



THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF
THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION
AUTHORITY
SERVING NORTHEASTERN ILLINOIS

FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2013

2013 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended December 31, 2013



Pace Suburban Bus Service 550 W. Algonquin Road Arlington Heights, IL 60005

Prepared by the Finance Department

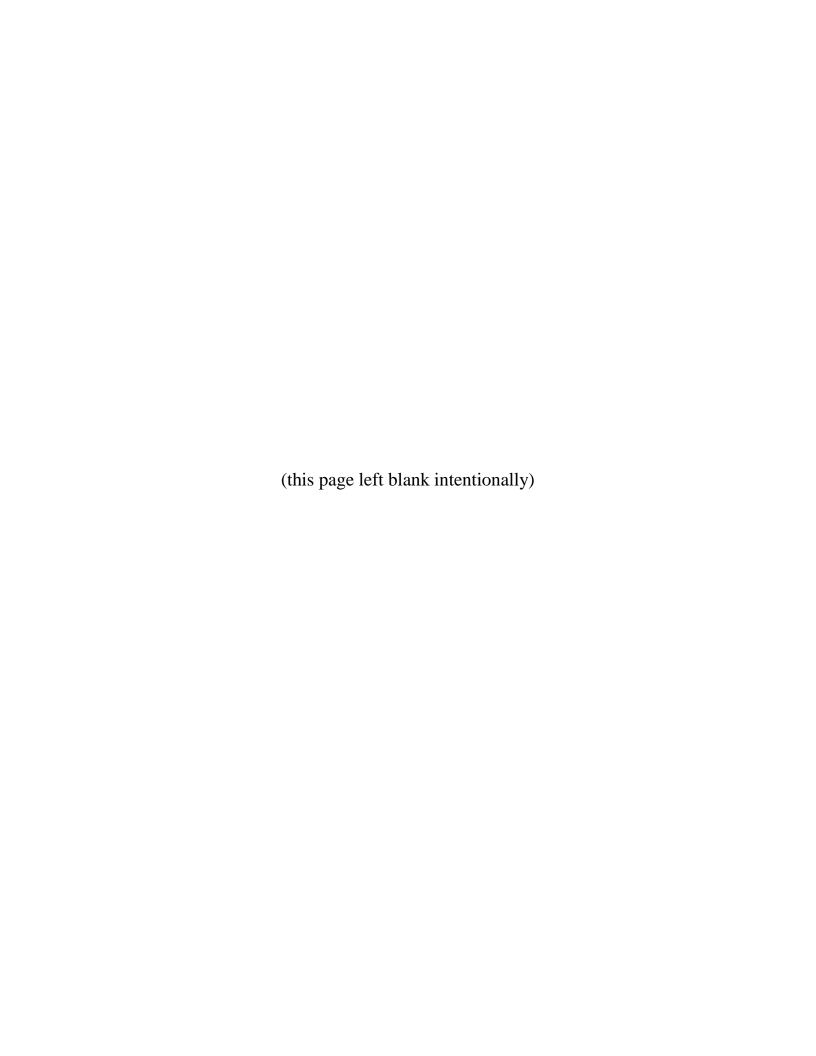
Visit the Pace website for more information www.pacebus.com

Pace

The Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority 2013 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Table of Contents

Section One - Introductory

·	
Letter of Transmittal	3
List of Principle Officials	10
Organizational Chart	11
Organizational Chart	11
Section Two - Financial	
Independent Auditor's Report	15
Management's Discussion and Analysis	19
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	32
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes	
in Net Position	35
Statement of Cash Flows	36
Notes to the Financial Statements	39
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Funding Progress	69
Other Supplementary Exhibits:	
Statement of Net Position by Fund	70
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes	
in Net Position by Fund	73
Schedule of Revenues and Expenses Budget and Actual	
Suburban Services Fund	74
Schedule of Revenues and Expenses Budget and Actual	75
Regional ADA Paratransit Services Fund	75
Section Three – Statistical	
Financial Trends	
Net Position by Component	78
Change in Net Position	79
Working Capital Ratio	80



Pace

The Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority 2013 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Table of Contents (continued)

Section Three – Statistical (continued)

Revenue Capacity	
Change in Fare Structure	81
System Ridership	82
Sales Tax Collection for the Six County Region	83
Demographic and Economic Information	
Population, Personal Income and Unemployment	84
Top Ten Principle Employers	85
Operating Information	
Capital Assets and Infrastructure Information	86
Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function/Program	87
Operating Indicators	89
Section Four – Other Information Schedule of Farebox Recovery Ratio – Suburban	
Services Fund	92
Schedule of Farebox Recovery Ratio – Regional ADA	92
Paratransit Services Fund	93
Combining Schedule of Fixed Route Carrier Financial	
Results - Public Funded Carriers	,,
	94
Combining Schedule of Fixed Route Carrier Financial	94
Combining Schedule of Fixed Route Carrier Financial Results - Private Contract Carriers	
Combining Schedule of Fixed Route Carrier Financial Results - Private Contract Carriers	94
Combining Schedule of Fixed Route Carrier Financial Results - Private Contract Carriers	94 95
Combining Schedule of Fixed Route Carrier Financial Results - Private Contract Carriers Combining Schedule of Paratransit Municipal - Carrier Expense	94 95
Combining Schedule of Fixed Route Carrier Financial Results - Private Contract Carriers Combining Schedule of Paratransit Municipal - Carrier Expense Combining Schedule of Paratransit Carrier Financial	94 95
Combining Schedule of Fixed Route Carrier Financial Results - Private Contract Carriers Combining Schedule of Paratransit Municipal - Carrier Expense Combining Schedule of Paratransit Carrier Financial Results - Private Contract Carriers – Non-ADA	94 95 96
Combining Schedule of Fixed Route Carrier Financial Results - Private Contract Carriers Combining Schedule of Paratransit Municipal - Carrier Expense Combining Schedule of Paratransit Carrier Financial Results - Private Contract Carriers – Non-ADA Services	94 95 96
Combining Schedule of Fixed Route Carrier Financial Results - Private Contract Carriers Combining Schedule of Paratransit Municipal - Carrier Expense Combining Schedule of Paratransit Carrier Financial Results - Private Contract Carriers – Non-ADA Services Combining Schedule of Paratransit Carrier Financial Results - Private Contract Carriers – ADA Services Schedule of Projects Funded/To Be Funded From	94 95 96 97
Combining Schedule of Fixed Route Carrier Financial Results - Private Contract Carriers Combining Schedule of Paratransit Municipal - Carrier Expense Combining Schedule of Paratransit Carrier Financial Results - Private Contract Carriers – Non-ADA Services Combining Schedule of Paratransit Carrier Financial Results - Private Contract Carriers – ADA Services	94 95 96 97



SECTION ONE - INTRODUCTORY

Letter of Transmittal	3
List of Principle Officials	10
Organizational Chart	11



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May 28, 2014

The Board of Directors
Pace, the Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority
Arlington Heights, Illinois

Dear Honorable Board Members:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for Pace, the Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority (RTA), for fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 is hereby submitted.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with Pace's management. A comprehensive system of internal controls has been established by the management of Pace to ensure that the financial statements are fairly presented. Disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of Pace's financial activities have been included.

