Southwest, Bridgeview; Pace West, Melrose Park; Pace Fox Valley, North Aurora; Pace Heritage, Joliet; Pace Northwest, Des Plaines; Pace River, Elgin and Pace North Shore, Evanston. Pace also has an acceptance facility in South Holland, an outstation in East Dundee, a paratransit garage in McHenry and an administrative office in Chicago.

b. Change in Accounting Principles

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 73 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statement 67 and 68". The objective of this statement is to improve the usefulness of information about pensions included in the financial reports of state and local governments. It establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of GASB 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions". This Statement was implemented for fiscal year ending December 31, 2017. The disclosures for Pension Plans can be found on pages 63 – 81.

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 74 "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans". The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) that is included in the financial reports of state and local governments. This Statement applies to OPEB plans that are administered through trusts and outlines the requirements for the measurement of the Net OPEB liability in the actuarial valuation. This Statement will be implemented in fiscal year ending December 31, 2018 in conjunction with Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefit other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). Pace offers other postemployment benefits in the form of retiree healthcare for West Division union employees as well as for the administrative non-bargained employees. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. Management anticipates that after this pronouncement is implemented that Unrestricted Net Position will be reduced.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

b. Change in Accounting Principles (Continued)

In March 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 82 "Pension Issues – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73". This Statement addresses issues that have been raised regarding presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes and the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee contribution requirements. This Statement is effective for the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this GASB statement might have on its financial statements.

In November 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations". This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations. This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Adoption of this Statement is not anticipated to have a material effect on Pace.

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities". This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments and how those activities should be reported. This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this GASB statement might have on its financial statements.

In March 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 85 "Omnibus 2017". This Statement addresses practice issues that have been identified during the implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and addresses a variety of topics such as component units, goodwill, fair value measurements and postemployment benefits. This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this GASB statement might have on its financial statements.

In May 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 86 "Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues". This Statement addresses the accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt where cash and other monetary assets acquired only with existing resources outside of the proceeds of refunding debt are place in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Adoption of this Statement is not anticipated to have a material effect on Pace.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

b. Change in Accounting Principles (Continued)

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87 "Leases". This Statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This Statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases. This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this GASB statement might have on its financial statements.

In April 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 88 "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements". This Statement addresses the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this GASB statement might have on its financial statements.

c. Basis of Accounting

The financial activities of Pace are organized on a basis of an individual fund which is an accounting entity segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with specific regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The financial activities of Pace accounted for in the accompanying financial statements have been classified into the following fund type:

Proprietary Fund Type

Pace operates as an Enterprise Fund, a type of Proprietary Fund. Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. Net Position is segregated into Net Investment in Capital Assets, Restricted Net Position and Unrestricted Net Position. Revenues and expenses of the proprietary fund types are recognized using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned; expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

Pace's operating revenues are made up of farebox revenue, local subsidies, state fare subsidies, advertising revenue and miscellaneous revenue. Operating expenses for Pace include the costs of operating the transit system, administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. All other revenues and expenses are reported as non-operating.

Pace segregates activities into two separate enterprise subfunds, Suburban Services Fund and Regional ADA Paratransit Services Fund. The Suburban Services Enterprise Fund includes revenues and expenses generated from its Fixed Route, Dial-A-Ride and Vanpool Services. The Regional ADA Paratransit Services Enterprise Fund includes revenues and expenses related to the ADA services provided in the City of Chicago and the six county region. Separate activity for each Enterprise Fund is presented in the supplementary exhibits presented on pages 100 – 105.

d. Public Funding

Public funding for Pace's operations is provided by Sales and Use Taxes, payments from the State's Public Transportation Fund (PTF), Federal Operating Assistance under the Transit Act (FTA), Suburban Community Mobility Funding, South Suburban Job Access Program Funding and a dedicated source of funding from the RTA for the Regional ADA Paratransit Program.

Sales and use taxes are collected by retailers in the six-county area and remitted to the State of Illinois. In 2017, the State began deducting a 2% surcharge from the sales tax collections prior to remitting them to the RTA. The State remits the tax collections net of the surcharge to the RTA in the second month following collection by the retailers. The RTA then distributes the taxes to Pace and the other Service Boards based on a formula set by statute. Pace accrues its share of the sales and use taxes based on the budget amounts for these funds and then reconciles amounts actually received with the budget figure at the end of the year.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

d. Public Funding (Continued)

Revenues provided to Pace under the FTA are recognized by Pace in the fiscal years to which they apply. Pace also recognizes in the fiscal years to which they apply distributions from the RTA which are made from other funds over which the RTA has discretionary authority.

The Service Boards are collectively entitled to a distribution by the RTA of the PTF revenues which the RTA receives from the State. The portion of these revenues which is allocated by the RTA to Pace is recognized by Pace in the fiscal year to which the distribution applies.

On July 29, 2005, the Illinois General Assembly amended the RTA Act with regard to ADA Paratransit service. Based on the amendment, the RTA is responsible for the funding of all ADA Paratransit services within the RTA region.

In January 2008, Public Act 95-0708 was passed which established an increase of .25% in regional sales tax throughout the six county region along with a new PTF grant from the State equal to 5% of total sales tax collections. The funds from this additional sales tax and PTF is first allocated to the Regional ADA Paratransit Fund, Suburban Community Mobility Fund, and Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund. The remaining balance is allocated to the Service Boards under a new distribution in which Pace receives 13%. In addition to this funding, the RTA is also required to provide additional funding to Pace for the South Suburban Job Access Program.

e. Reimbursement of Public Contract Carriers Expense

Pace has agreements with certain municipal carriers to provide transportation in return for their budgeted expense reimbursement, which confirmed Pace ownership of collected revenue. Agreements between Pace and the particular transportation carriers defined the allowed expense reimbursement. Pace's financial statements recognize the ownership of these revenues and the reimbursement of their budgeted expenses.

f. Contract Payments to Private Transportation Carriers

Contract carriers expense is recognized as the purchased service is provided.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

g. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits have been accounted for in conformity with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 16. GASB Statement No. 16 provides that employee vacation, sick and other leave benefits that vest and accumulate and it is probable the employer will compensate, must be recognized as expenses and liabilities in the year in which the benefits are earned rather than in the year in which they are paid. Statement No. 16 also requires additional amounts to be accrued for certain salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences, for example, the employer's share of social security and medicare taxes. Accrued vacation and the associated employer's share of social security and medicare taxes are presented in current liabilities.

Effective in 2009, Pace implemented a policy that allows for the conversion of sick time to a 401k account upon voluntary termination of employment. The provisions of the policy require that the employee have a minimum of 10 years of credited service as defined by the RTA Pension Plan. An employee who leaves Pace employment with 10 years of credited service but is not retirement eligible under the RTA Pension Plan receives 60% of the value of their accrued sick time as a contribution to their 401k account. Employees that leave Pace with 10 years of credited service and are retirement eligible will receive 100% of the value of the accrued sick time as a contribution to their 401k account. In September 2016, the policy was amended to allow a cash payout of the sick pay balance upon termination instead of a 401k contribution. The eligibility requirements did not change. The maximum total sick time that can be accrued by an employee is 72 days. The compensated absences for sick pay are presented in current and long term liabilities.

h. Restricted Assets

In 2015, Pace issued \$12 million in bonds for capital projects. The restricted cash of \$1.2 million at December 31, 2017 represents the unexpended portion of the bond proceeds and \$1.2 million is restricted for debt repayment.

i. Inventories - Spare Parts

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market with cost determined on the first-in, first-out method. The inventories are located at the suburban bus system's operating divisions and public contract transportation agencies.

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORATION AUTHORITY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

j. Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements. The cost associated with prepaid items is recorded as an expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

k. Property and Equipment and Accumulated Depreciation

Property and equipment are recorded at historical cost. Pace capitalizes assets with a useful life of one year or more that is either (a) capital equipment, (b) operation equipment with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more, (c) costs incurred to extend an asset's useful life as part of a fleet enhancement or major rebuild/rehabilitation program, or (d) an item determined to be highly susceptible to theft. Most of the assets have been acquired through capital grant projects funded by FTA, IDOT and the RTA. Costs funded by capital grants are recorded as capital items and are included in capital assets. Lease agreements generally require transportation agencies to use property and equipment only for public transportation and to maintain them. The asset costs include indirect costs based upon a rate approved by FTA.

The depreciation expense recorded on Pace's statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position represents depreciation on assets purchased by Pace through the use of operating funds and capital grant funds. As required by GASB, depreciation expense has been classified as an operating expense for all depreciable capital assets, including those acquired through capital grants. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis using estimated useful lives listed below.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 20 - 30 years Improvements 7 - 20 years Equipment 3 - 12 years

Pace records intangible assets that meet the cost threshold of \$100,000 or greater. The amortization period for intangible assets ranges from 5 years to 20 years and is computed on a straight-line basis. Pace has elected not to retroactively record development costs related to internally generated software that were incurred prior to January 1, 2010.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

l. Capital Projects in Progress

Capital projects in progress represent ongoing capital grant projects in various stages of completion. Capital projects in progress totaled \$37,095,545 at December 31, 2017 and \$30,495,225 at December 31, 2016. The balance at December 31, 2017 represents the following projects in process: Improvements to the Randall Road Park and Ride of \$2.610.986. Route 25 Park and Ride totaling \$1,091,601, Barrington Road Park and Ride of \$540,694, Plainfield Park and Ride of \$231,201, Elgin Transportation Center improvements of \$2,161,853, Northwest Transportation Center mid-life improvements of \$76,128, South Division CNG improvement project totaling \$8,723,329, Leasehold improvements for the Chicago Office location for \$1,307,164, Oracle APEX Fixed Asset implementation totaling \$120,080, stand by generators at four garages for \$891,182, bus wash unit repairs at three divisions for \$264,252, replacement of vehicles lifts at Northwest Division for \$10,722, display signs for shelters totaling \$21,290 and fume sensing improvements at four garages totaling \$489,306. The remaining balance consists of sixty-six seventeen foot caravans totaling \$1,692,966, three nineteen foot transit vans totaling \$109,209, two twenty foot transit vehicles totaling \$68,980, thirty nine Eldorado 40 foot transit buses totaling \$16,111,830, and eight community vans totaling \$572,772. In 2017, Pace had contracts in place with Midwest Specialty for \$5,780,915, to purchase vans, Eldorado National (California) Inc. for \$144,108,617 to purchase 40 foot buses, \$51,032,159 to purchase CNG transit buses and \$2,862,118 to purchase 30 foot Trolleys, Midwest Transit for \$21,167,410 to purchase 15 Passenger Paratransit vehicles and \$2,580,304 to purchase vans, Napleton Fleet for \$5,327,488 to purchase vans, MCI Service Parts Inc. for \$4,882,462 to purchase over the road coach buses, and Central State for \$4,127,097 to purchase 12 passenger Community vehicles.

m. Capital Grants

Pace receives capital grants for asset acquisition, rehabilitation and construction of public transportation facilities and equipment from the Federal Transit Administration through 5307 Urbanized Area Formula Grants, 5309 Capital Investment Grants, 5316 Job Access and Reverse Commute Programs, 5317 New Freedom Grants, 5339 Buses and Bus Facilities Grants and USC 149 Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement (CMAQ) Program. The Illinois Department of Transportation continues to contribute capital grant funding from past years' appropriations in addition to the RTA for the acquisition of certain capital assets. Pace may fund from its own accumulated resources a portion of a capital grant project when federal, state, and RTA grants are not sufficient or eligible for the total cost of the project. Pace funded \$15,973,169 for capital projects from its positive budget variance account and from bond proceeds in 2017.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

n. Centralized Operations

Pace incurs costs of operations such as fuel, insurance, maintenance, etc. which, to the extent that they may be specifically identified, are allocated to funded carriers and considered additional assistance.

o. Comparative Data

Comparative data for the prior year has been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in Pace's financial position and operations. However, comparative data has not been presented in all exhibits because their inclusion would make certain exhibits unduly complex.

p. Reclassifications

Certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation. The reclassifications did not affect the change in net position or total net position.

q. Deposits and Investments

Permitted Deposits and Investments Statutes authorize Pace to make deposits and investments in insured/collateralized commercial banks, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund and The Illinois Funds. State statutes require this fund to comply with the Illinois Public Funds Investment Act (30 ILCS 235).

Pace categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Pace has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2017:

- External Investment Pools of \$41,308 are valued by using observable inputs of similar securities. (Level 2)
- Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund of \$981,807 are valued using unobservable inputs. (Level 3)

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

a. Cash

The carrying amount of cash was \$40,659,528 at December 31, 2017, while the bank balances were \$45,238,584. At December 31, 2017, Pace's petty cash fund totaled \$4,658. All account balances aside from petty cash were either insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or had pledge collateral held in a third party institution in the name of Pace. Bank deposits over FDIC insurable limits are secured by collateral to protect deposits in a single financial institution if it were to default. Collateral will have a market value equivalent to at least 105% of deposits at that particular institution. The collateral shall be marked to market and adjusted on at least a monthly basis. In 2017, \$1.2 million of Restricted Cash is in a bond reserve fund and was restricted for repayment of debt. Restricted Cash for Bond Proceeds of \$160,138 represents the unexpended portion of the bond proceeds.

b. Certificates of Deposit

Certificates of Deposit amounted to \$33,615,610 at December 31, 2017. All Certificates of Deposit were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by a Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) line of credit.

c. Investments

Investments are governed by 30 ILCS 235, Public Funds Investment Act. The Board of Directors maintains a formal Investment Policy which addresses the governing provisions of the state law as well as specifying additional guidelines for the investment process. The allowable investments per Pace's policy mirror those specified in the State statute. In general, these investments include instruments issued by the U.S. Government, federal agencies, high grade commercial paper, bank deposits, investment pools created under the State Treasurer's Act, and selected money market mutual funds.

The following schedule reports the fair values and maturities (using the segmented time distribution method) for Pace's investments at December 31, 2017.

					Quality
		<u>Investment I</u>	<u> Maturities (</u>	(in years)	<u>Rating</u>
	Fair	Less			
<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Than 1</u>	<u>1-2</u>	<u>3-5</u>	
Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund	\$981,807	\$981,807	\$ -	\$ -	Aaa
State Investment Pool	41,308	41,308			AAA
Total	\$1,023,115	<u>\$1,023,115</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORATION AUTHORITY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

c. Investments (Continued)

The \$1,188,128 for Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET) represents 100% of the carrying value of the investment. In 2014, IMET reported that fraud had occurred with one of the investors First Farmers Financial (FFF). At December 31, 2017, IMET reflected a net realizable value of 47.9% of Pace's investment which represents the estimated amount of asset recovery to date, realized mostly from the sale of hotels. Pace expects that additional funds will be realized in the future in addition to potential recoveries from insurance meditation talks between Pennant (advisor responsible for IMET's investment in FFF), its parent companies and insurance carriers. However, the decision was made in 2017 to begin writing down some of the balance that is outside of the net realizable value. As of December 31, 2017, the IMET cash balance was reduced by \$206,321 to \$981,807.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair market value losses arising from rising interest rates, investments of Pace shall be limited to instruments maturing no longer than five years from the time of purchase.

Credit Risk. Pace's Investment Policy is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital, and, in general, avoid speculative investments. Pace's Investment Policy limits investments in short term obligations of corporations organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$500,000,000 if (i) such obligations are rated at the time of purchase at one of the three highest classifications established by at least two standard rating services and which mature not later than 180 days from the date of purchase; (ii) such purchases do not exceed 10% of the corporation's outstanding obligations and (iii) no more than one-third of the public agency's funds may be invested in short term obligations of corporations.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Pace places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. As of December 31, 2017, all Pace's investments are in the State Investment Pool and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund which represents roughly 1% of Pace's total cash and investments.

NOTE 4 RELATIONSHIP WITH REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY

Transactions with the RTA include receipt of Pace's portion of sales tax revenues, state operating and federal operating assistance grants and funding for the ADA program. Pace also receives reimbursements from the RTA for amounts expended by Pace on behalf of the RTA.

	2017
Amounts Due from RTA:	
Sales Tax and Public Funding	\$50,931,548
Operating and Capital Grants	895,462
Regional ADA Funding	5,822,153
Other	31,071
Total Due from RTA	<u>\$57,680,234</u>

NOTE 5 CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

<u>Type</u>	1/1/2017 <u>Balance</u>	į	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Transfers</u>]	<u>Disposals</u>	12/31/2017 <u>Balance</u>
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated							
Land	\$ 17,375,188	\$	225,583	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 17,600,771
Capital Projects in Progress	30,495,225		37,095,545	(30,495,225)			37,095,545
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	 47,870,413		37,321,128	(30,495,225)			54,696,316
Capital Assets Being Depreciated							
Equipment	441,205,508		68,272,753	27,697,707	((26,614,043)	510,561,925
Buildings and Improvements	 182,482,155		8,893,343	2,797,518			194,173,016
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	623,687,663		77,166,096	30,495,225	((26,614,043)	704,734,941
Accumulated Depreciation							
Equipment	(332,297,696)		(42,398,810)	-		26,614,043	(348,082,463)
Buildings and Improvements	(100,997,001)		(1,442,621)	-		-	(102,439,622)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(433,294,697)		(43,841,431)	-		26,614,043	(450,522,085)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	 190,392,966		33,324,665	30,495,225	<u>. ——</u>		 254,212,856
Net Capital Assets	\$ 238,263,379	\$	70,645,793		\$		\$ 308,909,172

NOTE 6 RISK MANAGEMENT

Pace's basic risk financing policy is to retain a portion of the financial risk of loss for its General Liability, Automobile Liability, and Workers Compensation exposures. Pace does purchase aggregate insurance coverage in excess of specific self-insured retentions for each of the liability exposures highlighted below. Pace also purchases conventional insurance for its property, environmental, crime, employment practice, directors & officers and cyber liability exposures. The basic premise of Pace's Risk Management program is to make risk control and risk financing decisions that minimize the adverse effects that accidental losses have on our organization. The employee health plan and workers' compensation programs are administered primarily by third-party administrators that provide claims management services in exchange for a service fee.

There were no settlements in the past three years that exceeded the allotted coverage. There were also no significant reductions in coverage in 2017. Pace's specific self-insured retentions as of December 31, 2017 are structured as follows:

General Liability	\$2,500,000 Each Occurrence
Pollution Legal Liability	\$25,000 Each Occurrence
Underground Storage Tank	\$50,000 Each Occurrence Tanks Under 30 Years Old
Liability	\$100,00 Each Occurrence Tanks Over 30 Years Old
Automobile Liability	\$5,000,000 Each Occurrence
Excess Workers Compensation	\$1,000,000 Each Occurrence
Property	\$25,000 Per Occurrence Deductible
Employment Practice Liability	\$100,000 Each Occurrence
Cyber Liability	\$50,000 Each Occurrence

Pace also has assumed the financial risk for its employee health and welfare coverage. The stop loss coverage at December 31, 2017 is as follows:

<u>Specific Stop Loss</u> <u>Aggregate Stop Loss</u>

Corporate and

all Divisions \$150,000 \$4,882,964

NOTE 6 RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Claim reserves (liabilities) for general liability, automobile liability, and workers compensation are established based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). For general and automobile liability, case reserves are established by the claim adjuster at the time the claim file is established and are modified throughout the life cycle of the claim.

The reserves on larger cases, particularly those in litigation, are reviewed with legal staff. Reserves are reviewed regularly by the Pace General Counsel and adjusted on an as needed basis.

General liability, automobile liability, and workers compensation claim reserves reflect the ultimate settlement value of the claim. For workers compensation claims, reserves for temporary total disability (TTD), permanent partial disability, permanent total disability and medical expenses are established in accordance with the benefit structure outlined in the Illinois Workers Compensation Act. If permanency is involved on the case, the reserves will be increased to reflect the appropriate amount as determined by previous cases settled at the Illinois Workers Compensation Commission. Reserves are updated as necessary and reflect the ultimate settlement value of the claim.

General liability, automobile liability, and workers compensation claim liabilities for incurred losses to be settled by a lump-sum payment or other agreement, represent their present value using an expected future investment yield of 3% per year. Reserves for employee health and welfare coverage are established based on historical claim experience. The ultimate liability for general liability, automobile liability, workers compensation, and the employee health and welfare plan is approximately \$41,465,671 and \$36,821,779 as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Cash is intended to pay for general liability, automobile liability, and workers compensation at a present value of \$40,140,671 and \$36,206,679 for this liability at December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities were as follows:

	For the Year Ended			
	<u>Decembe</u>	er 31,		
	2017	2016		
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 36,821,779	\$ 29,998,915		
Current year claims and changes in estimates	34,621,535	33,076,656		
Claim payments	<u>(29,977,643</u>)	<u>(26,253,792</u>)		
	<u>\$41,465,671</u>	<u>\$36,821,779</u>		
Current portion of insurance reserves	\$ 34,850,438	\$ 31,173,448		
Non-current portion of insurance reserves	<u>6,615,233</u>	<u>5,648,331</u>		
Total insurance reserves	<u>\$ 41,465,671</u>	<u>\$ 36,821,779</u>		

NOTE 7 LONG TERM DEBT

On February 24, 2015, Pace issued \$12 million in Special Revenue Bonds through a competitive bid process utilizing the Illinois Finance Authority's direct bank placement program. The bond proceeds are used to finance the conversion of South Division in Markham into a compressed natural gas facility. These revenue bonds are not general obligations of Pace and must be repaid with Pace operating revenue in equal annual principal payments.

State statute limits the amount of debt Pace is allowed, and specifies projects for each bond issuance. Specifically, only four specific projects are allowed, with a total limit of \$100 million. The bond issued in 2015 comprises the total bonding authority for one of the four projects.

A requirement of the bond covenant is that Pace deposit \$1.2 million into a reserve account. In addition, Pace is required to make a monthly deposit that represents one-twelfth of the annual principal payment and one-sixth of the semiannual interest payment into a debt service account held at the bond depository bank. Semi-annual interest payments began on June 15, 2015 and continued semi-annually each June and December going forward. The annual principal payment was made on December 31, 2017.

Revenue bonds currently outstanding as of year ending December 31, 2017 are as follows:

Bond Issuance	Fund Debt	Beginning	Issuances	Retirements	Ending	Due In One
	Retired By	Balance			Balance	Year
					at 12/31/2017	
Taxable Revenue Bond	Suburban	\$ 9,600,000	\$ -	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 8,400,000	\$ 1,200,000
Series of 2015, the South	Services					
Cook Compressed Natural						
Gas facility project,						
authorized issue of						
\$12,000,000, due in annual						
installments of \$1,200,000,						
interest payable June 15						
and December 15 at rates						
ranging from 1.40% to						
3.50%, through December						
15, 2024						

NOTE 7 LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of December 31, 2017 are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Principal		Interest		Total		
2018		1,200,000		241,800		1,441,800	
2019		1,200,000		216,000		1,416,000	
2020		1,200,000		186,600		1,386,600	
2021		1,200,000		154,200		1,354,200	
2022		1,200,000		119,400		1,319,400	
2023		1,200,000		82,200		1,282,200	
2024		1,200,000		42,000		1,242,000	
Total	\$	8,400,000	\$	1,042,200	\$	9,442,200	

NOTE 8 ADVANCE FROM STATE

Pace receives a one month advance from the Illinois Department of Revenue to compensate for the delay in the processing of sales tax payments. The advance is forwarded to the Regional Transportation Authority and is then allocated among the three Service Boards. Pace reported a liability of \$11,065,169 and \$10,950,723 respectively, for this advance for the year ended December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS

Pace participates in two single-employer defined benefit pension plans that are administered through a trust: The Amalgamated Transit Union Local 900 Pension Plan for Pace North Division and the Retirement Plan for Pace West Division Employees. Pace also participates in The Regional Transportation Authority ("RTA") Pension Plan which is a governmental multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Amalgamated Transit Union Local 900 Pension Plan, the Retirement Plan for Pace West Division Employees and RTA Pension Plan ("the plans") and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The aggregate amount of pension liabilities, pension assets, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense for the North Division and West Division single-employer plans and Pace's proportionate share for the RTA Pension Plan as of December 31, 2017 are as follows:

	Amalgamated Transit Union Local 900 Pension Plan		Retirement Plan for Pace West Division Employees		The Regional Tranportation Authority ("RTA") Pension Plan		Total	
								10001
Net Pension Liability	\$	1,495,464	\$	11,780,356	\$	13,798,380	\$	27,074,200
Deferred Outflows of Resources related to Pensions	\$	417,379	\$	2,294,738	\$	15,848,626	\$	18,560,743
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
related to Pensions	\$	2,046	\$	443,081	\$	1,793,280	\$	2,238,407
Pension Expense	\$	272,907	\$	1,353,032	\$	7,405,937	\$	9,031,876

Details regarding each pension plan are outlined in the note disclosures below.

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. North Division

The Amalgamated Transit Union Local 900 Pension Plan (Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all union employees of Pace North Division. Wells Fargo Bank, NA is the trustee of the Plan under a contractual agreement with the employer. Wells Fargo holds and manages the assets and maintains all record of the Plan. The Plan is administered by a Pension Committee that reports to the plan trustees and is comprised of a member appointed by the Employer and a member appointed by the Amalgamated Transit Union Local 900. The collective bargaining agreement is approved by the Union and, if ratified, then approved by the Pace Board of Directors. After it is ratified by both parties, a pension plan amendment is prepared and goes to the Plan Trust Committee for vote and approval to enact the plan amendment. The Plan issues a separate financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The financial report may be obtained by writing to Pace, 500 West Algonquin Road, Arlington Heights, IL 60005-4412 or by calling (847) 364-8130.

All Pace employees who are covered by the collective bargaining agreement are eligible to participate in the Plan upon completing one year of service. Under the collective bargaining agreement, plan participants are required to contribute 5% of their compensation. Such employee contributions are treated as pick-up contributions (pre-tax) under Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Employer also contributes 4% of an employee's compensation to the Plan under the collective bargaining agreement.

The participant's vested interest in his/her employee contribution account balance is 100%. A participant's vested interest in employer contributions is determined in accordance with the following schedule:

<u>Years of Vesting Service</u>	<u>Vested Interest</u>			
0 to 4 years	0%			
5 or more years	100%			

The Plan provides normal early retirement and disability benefits based upon years and hours of service credited to the participant during each year of service. Benefits fully vest upon attaining 5 years of service. Normal retirement age is 65 or age 62 with 30 years of benefit service and entitles an employee to 100% of his vested benefits. An employee may retire after age 55 with 10 years of service and receive reduced benefits. Pension benefit payments are based upon the employee's benefit service and monthly benefit rates. The benefit level for all service is \$36 for each year of service not to exceed 40 years. The Post-1997 service is \$30 for each year of service after December 31, 1997, in which an employee works 1,500 hours or more, plus \$22 for each year of service after December 31, 1997, in which an employee works 1,000 to 1,499 hours.

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. North Division (Continued)

The actuarial valuation report date is January 1, 2017. Measurements as of the reporting date are based on fair value of assets as of December 31, 2016 and the Total Pension Liability as of the valuation date of December 31, 2015, updated to December 31, 2016. The table below shows the changes in Total Pension Liability, the Plan Fiduciary Net Position and the Net Pension Liability during the measurement year based on the measurement date of December 31, 2016.

	То	otal Pension Liability	n Fiduciary et Position	N	let Pension Liability
Balances at 01/01/2016	\$	6,444,141	\$ 4,988,494	\$	1,455,647
Changes for year:					
Service Cost		186,026	-		186,026
Interest		487,814	-		487,814
Changes of Benefits		-	-		-
Changes of Assumptions		-	-		-
Differences Between Expected and Actual					
Experience		(2,557)	-		(2,557)
Contributions - Employer		-	164,182		(164,182)
Contributions - Member		-	205,226		(205,226)
Net Investment Income		-	358,789		(358,789)
Benefit Payments		(246,872)	(246,872)		-
Administrative Expense			 (96,731)		96,731
Net Changes		424,411	384,594		39,817
Balances at 12/31/2016	\$	6,868,552	\$ 5,373,088	\$	1,495,464

There were no changes in assumptions during the year. During the measurement year there was an experience gain of \$2,557 resulting in a decrease in the Net Pension Liability. Total contributions were less than the service cost, interest cost, investment loss, the experience gain and administrative expenses resulting in an increase in the Net Pension Liability of \$39,817.

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORATION AUTHORITY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. North Division (Continued)

In 2017, there was \$169,836 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The contribution will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended December 31, 2018.

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was a difference between projected and actual investment earnings of \$16,298. Approximately \$3,260 of that difference was recognized in the current year and an identical amount will be recognized in each of the next four years resulting in a deferred outflow of resource of \$13,038. In addition, there was \$77,779 recognized from the prior years' investment losses resulting in a remaining deferred outflow of resources of \$228,138.

The impact of experience gains or losses is recognized over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members. For 2016, the average expected remaining service life was 5 years. In the measurement year, there was an experience gain of \$2,557. Approximately \$511 of that gain was recognized in the current year and an identical amount will be recognized in each of the next four years resulting in a deferred inflow of \$2,046.