Pace is required by the RTA Act to undergo an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. Crowe Horwath LLP performed the audit and issued an unmodified opinion on Pace's financial statements. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report. Crowe Horwath LLP also conducted an audit of Pace's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2013 based on the Single Audit Act of 1996 and the requirements of the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of State and Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations.

The CAFR is presented in four sections: Introductory, Financial, Statistical and Other Information. The Introductory Section includes this letter of transmittal, Pace's organizational chart, and a list of principle officials. The Financial Section includes the independent auditor's report, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the basic financial statements, the notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information and other supplementary information. The Statistical Section includes selected financial, economic and demographic information for comparative periods which is useful for depicting historical trends. The Other Information Section includes farebox recovery ratio schedules and schedules of contract carrier revenues and expenses.

The MD&A immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

In 1974, the Illinois General Assembly adopted, and a six-county referendum approved, the establishment of the RTA. The RTA was to serve as a mechanism through which State funds and taxes authorized by the referendum would flow to the Chicago Transit Agency ("CTA"), the several railroads providing commuter rail services to Chicago, and to a host of public and private bus companies operating in the region outside the City of Chicago. The RTA was also authorized to contract directly for the provision of bus service to the suburban area outside the City of Chicago.

By 1983, mass transit in the northeastern Illinois six-county region consisting of Cook DuPage, Will, Lake, Kane and McHenry counties was facing financial challenges. The Illinois General Assembly responded by amending the RTA Act to restructure both the funding and the structure of the RTA. The authority of the RTA to directly contract for bus service was eliminated. Instead, three service boards were created effective on July 1, 1984; one being the CTA, the second being the Northeast Illinois Railroad Corporation ("Metra"), and the third being the Suburban Bus Division of the RTA ("Pace"). The CTA remained responsible for heavy rail and bus service in Chicago as well as in some suburbs adjacent to Chicago. Metra became responsible for providing commuter rail service in the six-county region. Pace became responsible for providing bus transportation services in suburban Cook County and the five Collar Counties. The RTA remained a taxing authority, but otherwise was limited to serving as a fiscal and policy oversight agency for the six-county area.

In the ensuing years Pace assumed the operation of a host of public and privately owned bus companies. Besides providing fixed route service, Pace also initiated demandresponsive service, vanpool service and Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) paratransit service outside of Chicago. Pace provides these services through a mixture of its own facilities and equipment, as well as private and municipal contracted services.

In July of 2005, an Illinois House passed a bill making Pace the sole provider of ADA services for the region including the City of Chicago. Pace assumed the Chicago ADA service from the CTA on July 1, 2006.

Structure

Pace is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of thirteen members. Six directors are appointed by the suburban members of the Cook County Board of Commissioners, five directors are appointed by the chairman of the county boards of the five Collar Counties (DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry and Will), and one director is the Commissioner of the Chicago Mayor's Office for People with Disabilities. The Chairman of the Pace Board is appointed by a majority of the suburban Cook County Commissioners, and the Chairman of the Collar County Boards.

Each member of the Pace Board, except the Commissioner of the Chicago Mayor's Office of People with Disabilities, must be a mayor or village president from his or her respective region, or a former mayor or village president and, in either case, must reside in his or her respective region. The Chairman of the Board need not be a mayor or former mayor. Each Board member and the Chairman serve a four year term.

Services

Pace operates fixed route service throughout the six county area serving over 200 municipalities. The fixed route service is operated out of Pace's nine operating divisions as well as through contracted service operated by both public and private carriers. In November of 2011, Pace in conjunction with the Illinois Department of Transportation introduced Bus-On-Shoulder express routes that run from Plainfield to downtown Chicago. A premium fare is charged for these routes. The routes were expanded in 2012 and 2013 to address the increased demand for the service. The service expansion is funded through the Congestion Mitigation Air Quality ("CMAQ") program.

Pace contracts with a number of outside carriers that provide Dial-A-Ride service to the communities in Pace's region. In most cases, Pace has a financial partnership with a city or township to pay for and operate the Dial-A-Ride service. Dial-A-Ride programs have different rules on fares, geographic boundaries and passenger eligibility. Pace has also implemented a number of centralized Call-N-Ride services that provide curb to curb service through the use of a reservation based system. This service is similar to Dial-A-Ride, except that everyone is eligible to ride. Passengers need to call to reserve a trip only one hour in advance.

The ADA Paratransit service is required by the Americans with Disabilities Act and is provided for customers whose disability or health condition prevents them from using CTA and/or Pace fixed route services for some or all of their travel. Only persons who are certified by the Regional Transportation Authority are eligible to ride ADA Paratransit. Trips are only provided at the same times and within the same geographic areas as fixed route. In 2006, CTA assigned to Pace their existing contracts with three private companies to provide ADA service for the City of Chicago. Pace has since contracted with a fourth provider that provides overflow ADA service in the City of Chicago. In addition to the four private carriers, Pace also contracts with a number of taxi companies to provide service for the Taxi Access Program ("TAP") and Mobility Direct program in the City of Chicago.

Pace's traditional Vanpool program (VIP) program allows people that live or work in the same area to commute together for a low monthly fare. Pace expanded its traditional Vanpool program to local communities by offering employer shuttle service and Metra feeder service. Pace provides vans to organizations or workshops that provide work related transportation service to persons with disabilities through its Advantage Program. Pace also has a Community Vehicle Program that offers townships and communities the opportunity to use vans to implement a transportation program or to supplement their existing transportation services.

Pace is the designated public rideshare administrator for Northeastern Illinois. The program provides a free matching service to commuters who are interested in forming carpools or vanpools.

Organization

Pace operates its directly provided transportation services out of nine operating divisions. Each operating division has its own collective bargaining agreement, which covers wages, fringe benefits and working conditions as well as retirement plans for bus operators, mechanics and servicers.

Pace has an acceptance facility that prepares new deliveries of fixed route and paratransit buses for service to all Pace locations. This facility also services all of the electronic accessories associated with buses such as revenue collection devices, communication devices, destination signs and the equipment used as part of Pace's Intelligent Bus System.

Pace has a central headquarters facility in suburban Cook County that houses Pace senior management and the personnel responsible for revenue, planning and administrative services. In 2006, Pace opened an administrative office in Chicago to house personnel that support the ADA services. In addition to these facilities, Pace also has nine transportation and transfer centers, eighteen bus turnaround facilities and eight Park-n-Ride lots.

Revenue and Funding

Pace generates operating income through a formal fare structure based on the bus and vanpool service that it provides. Pace also relies on operating assistance received from federal and local funding sources. Pace's primary source of non-operating assistance comes from the RTA in the form of sales taxes. Sales taxes authorized by the RTA Act are collected by the Illinois Department of Revenue and apportioned to the three service boards by the RTA. Legislation passed in 2008 established new sales tax and PTF funding that designated monies for an ADA Paratransit Fund as well as other funding to support additional service and projects that enhance ridership and improve transit. Details regarding Sales Tax and PTF funding can be found on page 29 of the MD&A.

In addition to operating assistance, Pace also receives capital funding from the Federal Transit Administration ("FTA"), Illinois Department of Transportation ("IDOT") and the RTA. A summary of the capital funding received in 2013 is detailed on page 23 of the MD&A.

Financial Planning

Pace is subject to the budgetary controls of the RTA Act, which requires Pace to submit an annual budget, a three year financial plan for the proposed budget, and a five year capital plan. The RTA notifies Pace of their estimated sales tax funding expected to be available during the upcoming fiscal year and next two following years. Pace must then prepare and publish a comprehensive annual budget and financial plan which complies with the RTA funding estimates. Prior to submitting the budget to the RTA, Pace must hold at least one public hearing in each county that it services. After incorporating input received during the public hearings, Pace finalizes its budget and submits it to the RTA by November 15 of each year.

Local Economy

The six-county RTA region, which comprises Pace's service area, is the largest component of the Chicago Metropolitan Area. Economic forecasts show the Chicago area economy will improve slightly more than what it did in 2013. Moody's Analytics predict the Chicago region's economic output to expand by 2.9%, slightly better than the estimated 2.6% expansion seen in 2013, and by 3.8% for 2015. Retail sales, an indication of consumer spending and overall economic stability, in the RTA area, increased significantly during 2013. The RTA estimates the sales tax growth for 2014 to be at 4.8%.

Financial Polices

In order to allow for the payment of obligations in a timely manner, the Pace Board of Directors adopted a Working Cash Policy in 2004. The policy requires the unrestricted net position of the Suburban Services Fund to be the value of at least eight percent (8%) of the current operating budget.

The Pace Board of Directors updated the Investment Policy in December 2013. The policy conforms to all applicable Illinois statues and incorporates the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") investment best practices. The primary objective of the policy is to invest in public funds in a manner which will maximize return, minimize risk and meet the daily cash flow needs of Pace. The investment policy applies to all financial assets of Pace except the employee pension funds which have their own investment policies.

Pace also adopted a Debt Management Policy in December 2013, in response to its statutory authority granted through legislation to issue revenue bonds effective January 1, 2013. Pace is authorized to issue up to \$100 million in bonds for four specific projects. The Debt Management Policy recognizes the statutory authority to issue debt and incorporates GFOA best practices for debt management within the policy.

Major Initiatives

In 2012, Pace partnered with the CTA to implement a new open standards fare system. The new system, Ventra, is account based and allows commuters to consolidate their transit fare products into one card that can then be registered to the customer's account. The Ventra system allows riders to purchase a specific fare product that can be used on CTA or Pace service. The riders also have the ability to load stored value onto their account and pay for fares on a pay as you go basis. The customers have the ability to purchase Ventra cards and the associated fare products via the Ventra website, by phone, at a vending machine or at retail locations throughout the Chicago and suburban areas. Equipment installed on the buses and at the rail stations allow the rider to tap their Ventra card to pay for their ride. The system reads the fare product or stored value associated with the card and grants access to the bus or rail system. In August 2013, the Ventra system was rolled out to select group of student riders. In September 2013, the Ventra system was made available to all riders. Pace conducted a number of outreach programs to educate riders on the use of the new Ventra system. Both CTA and Pace continued to accept both the new Ventra cards as well as the existing fare media through the end of 2013. A full transition to the Ventra system is anticipated for 2014.

Pace continued to expand its Bus-On-Shoulder program and purchased thirteen new coach buses for this program. In 2011, legislation was passed to allow Pace to begin a Bus-On-Shoulder program along Interstate 55, an expressway linking the southwest suburbs to Chicago's central business district, the Loop. This program became so popular in the southwest suburbs, where rail transit is lacking, that parking space at the available Park-N-Ride lots became a premium and more buses were needed to meet the demand.

The Illinois Tollway is providing \$240 million to integrate transit as part of the Jane Addams Memorial Tollway (I-90) Rebuilding and Widening Project. The I-90 corridor from Chicago to Rockford serves nearly one million travelers per day. As part of this project, three Park-n-Ride facilities will be constructed on the Tollway. Pace will create new routes and expand existing service to improve transit from Chicago to Elgin. The first phase of the service enhancements took place in 2013. The widening is scheduled to be complete in 2016. A network of express buses will service Park-n-Rides adjacent to the tollway and riders can connect to local bus routes or Call-N-Ride services. The final plans include provisions for use of Bus-On-Shoulder operations, High Occupancy Vehicle lanes or a similar alternative with the goal of improving on-time performance and increasing ridership.

Pace will begin construction on its South Division garage and convert it into a compressed natural gas facility. This project's proposed financing includes Pace's first bond issue.

Pace will continue to plan and implement the Transit Signal Priority Program, in which traffic signals are coordinated with bus routes to insure bus transit time remains on schedule. The Transit Signal Priority Program will allow traffic signals to turn green when matched with an approaching bus and the published schedule for that bus. The ending result will be better customer service, but also operational savings in fuel and labor costs.

Finally, Pace will continue to expand its vanpool program and has budgeted funds to replace several fixed route buses, paratransit vehicles and vans.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Federal Transit Administration ("FTA") issued Pace an Achievement of Excellence for the Triennial Review conducted for Fiscal Year 2013. The award is presented to public transportation providers and agencies who have no final report findings in the areas examined. The FTA and its auditors reviewed Pace's compliance in 18 areas and found no deficiencies.

The GFOA presented Pace with an award of Distinguished Budget Presentation for its annual budget for fiscal year beginning January 1, 2013. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan and as a communication device.