In addition there was \$2,122 was recognized as expense from the prior year experience loss resulting in a deferred outflow of resource of \$6,367. The table below summarizes the current balance of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources:

	01	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings	\$	169,836 6,367	\$	- 2,046	
on Pension Plan Investments		241,176		-	
Total	\$	417,379	\$	2,046	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as pension expense in the following periods:

Year Ended December 31:	
2018	\$ 82,650
2019	82,652
2020	77,451
2021	2,744
2022	-
Thereafter	-

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORATION AUTHORITY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. North Division (Continued)

At December 31, 2016 and 2015, the number of participants were:

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Current Employees	83	83
Retirees, disabled participants and beneficiaries		
of deceased retirees currently receiving benefits	41	38
Terminated employees entitle to, but not yet receiving, benefits	21	22
	<u> 145</u>	<u>143</u>

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued pension plan financial reports.

Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015, updated to December 31, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	January 1, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market value of assets
Amortization Method	Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) is amortized as a level dollar amount over 20-year periods.
Life expectancy	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment projected to 2012 using Scale AA
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%
Salary increases	4.00%
Inflation	Included in the salary increases
Retirement Age	Age 65 or age 62 with 30 year of benefit service

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. North Division (Continued)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return is developed through the use of proprietary software designed to simulate and assess potential risk of return characteristics of portfolios. The software is based on a Monte Carlo simulation of macroeconomic factors, which are used to model monthly return outcomes of capital markets. The expected asset return assumption is geometric. Data is simulated on a monthly basis; the simulation is based on historical monthly figures dating back to 1926. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term		
	Expected Real	Target	
Asset Type and Class	Rate of Return	Allocation	
Domestic Equity	7.3%	80.0%	
International Equity	7.5%	10.0%	
Fixed Income	3.0%	10.0%	
Cash	0.5%	0.0%	

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan participant contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. North Division (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the Employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the Employer's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%) or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease (6.50%)		Discount Rate (7.50%)		1% Increase (8.50%)	
Employer's Net Pension Liability	\$	2,203,400	\$	1,495,464	\$	890,700

b. West Division

The Retirement Plan for Pace West Division Employees is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all union employees of Pace's West Division. Wells Fargo Bank, NA is the trustee of the Plan under a contractual agreement with the Employer. Wells Fargo holds and manages the assets and maintains all records of the Plan. The Plan is administered by the Retirement Allowance Committee, which is comprised of three members appointed by the Employer, two members appointed by the Amalgamated Transit Union Local 241, and one member who is a non-bargained employee of the Employer. Benefit terms are established and/or amended through the collective bargaining agreement. The collective bargaining agreement is approved by the Union and, if ratified, then approved by the Pace Board of Directors. After it is ratified by both parties, a pension plan amendment is prepared and goes to the Retirement Allowance Committee for vote and approval to enact the plan amendment. The Plan issues a separate financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The financial report may be obtained by writing to Pace, 500 West Algonquin Road, Arlington Heights, IL 60005-4412 or by calling (847) 364-8130.

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (Continued)

b. West Division (Continued)

Generally, an employee who is represented by the Amalgamated Transit Union Local No. 241 and is covered for all fringe benefits under the collective bargaining agreement shall become a participant in the Plan as of the first day of employment. Contributions to the Plan by the employer and employees are subject to labor negotiations which consider, among other things, the actuarial valuation of the Plan. The negotiated contract that expired on December 31, 2010, required contribution percentages for the employees of 5.4% of each employee's compensation and an employer contribution of 3.5% of each employee's compensation. These contribution percentages were continued until August 2, 2013, at which time a new labor agreement was approved and retroactively dated back to January 1, 2011. The following represents the required employer and employee contribution percentages under the new agreement:

	<u>Employer</u>	<u>Employee</u>	
January 1, 2011 to December 31, 2011	5.5%	5.4%	
January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012	6.0%	5.4%	
January 1, 2013 to Current	6.5%	6.5%	

Employee contributions are deducted from payroll. Both the employee and employer contributions are to be paid to the trustee monthly.

A participant's vested interest in his/her employee contribution account balance shall at all times be 100%. A participant's vested interest in employer contributions is determined in accordance with the following schedule:

Year of Vesting Service	<u>Vested Interest</u>
0 to 9 years	0%
10 or more years	100%

The normal retirement benefit is 1.85% of compensation for each year of service, but not more than 70% of the average of the employee's highest five plan years of earnings. Under the terms of the Plan, the normal retirement date is the date the participant reaches his/her sixty-fifth (65th) birthday, or the first day of the calendar month following the date on which a participant has completed 25 years of credited service, regardless of age. The Plan also provides for early retirement at reduced benefits for participants with three years of service who have attained age 57. In addition, the Plan provides for death benefits payable to surviving spouses and certain disability benefits.

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (Continued)

b. West Division (Continued)

The actuarial valuation report date is January 1, 2017. Measurements as of the reporting date are based on the fair value of assets as of December 31, 2016, and the Total Pension Liability as of the valuation date of December 31, 2015, updated to December 31, 2016. The table below shows the changes in Total Pension Liability, the Plan Fiduciary Net Position and the Net Pension Liability during the measurement year based on the measurement date of December 31, 2016.

	Т	otal Pension Liability	an Fiduciary let Position	Net Pension Liability
Balances at 01/01/2016	\$	31,504,140	\$ 19,574,522	\$ 11,929,618
Changes for year:				
Service Cost		807,716	-	807,716
Interest		2,488,260	-	2,488,260
Changes of Benefits		-	-	-
Changes of Assumptions		-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual				
Experience		(217,077)	-	(217,077)
Contributions - Employer		-	889,323	(889,323)
Contributions - Member		-	888,736	(888,736)
Net Investment Income		-	1,569,326	(1,569,326)
Benefit Payments		(1,983,048)	(1,983,048)	-
Administrative Expense		-	 (119,224)	119,224
Net Changes		1,095,851	1,245,113	(149,262)
Balances at 12/31/2016	\$	32,599,991	\$ 20,819,635	\$ 11,780,356

There were no assumption or benefit changes during the year. There was an experience gain of \$217,077. Total contributions, net investment income and the experience gain exceeded the service cost, interest cost and expenses resulting in a decrease in Net Pension Liability of \$149,262.

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORATION AUTHORITY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (Continued)

b. West Division (Continued)

In 2017, there was \$900,506 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The contribution will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended December 31, 2018.

The impact of investment gains or losses is recognized over a period of five years. During the measurement year, there was an investment gain of \$16,083. Approximately \$3,217 of that gain was recognized in the current year and an identical amount will be recognized in each of the next four years totaling \$12,866. In addition, there was \$516,250 recognized from the prior years' investment losses resulting in a remaining deferred outflow of resources of \$1,407,098.

The impact of experience gains or losses is recognized over the average expected remaining service life of all active and inactive members. As of December 31, 2016 this average was five years. During the measurement year, there was an experience gain of \$217,077. In 2017, \$43,415 of this experience gain was recognized as expense and the remaining \$173,662 will be recognized over the next four years resulting in a deferred inflow of resources. In addition, there was \$89,806 recognized from the prior year experience gain resulting in a remaining deferred inflow of resources of \$269,419. The table below summarizes the current balance of deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings	\$	900,506	\$	- 443,081	
on Pension Plan Investments		1,394,232		-	
Total	\$	2,294,738	\$	443,081	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized as pension expense in the following periods:

Year Ended December 31:	
2017	\$ 379,812
2018	379,813
2019	238,158
2020	(46,632)
2021	-
Thereafter	-

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (Continued)

b. West Division (Continued)

At December 31, 2016 and 2015, the number of participants were:

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Current Employees	238	218
Retirees, disabled participants and beneficiaries		
of deceased retirees currently receiving benefits	185	183
Terminated employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	44	41
	467	<u>442</u>

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued pension plan financial reports.

Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015, updated to December 31, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	January 1, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Asset Valuation Method	Five-year smoothing with asset gains or losses recognized at 20% per year
Amortization Method	Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) is amortized as a level dollar amount over a 30-year period.
Life expectancy	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment Projected to 2006 using Scale AA
Assumed Rate of Return	8.00% (established by the collective bargaining agreement)
Salary increases	3.50%
Inflation	Included in salary increases
Retirement Age	Age 65 or 25 years of service

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (Continued)

b. West Division (Continued)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. The long term expected rate of return was determined by establishing best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return. Real returns differ from total returns in that real returns are calculated net of plan investment expenses and inflation. Expected real returns are determined using a geometric means assumption for each asset class in which the Plan has exposure. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class, included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term	
	Expected Real	Target
Asset Type and Class	Rate of Return	Allocation
		_
Equity	5.25%	50.0%
Fixed Income	0.75%	41.0%
Cash or Cash Equivalents	0.25%	9.0%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan participant contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at a rate equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.00%) or one percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease (7.00%)	Discount Rate (8.00%)	1% Increase (9.00%)
Employer's Net Pension Liability	\$ 14,728,128	\$ 11,780,356	\$ 9,216,592

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORATION AUTHORITY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (Continued)

c. The Regional Transportation Authority Pension Plan

The Regional Transportation Authority Pension Plan is a governmental cost sharing multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. The Plan covers substantially all employees of the RTA and its Commuter Rail and Suburban Bus Divisions ("Metra" and "Pace", respectively), who are not otherwise covered by a union pension plan. The responsibilities for administering the Plan are divided among a Board of Trustees, a Retirement Committee, a Plan Administrator, and the RTA Board of Directors ("RTA Board"). Benefit terms are established and/or amended by approval of the RTA Board of Directors. The Plan issues a separate financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. More information regarding the elements of the Plan's basic financial statements can be obtained by writing to Pace, 500 West Algonquin Road, Arlington Heights, IL 60005-4412 or by calling (847) 364-8130 to request a copy of the financial report.

Employees are eligible for participation on the first day of the month that coincides with or follows their date of employment. Participants are entitled to annual pension benefits upon normal retirement at age 65, generally a percentage of the average annual compensation in the highest three years of service, whether consecutive or not, multiplied by the number of years of credited service. At January 1, 2016 the number of participants were:

	<u>2016</u>
Active	1,114
Retirees, disabled participants and beneficiaries	
of deceased retirees currently receiving benefits	670
Terminated employees entitled to, but not yet receiving,	
benefits	480
	<u>2,264</u>

The Plan provides that, upon retirement, benefits will be reduced by a defined percentage for participants who received credit for prior service with an eligible employer. The Plan permits early retirement with reduced benefits at age 55 after completing ten years of credited service. As a result of the August 1, 1999 amendment to the Plan, participants may receive their full vested benefits if they are at least 55 years of age and their combined age at retirement and credited years of service equals eighty-five or higher (known as "Rule of Eighty Five Early Retirement"). The Plan provides for benefit payments to beneficiaries subject to the election of the participant. In addition, the lump sum payment form is no longer an optional form of payment for participants that have not earned credited service prior to January 1, 2011. This change did not affect the valuation results. Effective July 1, 2016, a change was made to provide additional pre-retirement death benefits for the survivors of plan members along with additional forms of benefit payment options. An employee is eligible for a disability pension if he or she becomes disabled after the completion of ten years of credited service, and is no longer receiving long-term disability benefits under a separate RTA benefit plan, or after reaching age 65, whichever is later.

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (Continued)

c. The Regional Transportation Authority Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions. The Plan is funded solely by employer contributions, which are actuarially determined under the projected unit credit method. The pension plan document defines the employers' funding policy as contributions at least equal to an amount determined advisable by the Plan's actuary to maintain the Plan on a sound actuarial basis. For the purpose of determining contributions, the Plan uses an asset smoothing method which smooths asset gains and losses over a 5-year period. The minimum contribution is the sum of the normal cost and the 30-year amortization of the unfunded liability. If participants terminate continuous service before rendering five years (ten years prior to January 1, 1987) of credited service, they forfeit the right to receive the portion of their accumulated benefits attributable to employer contributions. All forfeitures are applied to reduce the amount of contributions otherwise payable by the employer. The calculation of the recommended annual contribution requirements for fiscal year 2016 is as follows:

	J	Fiscal Year
		<u>2016</u>
Annual Normal Cost as of Valuation Date	\$	6,692,541
Normal Cost Expense Load		524,908
Interest on Normal Cost to End of Year		541,309
30-Year Level Dollar Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial		
Accrued Liability at End of Year		1,775,408
Total Recommended Annual Contribution for the Current Plan Year	\$	9,534,166
Total Covered Payroll	\$	88,663,051
Recommended Annual Contribution (as a percentage of pay)		10.753%

The allocation of the recommended annual contribution requirements for fiscal year 2016 is shown below:

					Allocated
				Re	ecommended
		2015		Annu	ial Contribution
	F	Pensionable	Allocation	Requirements for	
		Payroll	Percent	Fiscal Year 2016	
Metra	\$	40,833,326	53.1%	\$	5,062,642
Pace		28,109,111	36.5%		3,479,971
RTA		7,977,441	10.4%		991,553
Total	\$	76,919,878	100.0%	\$	9,534,166

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (Continued)

c. The Regional Transportation Authority Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Plan Fiduciary Net Position was restated for December 31, 2015 due to a timing difference. The amount of the restatement was \$64,926 and resulted in the beginning balance for Pace's Plan Fiduciary Net Position to decrease by \$23,695. Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued pension plan financial reports.

Net Pension Liability. The table below shows Pace's proportion of the changes in the collective Total Pension Liability, Plan Fiduciary Net Position and Net Pension Liability during the measurement year based on the measurement date of December 31, 2016. Measurements as of the reporting date are based on fair value of assets as of December 31, 2016 and the total pension liability is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of January 1, 2016 with liabilities rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2016.

	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability	
Balances at 01/01/2016	\$	114,670,929	\$	101,126,406	\$	13,544,523
Changes for year:						
Service Cost		2,442,777		-		2,442,777
Interest		7,675,410		-		7,675,410
Changes of Benefits		239,297		-		239,297
Changes of Assumptions		(141,866)		-		(141,866)
Differences Between Expected and Actual						
Experience		2,010,656		-		2,010,656
Changes in Employer Proportionate Share		(899,080)		-		(899,080)
Contributions - Employer		-		3,954,471		(3,954,471)
Net Investment Income		-		7,289,146		(7,289,146)
Benefit Payments		(5,499,674)		(5,499,674)		-
Administrative Expense		<u>-</u>		(170,280)		170,280
Net Changes		5,827,520		5,573,663		253,857
Balances at 12/31/2016	\$	120,498,449	\$	106,700,069	\$	13,798,380

The difference between expected and actual experience is due to an increase in the number of benefit recipients since the last valuation as well as a slight increase of 3.0% in the average monthly benefit. The increase in net investment income in 2016 was the result of upward movement in the securities market. There was an increase in administrative expenses due to an increase in the volume of actuarial and audit services provided to the Plan.

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (Continued)

c. The Regional Transportation Authority Pension Plan (Continued)

Pace's proportion of the collective Net Pension Liability is consistent with the manner in which contributions to the pension plan were determined. The schedule of employer allocations shown below presents the actual fiscal year 2016 contributions used within the proportionate share calculation for each employer and the respective allocation percentage.

	 2016			2015	
	Actual Employer ontribution	Employer Allocation Percentage	(Actual Employer Contribution	Employer Allocation Percentage
Metra	\$ 5,062,642	53.1%	\$	6,785,849	49.9%
Pace	3,479,971	36.5%		5,317,168	39.1%
RTA	 991,553	10.4%		1,495,879	11.0%
Totals	\$ 9,534,166	100.0%	\$	13,598,896	100.0%

Deferred Outflows and Inflows. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources can arise from differences between expected and actual experiences, changes in assumptions, differences between projected and actual earnings, changes in the employer's proportion and the difference between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions as well as contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The difference between projected and actual earnings on investments is recognized over a period of five years. The net effect of changes in assumptions, the difference between expected and actual experience and the change in the employer proportionate share are amortized over the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The average expected remaining service life by year is as follows:

3

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (Continued)

c. The Regional Transportation Authority Pension Plan (Continued)

The table below summarizes Pace's proportionate share of the deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources that are to be recognized in future pension expenses:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date Changes in Assumptions	\$ 3,788,251	\$ - 493,781
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings	2,967,329	,
on Pension Plan Investments	6,850,529	-
Change in Employer Proportionate Share	2,242,517	1,299,499
Total	\$ 15,848,626	\$ 1,793,280

In 2017, there was \$3,788,251 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended December 31, 2017. Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of will be recognized as pension expense in the following periods:

Year Ended December 31:

2017	\$ 3,537,611
2018	\$ 3,537,611
2019	\$ 3,413,639
2020	\$ (229,542)
2021	\$ 7,776
Thereafter	\$ -

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (Continued)

c. The Regional Transportation Authority Pension Plan (Continued)

Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date January 1, 2017 Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Asset Valuation Method Five-year smoothed market

Amortization Method Level dollar closed

Life expectancy RP2014 Combined Mortality Table

Assumed Rate of Return 7.50%

Salary increases 3.25% to 8.75% including inflation

Inflation 2.75%

Retirement Age First day of the calendar month coinciding with or

following a participant's 65th birthday; or age 55

with 10 years of vesting service.

Discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.50% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the future expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents Pace's proportionate share of the Plan's collective net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the proportionate share would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

		Current	
	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
Employer's Net Pension Liability	\$ 25,054,307	\$ 13,798,380	\$ 4,119,238

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (Continued)

c. The Regional Transportation Authority Pension Plan (Continued)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return. The assumed rate of investment return was adopted by the Plan's trustees after considering input from the Plan's investment consultant and actuary. Additional information about the assumed rate of investment return is included in the actuarial valuation report as of January 1, 2016 and experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through January 1, 2015. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These real rates of return are based on both an arithmetic and geometric means and are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the RTA Pension Plan Committee. For each major asset class that is included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of January 1, 2016, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Type and Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation
I C HCF "	F 020/	15.00/
Large Cap U.S. Equity	5.92%	15.0%
Small/Mid Cap Equities	6.71%	8.0%
International Equity	6.95%	10.0%
Emerging Market International Equity	9.49%	6.0%
Core Bonds	1.17%	15.5%
Multi-Sector Fixed Income	2.76%	12.5%
Private Equity	8.73%	8.0%
Private Real Assets	6.54%	5.0%
Real Estate (Core)	4.62%	8.0%

NOTE 10 DEFINED CONTRIBUTIONS PLANS

a. Pace Administrative Defined Benefit Plan

In addition to the RTA Defined Benefit Plan, all Pace employees who are not covered by a retirement plan which is the subject of a Collective Bargaining Agreement, are eligible to participate in a voluntary 401(K) Plan. Employees are eligible to participate after 60 days of service. A participant is fully vested in his/her account immediately. Contributions to the plan are voluntary for each participant. The Internal Revenue Code places limits on the amounts which employees may elect to contribute. There is no employer obligation to contribute. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Administrative Plan Committee. For 2017, Pace contributed \$197,359 and the participants contributed \$1,739,010 which includes \$82,075 contributed to the Roth 401(K).

b. Union 401(K) and Defined Contribution Plans

The operating divisions of the Pace Suburban Bus Division have established 401(K) plans and defined contribution plans through their respective Collective Bargaining Agreements with the bargained for (union) employees at the divisions. Each division contributes a percentage of compensation for each participant as provided in their respective Collective Bargaining Agreement. In some cases, there is a required employee 401(K) contribution pursuant to the Collective Bargaining Agreement. Each 401(K) plan allows the employee participant to elect to contribute a percentage of the participant's compensation up to a maximum percentage. The defined contribution plans provide only for an employer contribution at the percentage of compensation specified in the Collective Bargaining Agreement. The plans can be amended by the Collective Bargaining Agreement or in writing by the parties to the Collective Bargaining Agreement. The plans issue a financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information.

Basis of Accounting. The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments. The plans are all self-directed by the participant from a selection of mutual funds. All assets of the plan are valued at fair value.

NOTE 10 DEFINED CONTRIBUTIONS PLANS (Continued)

b. Union 401(K) and Defined Contribution Plans (Continued)

Contributions. The following table provides additional information regarding these defined contribution plans:

Plan <u>Name</u>	Type of <u>Plan</u>	Number of Covered <u>Employees</u>	Employer Contribution <u>Requirement</u>	Employee Contribution <u>Requirement</u>	Employer Contribution <u>Amount</u>	Employee Contribution <u>Amount</u>
Fox Valley	401(K)	77	4% of Compensation	None	\$138,520	\$98,321
Fox Valley	Defined Contribution	1	4% of Compensation	4% of Compensation	\$2,172	\$2,172
Heritage	401(K)	69	4% of Compensation	4% of Compensation	\$129,213	\$213,428
North Shore	401(K)	46	4% of Compensation	None	\$99,256	\$140,340
Northwest	401(K)	213	4.5% of Compensation	4% of Compensation	\$552,971	\$714,181
River	401(K)	111	4% of Compensation	None	\$212,352	\$177,782
River	Defined Contribution	6	4% of Compensation	4% of Compensation	\$13,893	\$13,893
South	401(K)	229	4% of Compensation	4% of Compensation	\$456,333	\$632,565
Southwest	401(K)	127	4% of Compensation	2% of Compensation	\$235,291	\$241,374

NOTE 11 POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

a. West Plan

Pace administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan for its West Division employees ("West Plan"). The plan provides HMO coverage to employees hired on or before the ratification of the Collective Bargaining Agreement and former employees age 57 or older on or before the ratification of the Collective Bargaining Agreement that also qualify as a deferred vested pensioner under the Retirement Plan for Pace West Division are eligible for retiree health and life insurance coverage subject to the terms of the agreement. Retiree health coverage consists of enrollment in Pace's HMO plan or payment of a single coverage cash equivalent ("stipend") as outlined in the Collective Bargaining Agreement. Retirees also qualify for a \$2,000 life insurance benefit. Retirees can maintain family coverage provided the retiree pays 50% of the difference between single and family coverage. Family coverage is available until the retiree reaches age 65. The West Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

The West Plan's other post employment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the West Plan's annual OPEB cost, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the net OPEB obligation for the period ending December 31, 2017:

Annual required contribution	\$ 821,116
Interest on net OPEB obligation	132,357
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(136,971)
Annual OPEB cost	816,502
Contributions made	<u>(484,678)</u>
Increase in net OPEB obligation	331,824
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	4,658,962
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	<u>\$4,990,786</u>

The West Plan's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation are as follows:

			Percentage of	Net	
	Fiscal Year	Annual	Annual OPEB	OPEB	
_	Ending	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation	
	12/31/2017	\$816,502	59.4%	\$4,990,786	
	12/31/2016	805,824	59.4%	4,658,962	
	12/31/2015	789,937	57.7%	4,331,584	

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORATION AUTHORITY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 11 POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

a. West Plan (Continued)

Funded Status and Funded Progress. As of January 1, 2017, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability was \$14,586,970 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0 resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$14,586,970. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) for 2017 was \$14,101,334 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 103.4%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial valuation of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Funding Policy. The contractual obligation to contribute to the West Plan is under the Collective Bargaining Agreement with Pace West Division and Local 241, Amalgamated Transit Union. Effective January 1, 2004, Pace contributes 2.5% of earnings to cover the costs of retirees' health coverage per the Collective Bargaining Agreement. On August 2, 2013, a new Collective Bargaining Agreement was signed which resulted in an increase to the employer retiree health contribution. Effective the first full pay period after January 1, 2011, the employer contribution increased to 3.5%. In the event such amount is insufficient to pay the cost of retirees' health coverage, Pace will advance the funds. If the insufficiency is \$10,000 or less, Pace agrees to pay. If the insufficiency is greater, then Pace and Local 241 Amalgamated Transit Union will resolve the insufficiency.

Participation. It is assumed that 100% of all active and retired participants that are eligible will participate in the plan. A list of plan participants as of the most recent actuarial valuation is as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2017</u>
	_
Actives at Full Attribution Age	8
Actives Not Yet at Full Attribution Age	92
Retirees Receiving Stipends	69
Retirees Receiving Medical Coverage	29
Spouses	<u> 2 </u>
Total	<u>200</u>

CONTINUED)

NOTE 11 POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

a. West Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a discount rate of 3% and a 30 year open amortization period. Other assumptions are as follows:

Health Care Trend Rate. The expected rate of increase was based on historical costs and were estimated as follows:

Retirees Under Age 65 7.5% Retirees Over Age 65 5.0%

Payroll Growth. Salaries were assumed to increase 3.5% annually.

Mortality. Life expectancies were based on RP-2014 Mortality for Males and Females projected generationally using Scale MP-2016.

Withdrawal. The rate of withdrawal was based on the same assumptions used for valuation of the Pace West Division Defined Benefit Plan.

Retirement Rates. The rate of retirement was based on the same assumptions used for the valuation of the Pace West Division Defined Benefit Plan.

Marital Status. The marriage assumption at retirement assumed that 80% of retirees are assumed to be married with husbands three years older than wives. This was based on the actual spouse data for the current retirees.

Annual Per Capita Claims. The annual per capita claims were based on the implicit HMO premiums. An assumption was made that the stipend amount would increase by \$120 per year and that 50% of retirees are assumed to elect the stipend.

NOTE 12 NET POSITION

a. Restricted Net Position

Restricted Net Position represents a legal debt restriction of \$1,200,000 for repayment of the Revenue Bond Series of 2015 that were issued for the South Cook Compressed Natural Gas facility.

b. Unrestricted Net Position

The change in Unrestricted Net Position for fiscal year 2017 is as follows:

Unrestricted Net Position at 12/31/16	\$ 54,783,429
Suburban Services Surplus (Deficit) Pace Capital Grants Change in Capital Related Borrowings	(2,191,026) (15,973,169) (204,158)
Unrestricted Net Position at 12/31/17	\$ 36,415,076

c. Working Cash

In order to provide sufficient working cash balances to allow payment of Pace's obligations in a timely manner, in August 2004 the Board of Directors ordained that the amount of Unrestricted Net Position to be retained for working cash purposes shall be set at 8% of annual budgeted operating expenses from the Suburban Services Fund.

Controls have been implemented to ensure that the working cash balance is not expended without further approval. Before that approval is granted, staff will reexamine both the project and Pace's cash position in order to make a recommendation to the Board as to how to proceed.

	<u>Decen</u>	nber	<u>31</u>
	 2017		2016
Unrestricted Net Position Less: Earnings Retained for Working Cash Purposes	\$ 36,415,076 (18,289,520)		\$ 54,783,429 (18,237,920)
Available Unrestricted Net Position	\$ 18,125,556		\$ 36,545,509

NOTE 12 NET POSITION (Continued)

d. Designated Net Position

While net position represents residual equity in addition to investment in capital assets, it is important to note that management has designated a portion of this balance for future commitments. These obligations are not legal restrictions on net position and therefore are not segregated on the statement of net position, but are for future consideration. Refer to Schedule 7 on page 129 for the detail of these designations.

NOTE 13 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

- a. Agreements with Pace's paratransit public funded carriers generally provide that Pace will reimburse the lesser of the approved budget, \$3.00 per ride, or up to 75% of defined operating deficits incurred, within defined service guidelines, in the provision of specified demand response public transportation services.
- b. Grant agreements with Pace's public contract carriers provide that Pace reimburse defined operating expenses, limited to their approved budget level, incurred in providing public transportation services.
- c. Pace receives significant financial assistance from federally assisted programs, principal of which is FTA. These programs are subject to audit under the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) for which a separate report is issued.

NOTE 14 PLEDGED REVENUES

Pace has pledged future portions of the Suburban Service Fund's operating revenue to repay the Special Revenue Bonds Series 2015 bonds. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing to convert the South Division location into a compressed natural gas facility. The bonds are payable from 2015 through years ended 2024. If the pledged revenues from these sources are insufficient to provide for the principal and interest payments on the bonds, a debt service reserve fund would be used to make the payments. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 2.7% of the operating revenue. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$9,442,200. Principal and interest paid for the current year is \$1,464,000, and the Suburban Service Funds' operating revenue for the current year is \$53,701,358.

Financial Section

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Funding Progress	91
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	92
Schedule of Changes in Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	94
Schedule of Pension Contributions	95

(this page left blank intentionally)

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY WEST DIVISION RETIREE HEALTH PLAN SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

DECEMBER 31, 2017

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability		Unfunded (Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability		(Funded) Actuarial Accrued Funded Covered			Ratio of UAAL to Covered Payroll
01/01/17	\$ -	\$	14,586,970	\$	14,586,970	0.00%	\$	14,101,334	103.4%
01/01/16	-		14,060,673		14,060,673	0.00%		13,134,266	107.1%
01/01/15	-		14,060,673		14,060,673	0.00%		12,690,112	110.8%
01/01/14	-		14,893,808		14,893,808	0.00%		12,048,134	123.6%
01/01/13	-		14,893,808		14,893,808	0.00%		11,252,916	132.4%
01/01/12	-		12,642,476		12,642,476	0.00%		11,313,595	111.7%
01/01/11	-		12,642,476		12,642,476	0.00%		11,467,539	110.2%

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION

OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AMALGAMATED TRANSIT UNION LOCAL 900 PENSION PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Total Pension Liability			
Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms	\$ 186,026 487,814 -	\$ 195,168 449,547 -	\$ 133,375 333,911 1,191,632
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	(2,557) -	10,612 -	-
Benefit payment, including refunds of employee contributions	 (246,872)	 (193,903)	 (123,505)
Net change in total pension liability	424,411	461,424	1,535,413
Total pension liability - beginning	 6,444,141	 5,982,717	 4,447,304
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 6,868,552	\$ 6,444,141	\$ 5,982,717
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 164,182	\$ 165,936	\$ 149,926
Contributions - employee	205,226	204,980	149,926
Net investment income	358,789	6,897	312,685
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other	 (246,872) (96,731)	 (193,903) (76,406)	 (123,505) (73,634)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	384,594	107,504	415,398
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	4,988,494	4,880,990	4,465,592
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 5,373,088	\$ 4,988,494	\$ 4,880,990
Net Pension Liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,495,464	\$ 1,455,647	\$ 1,101,727
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78.23%	77.41%	81.58%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,104,533	\$ 4,121,289	\$ 3,748,150
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	36.43%	35.32%	29.39%

Notes:

For 2014, A change in benefits of \$1,191,632 contributed to the increase in Net Pension Liability. A change to the collective bargaining agreement effective January 1, 2014 outlined various benefit changes including an increased multiplier for all service, a 13th check provision and adjusted early retirement requirements. These changes accounted for the increase in Net Pension Liability for Changes in Benefits.