We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report meets the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA for its consideration.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efforts of the staff at Pace. In particular, we wish to express our appreciation to the members of the Finance Department who contributed to the preparation of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Terrance Brannon

Deputy Executive Director,

Internal Services

Dominick Cuomo Chief Financial Officer

550 West Algonquin Road, Arlington Heights, Illinois 60005 847.364.8130

www.pacebus.com



PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2013

Board of Directors

Chairman Richard A. Kwasneski

Directors

Central Suburban Cook County Alan Nowaczyk South Suburban Cook County Terry R. Wells Southwest Suburban Cook County Kyle R. Hastings Northwest Suburban Cook County Al Larson DuPage County Thomas D. Marcucci Will County Frank C. Mitchell North Central Suburban Cook County **Bradley Stephens** Jeffery D. Schielke Kane County McHenry County Aaron T. Shepley North Shore Suburban Cook County Christopher S. Canning

Richard Welton

Karen Tamley

Mayor's Office for People with Disabilities,

City of Chicago

Lake County

Administration

Executive Director

Deputy Executive Director, Internal Services

Deputy Executive Director, Revenue Services

Deputy Executive Director, Strategic Services

Deputy Executive Director, Strategic Services

Melinda J. Metzger

Michael Bolton

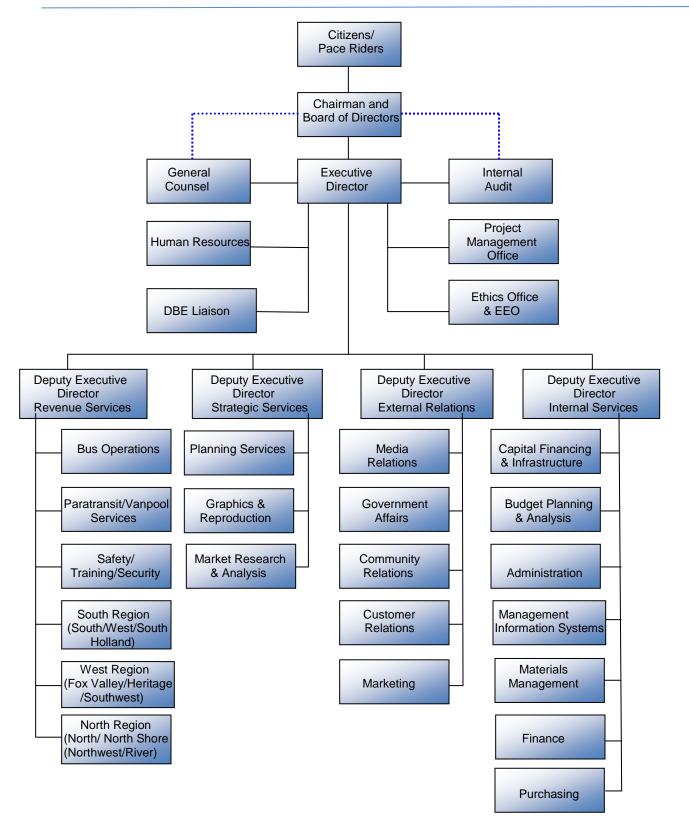
Deputy Executive Director, External Relations

Chief Financial Officer

Dominick Cuomo

Department Manager, Accounting

Laura LaDuke



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SECTION TWO - FINANCIAL

Independent Auditor's Report	15
Management's Discussion and Analysis	19
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	32
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes	
in Net Position	35
Statement of Cash Flows	36
Notes to the Financial Statements	39
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Funding Progress	69
Other Supplementary Information:	
Statement of Net Position by Fund	70
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes	
in Net Position by Fund	73
Schedule of Revenues and Expenses Budget and Actual	
Suburban Services Fund	74
Schedule of Revenues and Expenses Budget and Actual	
Regional ADA Paratransit Services Fund	75

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors of Pace, the Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority Arlington Heights, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Pace, the Suburban Bus Division of the Regional Transportation Authority ("Pace"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Pace's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to Pace's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects the respective financial position of Pace, as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited Pace's 2012 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated May 14, 2013. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Funding Progress, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Pace's financial statements. The Introductory Section, Statistical Section, Other Information Section, and the Other Supplementary Exhibits in the Financial Section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The Other Information Section and Other Supplementary Exhibits in the Financial Section are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information, except for the information noted as unaudited, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Other Information Section and Other Supplementary Exhibits in the Financial Section, except the information noted as unaudited, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory Section, Statistical Section, and the information noted as unaudited on pages 70, 71, and and 99 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 28, 2014 on our consideration of Pace's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Pace's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crowe Horwath LLP

(now Horwath LLP

Oak Brook, Illinois May 28, 2014 (this page left blank intentionally)

PACE SUBURBAN BUS SERVICE

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of Pace Suburban Bus Service's ("Pace") financial performance provides an overview of the agency's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. Please read it in conjunction with the agency's basic financial statements and footnotes that begin on page 32.

Using This Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The *Statement of Net Position*, the *Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position* and the *Statement of Cash Flows* (on pages 32 - 37) provide information about the activities of Pace as a whole and present a long term view of the agency's finances. Since Pace operates as a single governmental program in two enterprise funds, fund financial statements are not required.

Reporting on the Agency as a Whole

Our analysis of Pace as a whole – which consists of two enterprise funds – begins on page 22. The *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position* can be used to determine whether Pace as a whole is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the agency's net position and changes in them. The net position, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure Pace's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in Pace's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other financial factors should be considered as well, such as, the level of public funding received from the RTA, sales tax revenue and working cash balances. Based on Pace's current year financial and operating performance, the agency's overall financial position improved during 2013 primarily due to increased ridership and favorable sales tax revenues.

Financial Highlights

- **Net Position increased by \$14.9 million** to \$232.5 million at the end of 2013. Net Position represents Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources minus Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources.
- Total Operating Revenues for 2013 were \$70.6 million which represented a 2.1% increase from 2012.
- Non-Operating Revenues increased \$25.5 million (or 8.3%) to \$334.7 million in 2013.
- Total Operating Expenses increased by \$15.2 million (or 4.1%) to \$390.4 million during 2013.
- Pace met the RTA mandated recovery ratio of 30.0% for Suburban Services during 2013. The recovery ratio included credits for expenses incurred by Not-For-Profit Providers from the VIP Advantage program.
- Pace met the 10% recovery ratio requirement for Regional ADA Paratransit Services in 2013.

Ridership

Pace had an increase in ridership for 2013. Higher gas prices, improved service and better on time performance contributed to the increase. Some of the highlights are as follows:

Highlights:

- Pace served 39.9 million passengers in 2013 which reflected a 1.9% increase over the 2012 ridership total of 39.2 million. Average weekday ridership was 136,957 in 2013 compared to 134,432 in 2012.
- Pace expanded the Bus on Shoulders Project in 2013. Several new trips were added to Routes 755 and 855 to address increased ridership.
- Phase I service related to the I-90 expansion project began in August with new reverse peak service and additional express trips on Route 600 between Rosemont and Schaumburg. Expanded reverse trips were also added on Route 610 between Rosemont and the Prairie Stone Business Park in Hoffman Estates. A new temporary Park-N-Ride at Sears Centre in Hoffman Estates was introduced to serve riders on Route 610.
- Pace implemented a new ride-matching software in 2013 to improve matching capabilities for carpools and vanpools. There were 2,381 new users that signed up in 2013 bringing the active number of users to 3,047. Those active users made over 150,000 carpool rides in 2013. There were also 20 new riders added to existing vanpools.
- **ADA Paratransit ridership increased 6.6% in 2013** with ridership of 3,110,910 for the Chicago service and 2,006,683 for Suburban service for a total of 5,117,593.
- **Vanpool ridership increased 2.2% in 2013** to 2,235,837. The total number of active vans at the end of 2013 was 784 compared to 763 at the end of 2012.

The Agency as a Whole

ASSETS

ABODIS	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	Change
Current Assets	\$ 214,342,930	\$ 159,966,848	\$ 54,376,082
Noncurrent Assets	233,932,520	273,449,854	(39,517,334)
Total Assets	448,275,450	433,416,702	14,858,748
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities	118,624,109	74,722,937	43,901,172
Other Liabilities	97,127,754	141,086,078	(43,958,324)
Total Liabilities	215,751,863	215,809,015	(57,152)
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	170,831,448	165,446,453	5,384,995
Unrestricted	61,692,139	52,161,234	9,530,905
Total Net Position	\$ 232,523,587	\$ 217,607,687	\$ 14,915,900

Assets and Liabilities

Net Position at December 31, 2013 increased to \$232.5 million from \$217.6 million in 2012 due to a \$5.4 million increase in Net Investment in Capital Assets and a \$9.5 million increase in Unrestricted Net Position. The increase in Net Investment in Capital Assets is comprised of \$46.2 million in capital grants reimbursements and \$5.5 million in Pace funded capital projects less \$46.4 million in depreciation.

Total Assets increased \$14.9 million in 2013 to \$448.3 million. The \$54.4 million increase in Current Assets is attributed to a \$2.9 million increase in accounts receivable, \$1.4 increase in prepaid expenses, a \$.6 million increase in inventory and a \$51.8 million increase in current portion of assets restricted for the repayment of leasing commitments offset by a \$2.3 million decrease in cash. Noncurrent Assets decreased \$39.5 million due a \$31.7 million increase in capital assets acquisitions less a \$2.7 million decrease in capital projects in progress, a \$44.9 million decrease in the noncurrent portion of assets restricted for repayment of leasing commitments and a \$23.6 million increase in accumulated depreciation.

Current Liabilities increased \$43.9 million in 2013 primarily due to a \$10.2 million increase in accounts payable, an \$18.9 million decrease in accrued expenses, a \$.1 million decrease in unearned revenue, a \$.9 million increase in current portion of insurance reserves and a \$51.8 million increase in current portion of the capital lease obligation.

Other Liabilities decreased \$44.0 million as of the end of 2013. The decrease was comprised of a \$.1 million increase in net pension obligation, a \$.2 million increase in other post employment benefits obligation, a \$.3 million increase in advance from state, a \$.3 million increase in other liabilities, and a \$44.9 million decrease in long term portion of the capital lease obligation.

Capital Assets

Pace received \$46.2 million in capital grant reimbursements in 2013 including:

- \$35.6 million from the Federal Transit Administration (FTA),
- \$10.3 million from the Regional Transportation Authority (RTA)
- \$.3 million from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and

In addition, Pace used \$5.5 million for capital projects from its positive budget variance account.

These grant reimbursements were primarily used for:

Equipment:

- o \$21.7 million in fixed route buses,
- o \$8.3 million in capital parts and maintenance,
- o \$5.4 million in vanpool vehicles,
- o \$4.5 million in computer equipment and software,
- o \$2.9 million in radio systems,
- o \$1.0 million in building and improvements,
- o \$.9 million in project administration,
- o \$.8 million in non-revenue vehicles,
- o \$.4 million in community transit vehicles, and
- o \$.3 million in transit signal priority equipment.

Pace purchased 64 fixed route buses totaling \$21.7 million, 93 vanpool vehicles totaling \$5.4 million, and 6 community transit vehicles for \$.4 million.

Information regarding capital asset activity for 2013 can be found in the notes to the financial statements on page 45 through 46 and page 68 and Schedule 7 on page 99.

OPERATING RESULTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	Change	<u>%</u>
Operating Revenue				
Pace-Owned Service Revenue	\$ 29,094,500	\$ 28,725,933	\$ 368,567	1.3%
CMAQ/JARC Services	230,763	86,473	144,290	166.9%
Fixed Route Carrier Revenue	3,294,462	3,014,050	280,412	9.3%
Paratransit Revenue	22,409,864	21,761,056	648,808	3.0%
Vanpool Revenue	4,158,850	3,926,622	232,228	5.9%
Reduced Fare Reimbursement	1,977,876	2,628,912	(651,036)	-24.8%
Advertising Revenue	4,503,458	4,483,746	19,712	0.4%
Miscellaneous	4,948,947	4,510,678	438,269	9.7%
Total Operating Revenue	70,618,720	69,137,470	1,481,250	2.1%
Operating Expenses:				
Pace-Owned Service Expenses	79,708,876	78,277,509	1,431,367	1.8%
CMAQ/JARC Expenses	2,034,397	911,980	1,122,417	123.1%
Contract Payments:				
Fixed Route Carriers	9,470,685	9,060,737	409,948	4.5%
Paratransit Carriers	151,287,226	142,641,448	8,645,778	6.1%
Vanpool Expenses	4,669,751	4,745,135	(75,384)	-1.6%
Centralized Operations	63,873,741	61,788,712	2,085,029	3.4%
Administrative Expenses	32,915,020	29,908,725	3,006,295	10.1%
Depreciation	46,402,723	47,778,646	(1,375,923)	-2.9%
Total Operating Expenses	390,362,419	375,112,892	15,249,527	4.1%
Operating Income (Loss)	(319,743,699)	(305,975,422)	(13,768,277)	4.5%
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)				
Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula)	83,215,418	79,326,746	3,888,672	4.9%
RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708)	31,870,642	31,429,206	441,436	1.4%
Regional ADA Paratransit Fund	125,994,893	113,232,896	12,761,997	11.3%
RTA Discretionary Funding	3,694,000	5,440,000	(1,746,000)	-32.1%
Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF)	21,804,636	20,796,258	1,008,378	4.8%
South Suburban Job Access Fund	7,500,000	7,500,000	-	0.0%
ADA State Funding	8,500,000	8,500,000	-	0.0%
Federal Operating Grants	5,600,465	1,703,169	3,897,296	228.8%
Capital Grants Reimbursements	46,245,039	41,020,364	5,224,675	12.7%
Interest on Investments	234,506	187,728	46,778	24.9%
Interest Expense	- 051 015	(344)	344	-100.0%
Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction	6,851,817	6,438,942	412,875	6.4%
Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction	(6,851,817)	(6,438,942)	(412,875)	6.4%
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	334,659,599	309,136,023	25,523,576	8.3%
Change in Net Position	14,915,900	3,160,601	11,755,299	371.9%
Beginning Net Position	217,607,687	214,447,086	3,160,601	1.5%
Ending Net Position	\$ 232,523,587	\$ 217,607,687	\$ 14,915,900	6.9%

Comparison of Results: FY2013 vs. FY2012

Operating Revenue

Total Operating Revenues increased 2.1% or \$1.5 million in 2013. Specific changes in operating revenue are noted as follows:

- **Pace-Owned Service Revenue** The \$.4 million increase is due to the increase in ridership at the Pace operating divisions.
- **CMAQ/JARC Services** The revenue increased in 2013 due to the addition of three new routes that started in August.
- **Paratransit Revenue** The \$.6 million increase is primarily due to the increase in ridership in 2013.
- **Reduced Fare Reimbursement** The \$.7 million decrease is due to a reduction in the amount subsidized by the State for the reduced fare rides.
- **Miscellaneous Income** The \$.4 million increase is due to an increase in RTA certification revenue and an increase in the gain on the sale of assets.