This schedule is intended to show ten years of information. Additional years will be included as they become available.

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION

OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS RETIREMENT PLAN FOR PACE WEST DIVISION EMPLOYEES

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Total Pension Liability			
Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 807,716 2,488,260 - (217,077)	\$ 808,140 2,376,281 - (449,032)	\$ 752,719 2,313,170 -
Changes of assumptions Benefit payment, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,983,048)	(1,937,718)	- - (1,775,689)
Net change in total pension liability	1,095,851	 797,671	1,290,200
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 31,504,140 32,599,991	\$ 30,706,469 31,504,140	\$ 29,416,269 30,706,469
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other	\$ 889,323 888,736 1,569,326 (1,983,048) (119,224)	\$ 846,152 850,243 (271,311) (1,937,718) (102,386)	\$ 790,856 794,934 850,200 (1,775,689) (87,594)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,245,113	(615,020)	572,707
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 19,574,522 20,819,635	\$ 20,189,542 19,574,522	\$ 19,616,835 20,189,542
Net Pension Liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 11,780,356	\$ 11,929,618	\$ 10,516,927
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	63.86%	62.13%	65.75%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 13,640,822	\$ 12,899,438	\$ 12,349,946
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	86.36%	92.48%	85.16%

Note:

This schedule is intended to show ten years of information. Additional years will be included as they become available.

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION

OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY PENSION PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u> 2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>	
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		36.5000%		39.1000%		40.7553%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	13,798,380	\$	13,520,828	\$	28,527,177
Covered-employee payroll	\$	33,890,431	\$	31,278,732	\$	30,225,262
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		40.71%		43.23%		94.38%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		87.38%		87.70%		73.92%

Note:

This schedule is intended to show ten years of information. Additional years will be included as they become available.

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS AMALGAMATED TRANSIT UNION LOCAL 900 PENSION PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	204,842	\$	156,328	\$	97,358
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	-	164,182		165,936		149,926
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	40,660	\$	(9,608)	\$	(52,568)
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,104,533	\$	4,121,289	\$	3,748,150
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		4.00%		4.03%		4.00%
Valuation Date:	January 1, 2017		January 1, 2016		January 1, 2015	
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:						
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Cost		Entry Age Normal Cost		Entry Age Normal Cost	
Amortization method	Straight Line		Straight Line		Straight Line	
Remaining amortization period	20 years		20 years		20 years	
Asset valuation method	Market		Market		Market	
Inflation	Included in salary increases		Included in salary increases		Included in salary increases	
Salary increases	3.50%		3.50%		3.50%	
Investment rate of return	7.50%		7.50%		7.50%	
Retirement age	Age 65		Age 65		Age 65	
Mortality	with I Adjus proje		with Adjus proje		with Adjus proje	

Note:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year end that occurred one year prior. This schedule is intended to show 10 years of information. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Information for fiscal year 2017 is not available.

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

RETIREMENT PLAN FOR PACE WEST DIVISION EMPLOYEES

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 779,214	\$ 819,246	\$ 813,565	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	889,323	846,152	790,856	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (110,109)	\$ (26,906)	\$ 22,709	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 13,640,822	\$ 12,899,438	\$ 12,349,946	
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	6.52%	6.56%	6.40%	
Valuation Date:	January 1, 2017	January 1, 2016	January 1, 2015	
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:				
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	
Amortization method	Straight Line	Straight Line	Straight Line	
Remaining amortization period	30 years	30 years	30 years	
Asset valuation method	Smoothed Market Value	Smoothed Market Value	Smoothed Market Value	
Inflation	4%	4%	4%	
Salary increases	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	
Investment rate of return	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	
Retirement age	Age 65	Age 65	Age 65	
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment projected to 2006 using Scale AA	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment projected to 2006 using Scale AA	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment projected to 2006 using Scale AA	

Note:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year end that occurred one year prior. This schedule is intended to show 10 years of information. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Information for fiscal year 2017 is not available.

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY

SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY PENSION PLAN

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2016</u>			<u>2015</u>	2014	
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	3,479,971 3,479,971	\$	5,317,168 5,317,168	\$	5,579,076 5,579,076
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$	-
Covered-employee payroll	\$	33,890,431	\$	31,278,732	\$	30,225,262
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		10.27%		17.00%		18.46%
Valuation Date:	January 1, 2017		January 1, 2016		January 1, 2015	
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:						
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit		Projected unit credit		Projected unit credit	
Amortization method	Level dollar closed		Level dollar closed		Level dollar closed	
Remaining amortization period	30 years		30 years		30 years	
Asset valuation method	5 year smoothed market		5 year smoothed market		5 year smoothed market	
Inflation	2.75%		2.75%		2.75%	
Salary increases	3.25%		3.25%		3.25%	
Investment rate of return	7.50%		7.50%		7.50%	
Retirement age	Age-based tables that are specific to the type of eligibility condition		Age-based tables that are specific to the type of eligibility condition		Age-based tables that are specific to the type of eligibility condition	
Mortality	Table, so with who adjustment to the year.	4 Mortality ex-distinct, hite collar hent, projected ear 2018 for tirement ty.	Table, s with w adjustr to the y	4 Mortality sex-distinct, hite collar nent, projected rear 2018 for tirement ity.	Table, s with wh adjustn to the y	4 Mortality ex-distinct, hite collar nent, projected ear 2018 for tirement

Notes:

In 2015, employer contributions of \$33,844,343 were made and are reflected in the Net Pension Liability as of December 31, 2016. These contributions were \$28,527,175 in excess of the actuarially determined contribution.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year end that occurred one year prior. This schedule is intended to show 10 years of information. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Information for fiscal year 2017 is not available.

(this page left blank intentionally)

Financial Section

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY EXHIBITS

Statement of Net Position by Fund	100
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position by Fund	103
Schedule of Revenues and Expenses Budget and Actual Suburban Services Fund	104
Schedule of Revenues and Expenses Budget and Actual	
Regional ADA Paratransit Services Fund	105

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION BY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2017

WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR DECEMBER 31, 2016

ASSETS	Suburban Services Fund 2017	Regional ADA Paratransit Services Fund 2017	Total 2017	Unaudited Total 2016	
<u>Current Assets</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2010</u>	
Cash: Cash and Investments Restricted Cash Cash and Investments	\$ 66,166,084 1,202,547 67,368,631	\$ 7,774,142 - - - 7,774,142	\$ 73,940,226 1,202,547 75,142,773	\$ 95,088,450 1,201,242 96,289,692	
Accounts Receivable: Regional Transportation Authority Interfund Receivable Capital Grant Projects-FTA & IDOT Other	51,858,081 335,417 9,619,514 5,350,949	5,822,153 - - 2,922,284	57,680,234 335,417 9,619,514 8,273,233	52,893,882 1,340,670 6,046,302 11,805,203	
Total Accounts Receivable	67,163,961	8,744,437	75,908,398	72,086,057	
Other Current Assets Prepaid Expenses Inventory-Spare Parts	2,274,592 6,385,423	335,117	2,609,709 6,385,423	2,100,386 6,347,505	
Total Other Current Assets	8,660,015	335,117	8,995,132	8,447,891	
Total Current Assets	143,192,607	16,853,696	160,046,303	176,823,640	
Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land Capital Projects in Progress Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	17,600,771 37,095,545 54,696,316	- - -	17,600,771 37,095,545 54,696,316	17,375,188 30,495,225 47,870,413	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net Equipment Building and Improvements Less Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	483,996,017 194,173,016 (429,221,912) 248,947,121	26,565,908 - (21,300,173) 5,265,735	510,561,925 194,173,016 (450,522,085) 254,212,856	441,205,508 182,482,155 (433,294,697) 190,392,966	
Other Noncurrent Assets Restricted Cash - Bond Proceeds	160,138		160,138	1,155,980	
Total Other Noncurrent Assets	160,138		160,138	1,155,980	
Total Noncurrent Assets	303,803,575	5,265,735	309,069,310	239,419,359	
Total Assets	446,996,182	22,119,431	469,115,613	416,242,999	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Outflow - Pension	17,427,566	1,133,177	18,560,743	22,439,035	
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	17,427,566	1,133,177	18,560,743	22,439,035	

PACE

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION BY FUND (Continued)

DECEMBER 31, 2017 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR DECEMBER 31, 2016

LIABILITIES	Suburban Services Fund 2017	Regional ADA Paratransit Services Fund 2017	Total <u>2017</u>	Unaudited Total 2016
<u>Current Liabilities</u>				
Accounts Payable:				
Operating	\$ 346,125	\$ 225,764	\$ 571,889	\$ 554,774
Capital	13,020,772		13,020,772	6,529,221
Accrued Payroll Expenses	10,542,541	216,110	10,758,651	10,008,768
Other Accrued Expenses	10,556,135	14,904,718	25,460,853	38,296,829
Unearned Revenue	743,241	1,104,641	1,847,882	2,830,321
Interfund Payable	-	335,417	335,417	1,340,670
Bonds Payable - Current	1,200,000	-	1,200,000	1,200,000
Current Portion of Insurance Reserves	34,797,067	53,371	34,850,438	31,173,448
Total Current Liabilities	71,205,881	16,840,021	88,045,902	91,934,031
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Insurance Reserve, Non-Current Portion	6,615,233	_	6,615,233	5,648,331
Net Pension Liability	26,087,616	986,584	27,074,200	26,906,093
Net Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Obligation	4,990,786	-	4,990,786	4,658,962
Advance From State	11,065,169	_	11,065,169	10,950,723
Bonds Payable, Non-Current	7,200,000	_	7,200,000	8,400,000
Other Liabilities	2,090,971	71,302	2,162,273	2,268,200
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	58,049,775	1,057,886	59,107,661	58,832,309
Total Liabilities	129,255,656	17,897,907	147,153,563	150,766,340
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Inflow - Pension	2,149,441	88,966	2,238,407	2,112,906
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	2,149,441	88,966	2,238,407	2,112,906
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	295,403,575	5,265,735	300,669,310	229,819,359
Restricted for Bond Repayment	1,200,000	-	1,200,000	1,200,000
Unrestricted	36,415,076		36,415,076	54,783,429
Total Net Position	\$ 333,018,651	\$ 5,265,735	\$ 338,284,386	\$ 285,802,788

(this page left blank intentionally)

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION BY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Suburban Services Fund <u>2017</u>	Regional ADA Paratransit Services Fund <u>2017</u>	Total <u>2017</u>	Unaudited Total <u>2016</u>
Operating Revenue				
Pace-owned service revenue	\$ 31,529,471	\$ -	\$ 31,529,471	\$ 32,110,815
CMAQ/JARC Services	197,354	-	197,354	199,889
Fixed route carrier revenue	3,147,559	-	3,147,559	3,350,679
Paratransit revenue	11,120,226	10,932,543	22,052,769	22,428,374
Vanpool revenue	2,637,916	-	2,637,916	3,267,864
Reduced fare reimbursement	1,346,001	-	1,346,001	1,345,862
Advertising revenue	2,833,629	-	2,833,629	2,766,255
Miscellaneous	889,202	1,927,287	2,816,489	5,538,076
Total Operating Revenue	53,701,358	12,859,830	66,561,188	71,007,814
Operating expenses:				
Pace-owned service expenses	97,442,666	-	97,442,666	92,806,319
CMAQ/JARC expenses	5,222,387	-	5,222,387	2,952,131
Contract Payments:				
Fixed route carriers	9,891,307	-	9,891,307	9,955,326
Paratransit carriers	17,858,042	156,680,494	174,538,536	164,327,776
Vanpool expenses	2,456,557	-	2,456,557	3,037,343
Centralized operations	66,880,049	3,165,152	70,045,201	65,825,451
Administrative expenses	33,158,972	7,737,796	40,896,768	39,461,949
Depreciation	40,370,373	3,471,057	43,841,430	40,562,165
Indirect overhead allocation	(6,708,454)	6,708,454	-	-
Total Operating Expenses	266,571,899	177,762,953	444,334,852	418,928,460
Operating Income (Loss)	(212,870,541)	(164,903,123)	(377,773,664)	(347,920,646)
	(=1=)070,011)	(101,500,120)	(6.1.). 10,001	(617)526,616)
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)				
Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula)	92,119,153	-	92,119,153	91,559,244
RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708)	33,022,154	-	33,022,154	34,002,247
Regional ADA Paratransit Fund	-	157,413,630	157,413,630	140,923,975
RTA Discretionary Funding	4,423,872	-	4,423,872	4,901,422
ADA State Funding	<u>-</u>	3,825,000	3,825,000	3,825,004
Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF)	24,140,579	-	24,140,579	24,124,103
South Suburban Job Access Fund	7,500,000	-	7,500,000	7,500,000
Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE)	72,518	-	72,518	1,632,237
Federal Operating Grants	8,565,575	-	8,565,575	4,174,296
Interfund Asset Allocation	(3,329,968)	3,329,968	-	-
Interest on Investments	729,291	193,436	922,727	613,890
Interest Expense	(264,000)		(264,000)	(283,200)
Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction	-	-	-	668,538
Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction				(668,538)
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	166,979,174	164,762,034	331,741,208	312,973,218
Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and				
Transfers	(45,891,367)	(141,089)	(46,032,456)	(34,947,428)
Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers	00 544 054		00 54 : 05 :	C4 840 C40
Capital Grant Reimbursements	98,514,054	-	98,514,054	61,718,619
Total Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers	98,514,054		98,514,054	61,718,619
Change in Net Position	52,622,687	(141,089)	52,481,598	26,771,191
Beginning Net Position	280,395,964	5,406,824	285,802,788	259,031,597
Ending Net Position	\$ 333,018,651	\$ 5,265,735	\$ 338,284,386	\$ 285,802,788

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SUBURBAN SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Actual	Variance		
		Budget		
Operating Revenue				
Pace-Owned Service Revenue	\$ 31,529,471	\$ 33,706,539	\$ (2,177,068)	
CMAQ/JARC Passenger Revenue	197,354	715,861	(518,507)	
Fixed Route Carrier Revenue	3,147,559	3,461,183	(313,624)	
Paratransit Revenue	11,120,226 2,637,916	11,788,725 3,190,321	(668,499)	
Vanpool Revenue Reduced Fare Reimbursement	2,637,916 1,346,001	2,610,000	(552,405) (1,263,999)	
Advertising Revenue	2,833,629	2,747,000	86,629	
Interest on Investments	729,291	413,551	315,740	
Miscellaneous/Other Revenue	889,202	917,545	(28,343)	
Total Operating Revenue	54,430,649	59,550,725	(5,120,076)	
Operating Expenses				
Pace-Owned Service Expenses	97,442,666	101,430,767	3,988,101	
CMAQ/JARC Expenses	5,222,387	4,179,265	(1,043,122)	
Contract Payments:	, ,	, ,		
Fixed Route Carriers	9,891,307	10,579,220	687,913	
Paratransit Carriers	17,858,042	19,040,123	1,182,081	
Vanpool Expenses	2,456,557	3,649,701	1,193,144	
Centralized Operations	66,880,049	60,970,893	(5,909,156)	
Interest Expense	264,000	264,000	-	
Indirect Overhead Allocation	(6,708,454)	(6,514,742)	193,712	
Administrative Expenses	33,158,972	35,019,677	1,860,705	
Total Operating Expenses	226,465,526	228,618,904	2,153,378	
Operating Income (Loss)	(172,034,877)	(169,068,179)	(2,966,698)	
Non-Operating Revenue				
Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula)	92,119,153	96,868,365	(4,749,212)	
RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708)	33,022,154	36,773,667	(3,751,513)	
RTA Discretionary Funding	4,423,872	4,814,929	(391,057)	
Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF)	24,140,579	25,539,182	(1,398,603)	
South Suburban Job Access Fund	7,500,000	7,500,000	-	
Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE)	72,518	-	72,518	
Federal Operating Grants - Suburban Services	8,565,575	4,615,036	3,950,539	
Transfer Capital	160.042.051	(7,043,000)	7,043,000	
Total Non-Operating Revenue	169,843,851	169,068,179	775,672	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ (2,191,026)	<u>\$</u> -	\$ (2,191,026)	
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis:				
Provision for Depreciation	(40,370,373)			
Capital Grant Reimbursements	98,514,054			
Interfund Asset Allocation	(3,329,968)			
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position - GAAP Basis	\$ 52,622,687			

PACE

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY REGIONAL ADA PARATRANSIT SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Actual	Final Amended Budget	Variance
Operating Revenue ADA Service Revenue Interest on Investments Miscellaneous/Other Revenue	\$ 10,932,543 193,436 1,927,287	\$ 11,483,004 155,000 2,746,021	\$ (550,461) 38,436 (818,734)
Total Operating Revenue	13,053,266	14,384,025	(1,330,759)
Operating Expenses			
ADA Service Expenses Centralized Operations Indirect Overhead Allocation Administrative Expenses	156,680,494 3,165,152 6,708,454 7,737,796	157,676,014 3,112,031 6,514,742 7,667,238	995,520 (53,121) (193,712) (70,558)
Total Operating Expenses	174,291,896	174,970,025	678,129
Operating Income (Loss)	(161,238,630)	(160,586,000)	(652,630)
Non-Operating Revenue Regional ADA Paratransit Funding from RTA ADA State Funding Total Non-Operating Revenue	157,413,630 3,825,000 161,238,630	152,086,000 8,500,000 160,586,000	5,327,630 (4,675,000) 652,630
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis:			
Provision for Depreciation Interfund Asset Allocation Increase (Decrease) in Net Position - GAAP Basis	(3,471,057) 3,329,968 \$ (141,089)		

Statistical Section

SECTION THREE - STATISTICAL

Financial Trends

An analysis of Net Position by component and Change in Net Position are presented as an indicator of Pace's financial performance and to show the overall change in financial position over time. A schedule is also included that details the ratio of working capital to operating expenses.

Net Position by Component	108
Change in Net Position	109
Working Capital Ratio	110

Revenue Capacity

Pace's primary own-source revenue is system farebox revenue. The fare structure and system ridership both affect the revenue collected each year. Schedules are included that present trends in fares and ridership over the last ten years. The primary source of funding for Pace is sales tax receipts. A schedule is presented showing the trend in sales tax receipts over the past ten years.

Change in Fare Structure	111
System Ridership	112
Sales Tax Collection for the Six County Region	113

Debt Capacity

In 2015, Pace issued \$12 million in Special Revenue Bonds. These revenue bonds are not general obligations of Pace and must be repaid with Pace operating revenue in equal annual principal payments. The schedules include the information regarding outstanding debt, pledged revenue and legal debt margin.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt	114
Pledge-Revenue Coverage	115

Statistical Section

SECTION THREE - STATISTICAL

(Continued)

Demographic and Economic Information

Population growth and personal income trends impact ridership, fare revenues and funding such as sales tax receipts. Also since many riders rely on public transportation to get to and from work, employment throughout the region plays a part in the environment in which Pace operates. Schedules are presented showing trends in population, personal income and unemployment for the last ten years.

Population, Personal Income and Unemployment	116
Principal Employers of the RTA Area	117

Operating Information

Pace operates bus transportation service over a six county region and within the City of Chicago for ADA Paratransit service. This section provides information in regard to the size and scope of Pace's operations. The schedules include detailed capital asset and infrastructure information, number of employees and other operating indicators that relate to the service Pace provides.

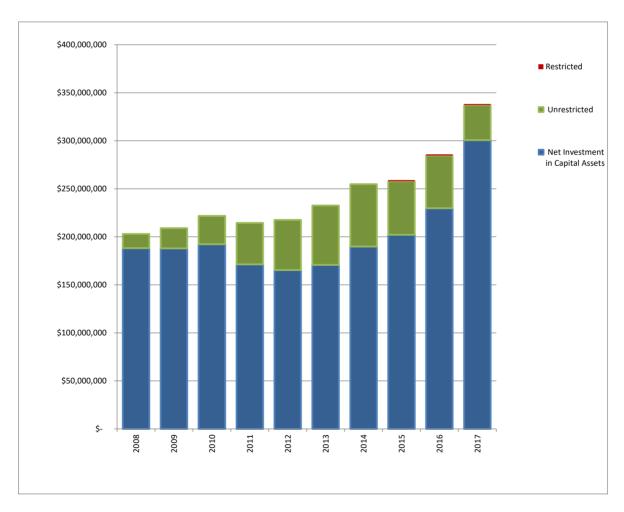
Capital Assets and Infrastructure Information	118
Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function/Program	119
Operating Indicators	120



Statistical: Financial Trends TABLE 1

PACE
THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION
OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
LAST TEN YEARS

Net Investment in						
Capital Assets	Restricted	Restricted Unrestr		Tot	Total Net Position	
\$ 188,268,519	-	\$	14,744,945	\$	203,013,464	
188,007,774	-		20,938,344		208,946,118	
192,311,667	-		29,435,568		221,747,235	
171,290,055	-		43,157,031		214,447,086	
165,446,453	-		52,161,234		217,607,687	
170,831,448	-		61,692,139		232,523,587	
189,848,707	-		64,923,906		254,772,613	
202,166,573	1,200,000		55,665,024		259,031,597	
229,819,359	1,200,000		54,783,429		285,802,788	
300,669,310	1,200,000		36,415,076		338,284,386	
	\$ 188,268,519 188,007,774 192,311,667 171,290,055 165,446,453 170,831,448 189,848,707 202,166,573 229,819,359	Investment in Capital Assets	Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unit 188,268,519 - \$ 188,007,774 - 192,311,667 - 171,290,055 - 165,446,453 - 170,831,448 - 189,848,707 - 202,166,573 1,200,000 229,819,359 1,200,000	Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted \$ 188,268,519 - \$ 14,744,945 188,007,774 - 20,938,344 192,311,667 - 29,435,568 171,290,055 - 43,157,031 165,446,453 - 52,161,234 170,831,448 - 61,692,139 189,848,707 - 64,923,906 202,166,573 1,200,000 55,665,024 229,819,359 1,200,000 54,783,429	Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total State	



Source: Pace Annual Financial Reports

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS

	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Operating Revenue	****	*******	****	****	****	****	****	****	****	****
Pace-owned service revenue	\$22,051,988	\$25,988,557	\$26,162,982	\$28,191,535	\$28,725,933	\$29,094,500	\$32,327,470	\$32,197,304	\$32,110,815	\$31,529,471
CMAQ/JARC Services	255,321	395,654	10,209	40,292	86,473	230,763	424,192	688,967	199,889	197,354
Fixed route carrier revenue	4,700,803	4,656,466	4,066,649	3,692,221	3,014,050	3,294,462	3,412,753	3,337,954	3,350,679	3,147,559
Paratransit revenue	18,354,862	16,143,772	17,979,188	19,978,787	21,761,056	22,409,864	22,693,571	22,205,676	22,428,374	22,052,769
Vanpool revenue	3,809,750	3,845,452	3,578,691	3,675,781	3,926,622	4,158,850	4,189,130	4,035,025	3,267,864	2,637,916
Reduced fare reimbursement	3,089,197	2,350,689	2,415,786	2,571,462	2,628,912	1,977,876	3,241,648	162,469	1,345,862	1,346,001
Advertising revenue	4,666,382	2,630,182	3,930,876	4,355,475	4,483,746	4,503,458	4,534,233	3,105,226	2,766,255	2,833,629
Miscellaneous	1,733,938	2,948,948	3,864,154	6,348,239	4,510,678	4,948,947	4,845,714	6,306,187	5,538,076	2,816,489
Total Operating Revenue	58,662,241	58,959,720	62,008,535	68,853,792	69,137,470	70,618,720	75,668,711	72,038,808	71,007,814	66,561,188
Operating expenses										
Pace-owned service expenses	67,958,454	70,197,738	73,273,066	74,311,676	78,277,509	79,708,876	83,705,687	86,388,267	92,806,319	97,442,666
CMAQ/JARC expenses	1,779,710	1,890,135	198,665	290,232	911,980	2,034,397	2,968,329	2,692,441	2,952,131	5,222,387
Contract Payments:										
Fixed route carriers	13,251,718	13,262,046	11,639,829	10,584,807	9,060,737	9,470,685	9,848,158	10,045,768	9,955,326	9,891,307
Paratransit carriers	113,512,062	119,465,945	121,511,022	133,160,676	142,641,448	151,287,226	158,734,067	159,468,364	164,327,776	174,538,536
Vanpool expenses	3,925,979	3,374,719	3,655,554	4,529,570	4,745,135	4,669,751	4,365,908	3,486,354	3,037,343	2,456,557
Centralized operations	56,445,920	54,317,776	55,886,171	58,509,532	61,788,712	63,873,741	71,124,251	54,362,958	65,825,451	70,045,201
Administrative expenses	22,557,659	26,601,926	25,125,710	26,404,823	29,908,725	32,915,020	36,285,585	36,271,779	39,461,949	40,896,768
Depreciation	33,185,530	37,446,875	41,712,329	44,356,587	47,778,646	46,402,723	46,942,530	40,516,493	40,562,165	43,841,430
Total Operating Expenses	312,617,032	326,557,160	333,002,346	352,147,903	375,112,892	390,362,419	413,974,515	393,232,424	418,928,460	444,334,852
Operating Income (Loss)	(253,954,791)	(267,597,440)	(270,993,811)	(283,294,111)	(305,975,422)	(319,743,699)	(338,305,804)	(321,193,616)	(347,920,646)	(377,773,664)
Non Operating Revenue										
Sales Tax from RTA (85% Formula)	78,240,000	70,438,841	73,053,667	76,085,053	79,326,746	83,215,418	87,298,041	90,272,781	91,559,244	92,119,153
RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708)	13,380,000	28,965,867	29,784,991	31,449,703	31,429,206	31,870,642	32,957,499	33,494,733	34,002,247	33,022,154
Regional ADA Paratransit Fund	100,000,000	91,010,358	94,796,109	99,298,087	113,232,896	125,994,893	131,661,582	130,980,972	140,923,975	157,413,630
RTA Discretionary Funding	-	4,366,739	-	535,000	5,440,000	3,694,000	3,978,339	4,602,594	4,901,422	4,423,872
Suburban Community Mobility Fund	20,000,000	18,202,072	18,959,222	19,859,618	20,796,258	21,804,636	22,878,795	23,800,266	24,124,103	24,140,579
South Suburban Job Access Fund	3,750,000	7,500,000	7,500,000	7,500,000	7,500,000	7,500,000	7,500,000	7,500,000	7,500,000	7,500,000
ADA State Funding	-	-	8,500,000	8,500,000	8,500,000	8,500,000	8,500,000	8,394,800	3,825,004	3,825,000
Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund	-	4,136,823	1,431,706	6,586,687	-	-	-	1,847,711	1,632,237	72,518
Federal Operating Grants	3,356,770	12,341,970	5,037,856	3,596,665	1,703,169	5,600,465	6,224,430	3,539,940	4,174,296	8,565,575
Interest on Investments	1,235,617	214,343	111,382	129,548	187,728	234,506	340,606	435,784	613,890	922,727
Interest Expense	(150,891)	(58,461)	(21,570)	(7,134)	(344)	-	-	(242,500)	(283,200)	(264,000)
Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction	5,119,406	5,432,224	5,780,382	6,051,167	6,438,942	6,851,817	4,644,052	4,232,106	668,538	-
Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction	(5,119,406)	(5,432,224)	(5,780,382)	(6,051,167)	(6,438,942)	(6,851,817)	(4,644,052)	(4,232,106)	(668,538)	-
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)	219,811,496	237,118,552	239,153,363	253,533,227	268,115,659	288,414,560	301,339,292	304,627,081	312,973,218	331,741,208
Income Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses										
and Transfers	(34,143,295)	(30,478,888)	(31,840,448)	(29,760,884)	(37,859,763)	(31,329,139)	(36,966,512)	(16,566,535)	(34,947,428)	(46,032,456)
Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and Transfers Capital Grant Reimbursements Extraordinary ADA Revenue	27,645,724	36,411,542	44,641,565	22,460,735	41,020,364	46,245,039	51,438,723 7,776,815	48,879,594	61,718,619	98,514,054
Total Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, Losses and							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Transfers	27,645,724	36,411,542	44,641,565	22,460,735	41,020,364	46,245,039	59,215,538	48,879,594	61,718,619	98,514,054
Net Change in Net Position	(6,497,571)	5,932,654	12,801,117	(7,300,149)	3,160,601	14,915,900	22,249,026	32,313,059	26,771,191	52,481,598
Beginning Net Position	209,511,035	203,013,464	208,946,118	221,747,235	214,447,086	217,607,687	232,523,587	226,718,538	259,031,597	285,802,788
Ending Net Position	\$ 203,013,464	\$ 208,946,118	\$ 221,747,235	\$ 214,447,086	\$ 217,607,687	\$ 232,523,587	\$ 254,772,613	\$ 259,031,597	\$ 285,802,788	\$ 338,284,386

Source: Pace Annual Financial Reports

Note: The implementation of GASB 68 in 2015 resulted in a restated Beginning Unrestricted Net Position that was reduced \$28,054,075.