Operating Expenses

Total Operating Expenses increased by \$15.2 million (or 4.1%) in 2013 which is comprised of the following changes:

- Pace-Owned Service Expenses The \$1.4 million increase in expense is due to an increase in operator wages, other salaries and fringe benefits.
- **CMAQ/JARC Services** The \$1.1 million increase is due to the addition of three new routes that started in August.
- **Paratransit Carrier Expenses** The \$8.6 million increase in expense is attributed to increased ridership in 2013.
- **Centralized Operations** The \$2.1 million increase is due to an increase in salaries, fringe benefits and pension expense as well as higher radio system maintenance costs.
- Administrative Expenses The \$3.0 million increase is comprised of increases in salaries, fringe benefits, pension expense, consulting expense and data processing software maintenance costs.
- **Depreciation Expense** The \$1.4 million decrease in expense is due to a large number of assets that are still in service but met their useful life and were no longer depreciated in 2013.

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Non-Operating Revenue

Non-Operating Revenues increased \$25.5 million or 8.3% to \$334.7 million in 2013. Specific factors contributing to the increase are outlined below:

- Operating Assistance from the RTA RTA Sales Tax under the 85% Formula increased \$3.9 million in 2013.
- RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) Pace received \$31.9 million in RTA Sales Tax/PTF funding as outlined in PA 95-0708 which was slightly higher than the amount received in 2012.
- **Regional ADA Paratransit Fund** Funding from the Regional ADA Paratransit Fund increased \$12.8 million in 2013.
- **RTA Discretionary Funding** The RTA Discretionary Funding decreased \$1.7 million in 2013.
- **Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF)** Funding increased by \$1.0 million in 2013.
- South Suburban Job Access Fund Pace received \$7.5 million in funding from the RTA for services in South Suburban Cook County in 2013.
- **ADA State Funding** Pace received \$8.5 million from the State to fund ADA service in 2013.
- **Federal Operating Grants** The \$3.9 million increase is primarily due to Capital Cost of Contracting funds received in 2013.
- Capital Grant Reimbursements The \$5.2 million increase is due to an increase in the number of assets acquired in 2013.

Economic Trends

RTA Sales Tax

The RTA Sales Tax is the primary source of revenue for Pace. The tax is authorized by Illinois statute, imposed by the RTA in the six-county area, and collected by the state. Historically, the Service Board statutory share is 85% of RTA Sales Tax and is apportioned to the three Service Boards: Pace, Metra and CTA. Pace receives 15% of the Service Board statutory share of sales tax collected in Suburban Cook County, and 30% of the share collected in the collar counties of DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry and Will. Pace received \$83.2 million in RTA Sales Tax in 2013 under the 85% Formula.

On January 17, 2008, Public Act (PA) 95-0708 was signed into law. The legislative action amended the RTA Act by establishing key RTA reforms and providing additional funding for the RTA and its three Service Boards. A new sales tax and PTF was established that identified funding for the following:

- *ADA Paratransit Fund* The ADA Paratransit Fund started at \$100 million in 2008 and adjusts annually based on regional sales tax performance. For 2013, the RTA provided \$126.0 million in funding from the ADA Paratransit Fund.
- Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) The fund is intended to support new and existing non-traditional service activities such as demand response, vanpool, reverse commute and others. The SCMF started at \$20 million in 2008 and adjusts annually based on the regional sales tax performance. For 2013, the RTA provided \$21.8 million in funding.
- Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund (ICE) The fund was established for projects intended to improve or enhance ridership or customer service, for transit improvements intended to promote transfers, increase ridership and for transit-oriented land development. The ICE Fund started at \$10 million for 2008 and adjusts annually based on regional sales tax performance. For 2013, there was no funding provided to Pace from the ICE Fund.
- New Sales Tax and Public Transportation Funds (PTF) After all monies are allocated to the above funds, the remaining amount is distributed as a New Sales Tax and PTF to the three Service Boards. Pace's allocation of the New Sales Tax and PTF is equal to 13% of the remaining amount. For 2013, Pace received \$31.9 million in New Sales Tax and PTF funding.

In addition to the above, the 2008 legislation also provided funding for the South Suburban Job Access program which is directed to pay for transit services in South Cook County that support employment opportunities. For 2013, the RTA provided \$7.5 million in funding for the South Suburban Job Access program.

The RTA also provided \$3.7 million in Discretionary Funding in 2013.

The allocation of the funds established for 2013 and 2012 is as follows:

RTA OPERATING FUNDING (000's)

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Suburban Services Fund:		
RTA Sales Tax (85% Formula)	\$ 83,215	\$ 79,327
RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708)	31,871	31,429
RTA Discretionary Funding	3,694	5,440
Suburban Community Mobility Fund	21,805	20,796
South Suburban Job Access Fund	<u>7,500</u>	7,500
Total Suburban Services Funding	\$148,085	\$144,492
Regional ADA Paratransit Fund:		
RTA Paratransit Fund	<u>\$125,995</u>	\$ 113,232
Total RTA Funding	<u>\$274,080</u>	<u>\$257,724</u>

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Contacting Pace's Financial Management

If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Chief Financial Officer, Pace Suburban Bus Service, 550 West Algonquin Road, Arlington Heights, IL 60005.

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR DECEMBER 31, 2012

ASSETS

ASSETS	2012	2012		
Current Assets	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>		
Cash and Investments	\$ 96,529,495	\$ 98,801,016		
Cash and investments	\$ 96,529,495	\$ 98,801,016		
Accounts Receivable:				
Regional Transportation Authority	45,465,517	43,515,384		
Capital Grant Projects-FTA & IDOT	26,969	959,958		
Other	11,631,801	9,703,084		
Total Accounts Receivable	57,124,287	54,178,426		
Other Current Assets				
Prepaid Expenses	3,916,127	2,559,168		
Inventory - Spare Parts	5,018,875	4,428,238		
Assets Restricted for Repayment of Leasing Commitments - Current	51,754,146	-, .20,200		
This to the state of the state				
Total Other Current Assets	60,689,148	6,987,406		
Total Current Assets	214,342,930	159,966,848		
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated				
Land	16,078,591	16,015,891		
Capital Projects in Progress	4,039,298	6,846,712		
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	20,117,889	22,862,603		
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net				
Equipment	361,252,635	331,594,381		
Building and Improvements	161,219,261	159,167,207		
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(371,758,337)	(348,177,738)		
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	150,713,559	142,583,850		
Assets Restricted for Repayment of Leasing Commitments - Noncurrent	63,101,072	108,003,401		
Total Noncurrent Assets	233,932,520	273,449,854		
Total Assets	448,275,450	433,416,702		

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY **STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2013** WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR DECEMBER 31, 2012

LIABILITIES <u>2013</u> 2012

	2010	<u> </u>
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable:		
Operating	\$ 8,806,254	\$ 1,212,699
Capital	5,889,354	3,255,630
Accrued Payroll Expenses	8,152,745	7,579,940
Other Accrued Expenses	23,826,225	43,244,016
Unearned Revenue	1,284,620	1,381,931
Interest Payable	-	344
Current Portion of Insurance Reserves	18,910,765	18,048,377
Current Portion of Capital Lease Obligation	51,754,146	
Total Current Liabilities	118,624,109	74,722,937
Other Liabilities:		
Insurance Reserve, Non-Current Portion	17,090,474	17,142,823
Net Pension Obligation	1,619,717	1,481,775
Net Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Obligation	3,525,898	3,286,159
Advance From State	9,488,055	9,131,707
Capital Lease Obligation, Less Current Portion	63,101,072	108,003,401
Other Liabilities	2,302,538	2,040,213
Total Other Liabilities	97,127,754	141,086,078
Total Liabilities	215,751,863	215,809,015
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	170,831,448	165,446,453
Unrestricted	61,692,139	52,161,234
Total Net Position	\$ 232,523,587	\$ 217,607,687

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THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Operating Revenue \$ 29,094,500 \$ 28,725,934 CMAQ/JARC Services 230,763 86,473 Fixed Route Carrier Revenue 3,294,462 3,014,050 Paratransit Revenue 22,409,864 21,761,056 Vanpool Revenue 4,158,850 3,926,622 Reduced Fare Reimbursement 1,977,876 2,628,912 Advertising Revenue 4,503,458 4,483,746 Miscellaneous 4,948,947 4,510,678 Total Operating Revenue 70,618,720 69,137,470 Operating Expenses: Pace-Owned Service Expenses 79,708,876 78,277,509 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 79,708,876 78,277,509 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 9,470,685 9,060,737 Fixed Route Carriers 9,470,685 9,060,737 Paratransit Carriers 9,470,685 9,060,737 Paratransit Carriers 9,470,685 9,060,737 Paratransit Carriers 9,470,685 9,060,737 Administrative Expenses 32,915,020 29,908,725 Depractating Expenses 32,915,020		<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	
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CMAQJARC Services 230,763 86,473 Fixed Route Carrier Revenue 3,294,462 3,014,056 Paratransi Revenue 4,158,850 3,926,622 Reduced Fare Reimbursement 1,977,876 2,628,912 Advertising Revenue 4,503,458 4,483,746 Miscellaneous 4,948,947 4,510,678 Total Operating Revenue 70,618,720 69,137,470 Operating Expenses: Pace-Owned Service Expenses 79,708,876 78,277,509 CMAQJARC Expenses 2,034,397 911,980 Contract Payments: 9,470,685 9,060,737 Paratransit Carriers 9,470,685 9,060,737 Paratransit Carriers 151,287,226 142,641,448 Vanpool Expenses 4,669,751 4,745,135 Centralized Operations 63,873,741 61,788,712 Administrative Expenses 32,915,020 29,908,725 Depreciation 46,402,723 47,778,646 Total Operating Expenses 30,362,419 375,112,892 Operating Income (Loss) (319,743,699) </td <td></td> <td>\$ 29.094.500</td> <td>\$ 28.725.933</td>		\$ 29.094.500	\$ 28.725.933	
Fixed Route Carrier Revenue 3,294,462 3,014,050 Paratransii Revenue 22,409,864 21,761,056 Vanpool Revenue 4,158,850 3,926,622 Reduced Fare Reimbursement 1,977,876 2,628,912 Advertising Revenue 4,503,458 4,483,746 Miscellaneous 4,948,947 4,510,678 Total Operating Revenue 70,618,720 69,137,470 Operating Expenses: Pace-Owned Service Expenses 79,708,876 78,277,509 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 2,034,397 911,980 Contract Payments: 9,470,685 9,060,737 Fixed Route Carriers 9,470,685 9,060,737 Paratransit Carriers 151,287,226 142,641,448 Vanpool Expenses 4,669,751 4,745,135 Centralized Operations 63,873,741 61,788,712 Administrative Expenses 32,915,020 29,908,725 Depreciation 46,402,723 47,778,646 Total Operating Expenses 339,362,419 375,112,892 Operating Income (Loss) (319,74				
Paratransit Revenue 22,409,864 21,761,056 Vanpool Revenue 4,158,850 3,926,622 Reduced Fare Reimbursement 1,977,876 2,628,912 Advertising Revenue 4,503,458 4,483,746 Miscellaneous 4,948,947 4,510,678 Total Operating Revenue 70,618,720 69,137,470 Operating Expenses: Pace-Owned Service Expenses 79,708,876 78,277,509 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 2,034,397 911,980 Contract Payments: 9470,685 9,060,737 Fixed Route Carriers 9,470,685 9,060,737 Parattransit Carriers 151,287,226 142,641,448 Vanpool Expenses 4,669,751 4,745,135 Centralized Operations 63,873,741 61,788,712 Administrative Expenses 32,915,020 29,908,725 Depreciation 46,402,723 47,778,666 Total Operating Expenses 30,362,419 375,112,892 Operating Income (Loss) (319,743,699) (305,975,422) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)				
Vanpool Revenue 4,158,850 3,926,622 Reduced Fare Reimbursement 1,977,876 2,628,912 Advertising Revenue 4,503,458 4,483,746 Miscellaneous 4,948,947 4,510,678 Total Operating Revenue 70,618,720 69,137,470 Operating Expenses: Pace-Owned Service Expenses 79,708,876 78,277,509 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 2,034,397 911,980 Contract Payments: 151,287,226 142,641,448 Fixed Route Carriers 9,470,685 9,060,737 Paratransit Carriers 151,287,226 142,641,448 Vanpool Expenses 4,669,751 4,745,135 Centralized Operations 63,873,741 61,788,712 Administrative Expenses 32,915,020 29,908,725 Depreciation 46,402,723 47,778,646 Total Operating Expenses 390,362,419 375,112,892 Operating Income (Loss) (319,743,699) (305,975,422) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 83,215,418 79,326,746 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-07		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Reduced Fare Reimbursement 1,977,876 2,628,912 Advertising Revenue 4,503,458 4,483,746 Miscellaneous 4,948,947 4,510,678 Total Operating Revenue 70,618,720 69,137,470 Operating Expenses: Pace-Owned Service Expenses 2,034,397 911,980 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 2,034,397 911,980 Contract Payments: 9,470,685 9,060,737 Fixed Route Carriers 9,470,685 9,060,737 Paratransit Carriers 151,287,226 142,641,448 Vanpool Expenses 4,669,751 4,745,135 Centralized Operations 63,873,741 61,788,712 Administrative Expenses 32,915,020 29,908,725 Depreciation 46,402,723 47,778,646 Total Operating Expenses 390,362,419 375,112,892 Operating Income (Loss) (319,743,699) (305,975,422) Portating Revenue (Expenses) 83,215,418 79,326,746 Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 83,215,418 79,326,746	Vanpool Revenue			