Statistical: Financial Trends TABLE 3

PACE
THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION
OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
SUBURBAN SERVICES FUND
WORKING CAPITAL RATIO
LAST TEN YEARS

	Current Assets		Assets Liabilities		Working Capital		Operating Expenses		Ratio of Working Capital to Operating Expense	
	<u>(in t</u>	thousands)	<u>(in ti</u>	<u>iousanas j</u>	<u>(in t</u>	housands)	<u>(in t</u>	thousands)	<u>operatin</u>	<u>g Expenses</u>
2008	\$	83,496	\$	37,763	\$	45,733	\$	171,956	26	5.6%
2009		89,869		38,260		51,609		174,415	29	9.6%
2010		101,187		36,936		64,251		176,249	36	5.5%
2011		116,542		36,369		80,173		179,690	44	1.6%
2012		132,315		41,955		90,360		190,322	47	7.5%
2013		196,217		95,391		100,826		195,832	51	l.5%
2014		149,393		53,915		95,478		209,951	45	5.5%
2015		198,277		110,562		87,715		198,142	44	1.3%
2016		146,580		61,513		85,067		254,982	33	3.4%
2017		143,193		71,206		71,987		266,572	27	7.0%

Source: Pace Annual Financial Reports

Note: The GFOA defines working capital for enterprise funds as current assets less current liabilities. The

GFOA recommends larger governments operate with at least two months of working capital equivalence of operating expenses, or a ratio of 17% of working capital to operating expenses.

Note: Operating expenses exclude depreciation expense. Refer to Exhibit 3A on page 104.

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY CHANGE IN FARE STRUCTURE CURRENT AND TEN YEARS AGO

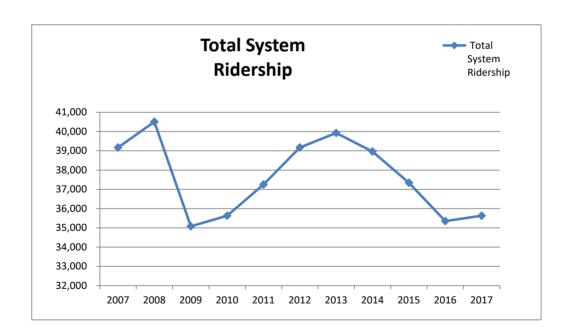
		ective 1/2017	Effective 12/31/2008			
Fare Type	Full	Reduced	Full	Reduced		
Basic Fare	\$1.75	\$0.85	\$1.50	\$0.75		
Cash Fare	\$2.00	\$1.00	-	-		
Local Fare	-	-	\$1.25	\$0.60		
Premium Fare	\$4.00	\$2.00	-	-		
Pace 30 Day Pass	\$60.00	\$30.00	\$50.00	\$25.00		
Pace Premium 30 Day Pass	\$140.00	\$70.00	-	-		
CTA/Pace 30 Day Pass	\$100.00	\$50.00	\$75.00	\$35.00		
CTA/Pace 7 Day Pass	\$33.00	-	-	-		
10 Ride Plus Regular Ticket	-	-	\$15.00	\$7.50		
10 Ride Plus Local Ticket	-	-	\$12.50	\$6.00		
10 Ride Plus Premium Ticket	-	-	\$30.00	\$15.00		
One Day Pass	\$4.00	-	\$3.50	-		
One Ride Pass	\$2.00	-	\$1.50	-		
Link-up Pass	\$55.00	-	\$36.00	-		
Plus Bus Pass	\$30.00	-	\$30.00	-		
ADA Paratransit Regular Service Ticket	\$3.00	-	\$3.00	-		
ADA Paratransit Local Service Ticket	-	-	\$2.50	-		
Taxi Access Program - City of Chicago	\$3.00	-	\$5.00	-		
Student Haul Pass	-	-	\$0.00	\$25.00		
Student Summer Pass (valid June - August)	\$45.00	-	\$40.00	-		

Source: Pace Fare Schedules

Note: Vanpool fares vary based on distance and the number of riders in the vanpool and are not included in the above schedule.

PACE
THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION
OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
SYSTEM RIDERSHIP
(in thousands)
LAST TEN YEARS

	Fixed	Dial A	_	Total Suburban	Regional ADA	Total System
Year	Route	Ride	Vanpool	Services	Paratransit	Ridership
2007	33,542	1,126	1,877	36,545	2,624	39,169
2008	34,655	1,103	2,021	37,779	2,727	40,506
2009	29,247	1,230	1,810	32,287	2,790	35,077
2010	29,292	1,273	1,751	32,316	3,310	35,626
2011	30,630	1,293	1,778	33,701	3,546	37,247
2012	32,151	1,280	1,962	35,393	3,776	39,169
2013	32,513	1,418	2,004	35,935	3,989	39,924
2014	31,686	989	2,156	34,831	4,127	38,958
2015	30,118	938	2,060	33,116	4,227	37,343
2016	28,398	892	1,881	31,171	4,178	35,349
2017	28,804	833	1,733	31,370	4,256	35,626

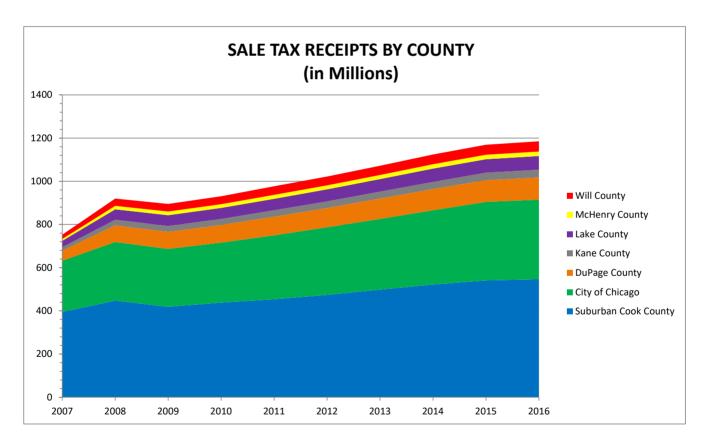


Source: Pace Budget and Ridership Reports

Note: Beginning in 2010, ADA includes companions and personal care attendants.

PACE
THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION
OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
SALES TAX COLLECTIONS FOR THE SIX COUNTY REGION
(In Millions)
LAST TEN YEARS

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>
City of Chicago Suburban Cook County	\$ 237 395	\$ 272 447	\$ 268 419	\$ 278 438	\$ 296 454	\$	313 474	\$	328 498	\$	344 522	\$	363 541	\$	369 546
DuPage County	47	77	79	82	86		89		94		98		101		103
Kane County	16	26	27	28	30		31		32		33		34		35
Lake County	29	48	50	51	53		56		58		62		63		64
McHenry County	9	16	17	17	18		18		19		20		20		21
Will County	20	34	35	37	40		41		43		45		47		47
Total	\$ 753	\$ 920	\$ 895	\$ 931	\$ 977	\$ 1	1,022	\$ 1	,072	\$ 1	,124	\$ 1	,169	\$ 1	,185



Source: RTA 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Note: The Sales Tax Rate changed on April 1, 2008

Note: Actual data for 2017 was not available

PACE
THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION
OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT
LAST TEN YEARS

<u>Year</u>	ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE		S	STANDING SPECIAL NUE BONDS	PERCENT OF OPERAT REVENU	DEBT PER RIDER		
2008	\$	_	\$	-		-	\$ _	
2009		-		-		-	_	
2010		-		-		-	-	
2011		-		-		-	-	
2012		-		-		-	-	
2013		-		-		-	-	
2014		-		-		-	-	
2015	1,442	2,500		10,800,000	1	9.4%	0.29	
2016	1,483	3,200		9,600,000	1	5.3%	0.24	
2017	1,464	1,000		8,400,000	1	5.6%	0.24	

Note:

Details regarding Pace's outstanding debt can be found on pages 6-62 of the notes to the financial statements.

Ridership totals can be found on Table 5 in the Statistical Section.

Suburban Services Fund Operating Revenues can be found on Exhibit 2

PACE
THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION
OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE
LAST TEN YEARS

SUBURBAN SERVICES FUND OPERATING

	U	I LIMIINU							
Year	REVENUE		REVENUE PRINCIPAL			EREST	COVERAGE		
2000	ታ	F0 727 000	¢		¢.			NI / A	
2008	\$	50,727,080	\$	-	\$	-		N/A	
2009		50,417,028		-		-		N/A	
2010		51,467,273		-		-		N/A	
2011		55,091,642		-		-		N/A	
2012		56,297,363		-		-		N/A	
2013		56,985,795		-		-		N/A	
2014		61,475,908	1,2	00,000	2	42,500	2	2.3%	
2015		55,569,605	1,2	00,000	2	83,200	2	2.7%	
2016		55,074,181	1,2	00,000	2	42,500	2	2.6%	
2017		53,701,358	1,2	00,000	2	64,000	2	2.7%	

Note: Details regarding Pace's outstanding debt can be found on pages 61 - 62 of the notes to the financial statements.

PACE
THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION
OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
POPULATION, PERSONAL INCOME AND UNEMPLOYMENT
LAST TEN YEARS

<u>Year</u>	Six County Population	Personal Income (in billions)	Per Capita Personal Income	Six County Average Unemployment Rate
2007	8,219,573	386,897	47,080	4.9%
2008	8,252,073	393,609	47,708	4.9%
2009	8,289,812	374,882	45,229	6.2%
2010	8,316,650	379,479	45,578	10.0%
2011	8,345,262	397,122	47,565	10.4%
2012	8,372,591	415,326	49,595	9.9%
2013	8,397,509	422,662	50,379	8.7%
2014	8,404,358	438,734	52,203	9.1%
2015	8,401,315	466,920	55,577	7.0%
2016	8,397,700	482,596	57,468	5.8%

Source: Regional Economic Information System, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Dept. of Commerce

Illinois Department of Employment Security, Local Area Unemployment Statistics United States Census Bureau, Population Estimates by County

^{* 2017} Per Capita Personal Income is not available

PACE
THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION
OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
PRINCIPLE EMPLOYERS OF THE RTA AREA
CURRENT AND TEN YEARS AGO

_		2017			2008	
•			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total			of Total
	No. of		RTA Area	No. of		RTA Area
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
US Government	41,500	1	0.96%	78,000	1	1.97%
Chicago Public Schools	35,447	2	0.82%	43,910	2	1.11%
City of Chicago	31,160	3	0.72%	35,570	3	0.90%
Cook County	21,316	4	0.49%	22,142	5	0.56%
Advocate Heath Care	19,049	5	0.44%	15,660	6	0.39%
Northwest Memorial Healthcare	16,667	6	0.39%			
University of Chicago	16,583	7	0.38%	15,660	7	0.39%
JP Morgan Chase & Co.	15,701	8	0.36%			
State of Illinois	14,690	9	0.34%			
Amazon	13,240	10	0.31%			
Walmart Stores				23,453	4	0.59%
Walgreen				14,287	8	0.36%
AT&T				14,254	9	0.36%
United Airlines				14,000	10	0.35%

Source: Crain's Chicago Business Annual List of Largest Employers
Illinois Department of Employment Security, Local Area Unemployment Statistics
RTA's 2008 CAFR

Statistical: Operating Information TABLE 11

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY CAPITAL ASSETS AND INFRASTRUCTURE INFORMATION

CURRENT DATA

					PACE RO	OLLING	G ST	OCK - ACTIV	E FLEET							
Fixed Route	(Fully Acces	ssible)		<u>Paratransit (</u> F	ully Access	ible)		<u>Vanpool</u>				Community Transit Vehicles				
Manufacturer	Number of Vehicles		Age	Manufacturer	Number of Vehicles		Age	Туре	Number of Vehicles		Age	Туре	Number of Vehicles		Age	
Orion I 40'	23	2001	16	Eldorado Buses 24'	8	2008	9	Vans	2	2003	14	Champion Crusader	16	2007	10	
Nabi 35'	20	2002	15	Eldorado Vans 23'	7	2009	8	Vans	0	2004	13	Champion Crusader	19	2009	8	
Nabi 35'	38	2003	14	Eldorado Buses 23'	13	2009	8	Vans	7	2005	12	Champion Crusader	8	2012	5	
Nabi 40'	70	2003	14	Eldorado Vans 22'	31	2010	7	Vans	18	2006	11	Vans	34	2013	4	
Orion 40'	6	2004	13	Eldorado Buses 23'	143	2010	7	Vans	24	2007	10	Champion Crusader	20	2015	2	
Nabi 40'	58	2005	12	Eldorado Buses 25'	156	2014	3	Vans	7	2008	9	Champion Crusader	35	2017	0	
ElDorado 30'	31	2006	11	Champion Buses 22'	98	2014	3	Vans	24	2009	8	•				
ElDorado 30'	77	2007	10	Eldorado Buses 25'	50	2016	1	Vans	43	2010	7					
ElDorado 30'	32	2008	9					Vans	50	2011	6					
ElDorado 30'	24	2009	8					Vans	82	2012	5					
ElDorado 30'	59	2010	7					Vans	252	2013	4					
Orion Hybrid 30'	2	2012	5					Vans	90	2016	1					
ElDorado 30'	4	2012	5					Vans	118	2017	0					
ElDorado 40'	13	2012	5													
ElDorado 40'	63	2013	4													
MCI 40'	13	2014	3													
ElDorado 40'	20	2014	3													
ElDorado 40'	65	2015	2													
MCI 40'	9	2015	2													
ElDorado CNG 40'	20	2016	1													
ElDorado 40'	62	2016	1													
ElDorado 40'	28	2017	0													
ElDorado Trolley	7	2017	0													
ElDorado CNG 40'	28	2017	0													
MCI 40'	8	2017	0													
Total	780			Total	506			Total	717			Total	132			
Average Age	7.2			Average Age	4.5			Average Age	4.1			Average Age	4.0			

Facilities	
Park -N- Rides	13
Transportation Centers	8
Transfer Facilities	2
Operating Garages	10

Source: Pace 2017 Operating and Capital Program

PACE
THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION
OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN YEARS

	General Administration	Regional ADA Paratransit	Vehicle Operations	Vehicle <u>Maintenance</u>	Non-Vehicle <u>Maintenance</u>	Total FTE
2000	200	27	0.47	242	22	1 440
2008	200	37	947	242	23	1,449
2009	206	36	956	243	23	1,464
2010	206	36	943	244	23	1,452
2011	206	36	943	244	23	1,452
2012	219	35	971	247	23	1,495
2013	231	35	994	248	25	1,533
2014	239	35	992	277	25	1,568
2015	239	34	1,026	277	25	1,601
2016	232	38	1,063	284	25	1,642
2017	232	39	1,144	307	27	1,749

Statistical: Operating Information TABLE 13

PACE
THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION
OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
OPERATING INDICATORS
LAST TEN YEARS

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Fixed Route Service										
Number of Fixed Routes	220	213	194	194	194	199	195	209	212	224
Number of Accessible Routes	220	213	194	194	194	199	195	209	212	224
Number of Private Contractors	3	4	4	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
Number of Municipal Contractors	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
Paratransit										
Number of Communities Served	210	210	210	210	210	210	210	210	210	210
Number of Local Dial-a-Ride (DAR) Projects	65	65	66	68	68	68	68	67	65	68
Vanpool										
Vehicles in Service	695	690	673	708	738	781	785	767	719	668
Vehicle Miles (000's)										
Fixed Route	24,906	24,893	24,167	23,704	24,144	24,822	25,757	27,048	28,107	31,985
DAR/Ride DuPage/Kane	4,061	5,007	5,225	5,357	5,579	5,807	5,638	5,372	5,264	5,136
Vanpool	12,679	11,842	11,295	11,732	12,662	13,167	12,776	11,717	10,661	9,824
Regional ADA Paratransit *	4,974	23,517	23,298	27,581	29,779	31,892	33,777	34,603	34,250	33,551
Vehcile Hours (000's)										
Fixed Route	1,656	1,658	1,614	1,581	1,602	1,636	1,688	1,753	1,820	2,079
DAR/Ride DuPage/Kane	286	274	278	285	299	309	308	295	282	265
Regional ADA Paratransit **	1,336	1,651	1,634	1,895	1,900	2,032	2,252	2,369	2,361	2,325

Source: Pace Budgets

Note:

Vehicle Miles and Hours for 2017 are estimates.

^{*} Beginning in 2009, vehicle miles include ADA for Chicago ADA

^{**} Beginning in 2008, vehicle hours include ADA for Chicago ADA

Other Information

SECTION FOUR - OTHER INFORMATION

Schedule of Farebox Recovery Ratio —Suburban Services Fund	122
Schedule of Farebox Recovery Ratio— Regional ADA Paratransit Services Fund	123
Combining Schedule of Fixed Route Carrier Financial Results—Public Funded Carriers	124
Combining Schedule of Fixed Route Carrier Financial Results—Private Contract Carriers	125
Combining Schedule of Paratransit Municipal - Carrier Expense	126
Combining Schedule of Paratransit Carrier Financial Results - Private Contract Carriers - Non-ADA Services	127
Combining Schedule of Paratransit Carrier Financial Results - Private Contract Carriers - ADA Services	128
Schedule of Projects Funded/To Be Funded From Unrestricted Net Position	129



PACE

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SUBURBAN SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF FAREBOX RECOVERY RATIO FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

REVENUE	
Pace-Owned Service Revenue	\$ 31,529,471
CMAQ/JARC Passenger Revenue	197,354
Fixed Route Carrier Revenue	3,147,559
Paratransit Revenue	11,120,226
Van Pool Revenue	2,637,916
Reduced Fare Reimbursement	1,346,001
Advertising Revenue	2,833,629
Interest on Investments	729,291
Miscellaneous	889,202
* Senior's Ride Free	2,132,251
** Not-For-Profit Service Providers Revenue	 10,668,755
Total System Generated Revenue	\$ 67,231,655
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Pace-Owned Service Expenses	\$ 97,442,666
CMAQ/JARC Expenses	5,222,387
Contract Payments:	
Fixed Route Carriers	9,891,307
Paratransit Carriers	17,858,042
Van Pool Expenses	2,456,557
Centralized Operations	66,880,049
Administrative Expenses	33,158,972
Indirect Overhead Allocation	(6,708,454)
** Not-For-Profit Service Providers Expense	10,668,755
*** Pension Expense in Excess of Actual Contributions	 (3,914,617)
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 232,955,664
FAREBOX RECOVERY RATIO	 28.9%

^{*} Legislation was created in 2011 for the Seniors Circuit Ride Free program and the Seniors Reduced Fare program. Due to the revenue lost from these free and reduced fare rides, the RTA has allowed Pace to reflect the uncollected fares in its recovery ratio calculation.

^{**} Pace has a relationship with entities involved in the Advantage Program in which Pace leases a vehicle to that entity in order to provide public transportation. Revenues and expenses incurred by such entities can be included in the recovery ratio calculation.

^{***} It is the opinion of the RTA that pension expense in excess of actual contributions can be excluded from Operating Expenses for recovery ratio calculation purposes.

PACE

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY REGIONAL ADA PARATRANSIT SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF FAREBOX RECOVERY RATIO FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

FAREBOX RECOVERY RATIO		10.00%
Total Operating Expenses	<u> </u>	130,332,000
Total Operating Expenses	\$	130,532,660
* Capital Cost of Contracting		(43,759,236)
Indirect Overhead Allocation		6,708,454
Administrative Expenses		7,737,796
Centralized Operations		3,165,152
ADA Services Expenses	\$	156,680,494
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Total System Generated Revenue	\$	13,053,266
Miscellaneous		1,927,287
Interest on Investments		193,436
ADA Services Revenue	\$	10,932,543
REVENUE		

^{*} Under a 2008 change in legislation, the ADA Paratransit recovery ratio calculation now includes an expense credit for costs incurred by ADA Paratransit contractors for their capital expenses. In 2017, there is \$43,759,236 of Capital Cost of Contacting funding included in the recovery ratio calculation.

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIXED ROUTE CARRIER FINANCIAL RESULTS - PUBLIC FUNDED CARRIERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Direct <u>Expense</u>	Total Centralized <u>Expense</u>	PACE <u>Funding</u>	Net Passenger <u>Revenue</u>	Public <u>Funding</u>
City of Highland Park Village of Niles Village of Schaumburg	\$ 1,407,100 1,399,326 417,653	\$ 92,164 803,330 26,084	\$ 1,499,263 2,202,655 443,737	\$ 652,267 509,262 257,052	\$ 846,996 1,693,393 186,684
TOTAL	\$ 3,224,078	\$ 921,577	\$ 4,145,655	\$ 1,418,581	\$ 2,727,073

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIXED ROUTE CARRIER FINANCIAL RESULTS - PRIVATE CONTRACT CARRIERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Regular Fixed Route	Operating <u>Expenses</u>		Passenger <u>Revenue</u>		Net <u>Expenses</u>	
First Student First Transit MV Transportation	\$ 3,748, 540, 2,378,	003	1,022,869 27,009 679,100	\$	2,725,716 512,994 1,699,540	
TOTALS	\$ 6,667,	228 \$	1,728,978	\$	4,938,250	

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY COMBINING SCHEDULE OF PARATRANSIT MUNICIPAL - CARRIER EXPENSE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

<u>CARRIER</u>	TOTAL <u>REVENUE</u>	TOTAL <u>EXPENSE</u>	OPERATING <u>DEFICIT</u>	PACE <u>ASSISTANCE</u>	NON-PACE ASSISTANCE
Bensenville	\$ 19,457	\$ 252,856	\$ 233,399	\$ 23,214	\$ 210,185
Bloom	23,528	333,777	310,249	46,116	264,133
Crestwood	4,381	85,430	81,049	13,608	67,441
Forest Park	22,749	105,233	82,484	61,863	20,621
Lemont	5,819	83,367	77,548	16,962	60,586
Lyons	16,999	284,737	267,738	43,104	224,634
Norridge	7,856	93,267	85,411	17,508	67,903
Oak Park	6,942	108,974	102,032	(118,998)	221,030
Orland Park	18,904	266,458	247,554	28,491	219,063
Palatine	19,940	154,754	134,814	22,764	112,050
Palos Hills	8,010	66,939	58,929	14,562	44,367
Park Forest	18,625	101,957	83,332	37,332	46,000
Rich Township	25,455	354,116	328,661	39,942	288,719
Schaumburg	70,229	1,183,459	1,113,230	194,730	918,500
Stickney	19,951	274,572	254,621	52,155	202,466
Tinley Park	7,404	65,879	58,475	17,640	40,835
Vernon Township	3,172	147,304	144,132	9,315	134,817
Worth	5,903	228,705	222,802	17,661	205,141
Total	\$ 305,324	\$ 4,191,784	\$ 3,886,460	\$ 537,969	\$ 3,348,491

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY COMBINING SCHEDULE OF PARATRANSIT CARRIER FINANCIAL RESULTS - PRIVATE CONTRACT CARRIERS - NON -ADA SERVICES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

<u>Project</u>	Contract <u>Expense</u>	Passenger <u>Revenue</u>	Non - Pace <u>Assistance</u>	Net Contract <u>Cost</u>
Bloomingdale Township	\$ 277,183	\$ 22,710	\$ 81,768	\$ 172,705
Call Centers	767,164	Ψ 22, 710	φ 01,700 -	767,164
Call in Rides	1,628,944	100,518	_	1,528,426
Central Lake	42,281	8,527	10,239	23,515
Central Will	479,577	46,239	120,847	312,491
Community Service Transit	69,635	111,649	-	(42,014)
Downers Grove	116,381	15,246	30,746	70,389
DuPage County	21,005	3,085	, -	17,920
DuPage Township	112,706	6,065	29,091	77,550
Elk Grove	343,775	12,486	282,571	48,718
Leyden Township	112,065	7,434	87,840	16,791
McHenry County	338,737	18,028	316,893	3,816
Milton Township	259,304	64,481	9,263	185,560
Naperville/Lisle	1,019,237	228,461	474,193	316,583
Northeast Lake	317,765	15,877	26,057	275,831
Northeast Lake-Zion	57,771	3,395	12,098	42,278
Northwest Kane - Hampshire	18,885	704	4,545	13,636
Northwest Lake	137,708	23,774	-	113,934
Northwest Lake Demo	254,170	37,708	185,080	31,382
North Suburban Cook - Non-ADA	62,097	3,655	18,714	39,728
North Suburban Cook - Trip	236,906	35,485	-	201,421
Pioneer Center	263,350	3,408		259,942
Ride DuPage	1,566,449	221,784	949,249	395,416
Ride In Kane	2,641,812	345,835	1,787,415	508,562
Ride Lake	112,152	13,884	104,777	(6,509)
Ride McHenry	1,718,989	179,876	829,543	709,570
Shields Township	42,538	4,828	11,756	25,954
South Cook	51,624	-	-	51,624
Southwest Lake-Wauconda	10,145	-	-	10,145
Southwest Will	30,509	2,487	8,933	19,089
TriState Park Shuttle	3,759	-	-	3,759
Wayne Township	59,058	5,027	16,687	37,344
West Cook	141,625	-	131,681	9,944
Will County	350,949	32,677	361,093	(42,821)
Total	\$ 13,666,255	\$ 1,575,333	\$ 5,891,079	\$ 6,199,843

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY COMBINING SCHEDULE OF PARATRANSIT CARRIER FINANCIAL RESULTS - PRIVATE CONTRACT CARRIERS - ADA SERVICES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	ADA SERVICES					
<u>Project</u>		Contract <u>Expense</u>	Passenger <u>Revenue</u>			Net Contract <u>Cost</u>
South Cook	\$	9,355,872	\$	849,827		8,506,045
North Suburban Cook		7,748,089		880,867		6,867,222
West Cook (Suburban)		3,378,747		330,148		3,048,599
North Lake		1,407,553		163,808		1,243,745
Kane County		699,753		65,780		633,973
Southwest/Central Will		680,940		58,644		622,296
DuPage County		2,070,368		193,863		1,876,505
Chicago ADA		131,339,172		8,389,606		122,949,566
Total	\$	156,680,494	\$	10,932,543	\$	145,747,951
Iotai	Ψ	130,000,77	Ψ	10,752,573	Ψ	173,/7/,/31

PACE

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS FUNDED/TO BE FUNDED FROM UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 WITH COMPARATIVE INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

The Unrestricted Net Position detailed in footnote 12 on pages 87 - 88 is comprised of the unexpended portion of the accumulated positive budget variance.

portion of the accumulated	роз	2017	iurree.	<u>2016</u>
Group I: Approved and Completed	\$	19,714,797	\$	16,298,695
Group II: Approved and in Progress				
Computer Equipment - Multiple projects	\$	2,519,943	\$	2,453,278
Software for Insurance System	Ψ	0	Ψ	30,000
Facilities Environmental Cleanup		511,337		511,337
Barrington Rd (1-90) BRT Ramp/underpass		2,500,000		2,500,000
Barrington Rd (1-90) Pedestrian Bridge - Engineering	г	654,000		654,000
Barrington Rd (1-90) Pedestrian Bridge Barrington Rd (1-90) Pedestrian Bridge	•	8,400,000		-
Plainfield Parn and Ride Lot - Engineering		1,000,000		
Over the Road Bus Purchase (5)		1,000,000		3,300,000
Support Equipment/Non-Revenue Vehicles		1,051,733		1,051,733
I-90 Corridor Infrastructure		1,160,000		1,160,000
Milwaukee Ave Infrastructure		800,000		800,000
Facilities Site/Environment Review		350,119		350,119
Bus Shelters/Pads		1,000,000		1,000,000
Bus Stop Shelters/Signs		1,000,000		1,000,000
Bus Stop Infrastructure Improvements		1,250,000		1,250,000
Sign & Shelters		20,000		20,000
Sales proceeds designated for Capital Projects		1,104,671		886,606
A/E for Capital Projects		3,372,706		3,372,706
Oracle Refresh		5,000,000		3,372,700
Land Easement		350,000		
Transit Asset Management Plan - Consulting		805,253		
Northshore Division Improvements		206,697		3,000,000
South Div CNG Construction/General Contingency		2,000,000		2,000,000
Improvements to Garages - Multiple Years		627,680		631,792
Improvements to Garages - Multiple Tears Improvements to Facilities		705,000		031,792
Real Time Next Bus Stop Signs		160,000		160,000
Real Time Link - Schedules/Next Bus Info		15,300		15,300
Related Capital Projects/Support Services		81,883		81,883
Rosemont Transit Center Improvements - A/E		1,500,000		1,500,000
Unanticipated Capital - Multiple Years		205,686		599,506
Totals Approved and in Progress		38,352,008		28,328,260
		30,332,000		20,320,200
Group III: Approved But Not Yet Started Land Easements - Milwaukee ART				250,000
		2 042 000		350,000
25' - 30' Cut Away Buses Replacements		2,043,000		200.000
Improve Security System - Systemwide		300,000		300,000
Computer Systems		300,000		300,000
Improvements to Facilities		-		705,000
Pedestrian Bridge at Barrington Rd I-90		-		8,400,000
Plainfield Park-N-ride Lot Engineering		-		1,000,000
Transit Asset Management Plan - Consulting		4 000 000		550,000
Plainfield Park and Ride Construction		4,800,000		-
Unanticipated Capital - 2017		239,913	-	11 (05 000
Totals Approved But Not Yet Started		7,682,913		11,605,000
Total Commitments		65,749,718		56,231,955
Previously Recognized Expenditures		(34,288,855)		(26,128,549)
Net Commitments	\$	31,460,863	\$	30,103,406