Advertising Revenue 4,503,458 4,483,746 Miscellaneous 4,948,947 4,510,678 Total Operating Revenue 70,618,720 69,137,470 Operating Expenses: Pace-Owned Service Expenses 79,708,876 78,277,509 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 2,034,397 911,980 COntract Payments: 9470,685 9,060,737 Paratransit Carriers 9,470,685 9,060,737 Paratransit Carriers 9,470,685 9,060,737 Paratralized Operations 63,873,226 142,641,448 Vanpool Expenses 32,915,020 29,908,725 Centralized Operations 63,873,741 61,788,712 Administrative Expenses 32,915,020 29,908,725 Depreciation 46,402,723 47,778,646 Total Operating Expenses 390,362,419 375,112,892 Operating Income (Loss) (319,743,699) (305,975,422) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 83,215,418 79,326,746 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 31,870,642 31,429,006 Regional ADA Para				
Total Operating Revenue 70,618,720 69,137,470 Operating Expenses: 79,708,876 78,277,509 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 2,034,397 911,980 Contract Payments: 9,470,685 9,060,737 Fixed Route Carriers 9,470,685 42,641,448 Vanpool Expenses 4,669,751 4,745,135 Centralized Operations 63,873,741 61,788,712 Administrative Expenses 32,915,020 29,908,725 Depreciation 46,402,723 47,778,646 Total Operating Expenses 390,362,419 375,112,892 Operating Income (Loss) (319,743,699) (305,975,422) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 83,215,418 79,326,746 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 31,870,642 31,429,206 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 125,994,893 113,232,896 RTA Discretionary Funding 3,694,000 5,440,000 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 21,804,636 20,796,258 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 8,500,000 Federal Operating Grants	Advertising Revenue	4,503,458	4,483,746	
Operating Expenses: 79,708,876 78,277,509 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 2,034,397 911,980 Contract Payments: 9,470,685 9,060,737 Fixed Route Carriers 9,470,685 9,060,737 Paratransit Carriers 151,287,226 142,641,448 Vanpool Expenses 4,669,751 4,745,135 Centralized Operations 63,873,741 61,788,712 Administrative Expenses 32,915,020 29,908,725 Depreciation 46,402,723 47,778,646 Total Operating Expenses 390,362,419 375,112,892 Operating Income (Loss) (319,743,699) (305,975,422) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 83,215,418 79,326,746 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 31,870,642 31,429,206 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 125,994,893 113,232,896 RTA Discretionary Funding 3,694,000 5,440,000 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 21,804,636 20,796,258 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000	Miscellaneous	4,948,947	4,510,678	
Pace-Owned Service Expenses 79,708,876 78,277,509 CMAQ/JARC Expenses 2,034,397 911,980 Contract Payments: 9,470,685 9,060,737 Fixed Route Carriers 9,470,685 9,060,737 Paratransit Carriers 151,287,226 142,641,448 Vanpool Expenses 4,669,751 4,745,135 Centralized Operations 63,873,741 61,788,712 Administrative Expenses 32,915,020 29,908,725 Depreciation 46,402,723 47,778,646 Total Operating Expenses 390,362,419 375,112,892 Operating Income (Loss) (319,743,699) (305,975,422) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 8 79,326,746 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 31,870,642 31,429,206 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 125,994,893 113,232,896 RTA Discretionary Funding 3,694,000 5,440,000 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 21,804,636 20,796,258 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 8,500,000<	Total Operating Revenue	70,618,720	69,137,470	
CMAQ/JARC Expenses 2,034,397 911,980 Contract Payments: Fixed Route Carriers 9,470,685 9,060,737 Paratransit Carriers 151,287,226 142,641,448 Vanpool Expenses 4,669,751 4,745,135 Centralized Operations 63,873,741 61,788,712 Administrative Expenses 32,915,020 29,908,725 Depreciation 46,402,723 47,778,646 Total Operating Expenses 390,362,419 375,112,892 Operating Income (Loss) (319,743,699) (305,975,422) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 8 7,326,746 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 31,870,642 31,429,206 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 125,994,893 113,232,896 RTA Discretionary Funding 3,694,000 5,440,000 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 21,804,636 20,796,258 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 8,500,000 8,500,000 Federal Operating Grants 5,600,465 1,703,169 Capital Grants R	Operating Expenses:			
Contract Payments: Fixed Route Carriers 9,470,685 9,060,737 Paratransit Carriers 151,287,226 142,641,448 Vanpool Expenses 4,669,751 4,745,135 Centralized Operations 63,873,741 61,788,712 Administrative Expenses 32,915,020 29,908,725 Depreciation 46,402,723 47,778,646 Total Operating Expenses 390,362,419 375,112,892 Operating Income (Loss) (319,743,699) (305,975,422) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 83,215,418 79,326,746 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 31,870,642 31,429,206 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 125,994,893 113,232,896 RTA Discretionary Funding 3,694,000 5,440,000 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 21,804,636 20,796,258 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 8,500,405 1,703,169 Capital Grants Reimbursements 46,245,039 41,020,364 Interest Expense - (344)	Pace-Owned Service Expenses	79,708,876	78,277,509	
Fixed Route Carriers 9,470,685 9,060,737 Paratransit Carriers 151,287,226 142,641,448 Vanpool Expenses 4,669,751 4,745,135 Centralized Operations 63,873,741 61,788,712 Administrative Expenses 32,915,020 29,908,725 Depreciation 46,402,723 47,778,646 Total Operating Expenses 390,362,419 375,112,892 Operating Income (Loss) (319,743,699) (305,975,422) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 83,215,418 79,326,746 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 31,870,642 31,429,206 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 125,994,893 113,232,896 RTA Discretionary Funding 3,694,000 5,440,000 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 21,804,636 20,796,258 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 8,500,000 8,500,000 Federal Operating Grants 5,600,465 1,703,169 Capital Grants Reimbursements 46,245,039 41,020,364 Interest Expense	CMAQ/JARC Expenses	2,034,397	911,980	
Paratransit Carriers 151,287,226 142,641,448 Vanpool Expenses 4,669,751 4,745,135 Centralized Operations 63,873,741 61,788,712 Administrative Expenses 32,915,020 29,908,725 Depreciation 46,402,723 47,778,646 Total Operating Expenses 390,362,419 375,112,892 Operating Income (Loss) (319,743,699) (305,975,422) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 83,215,418 79,326,746 Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 83,215,418 79,326,746 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 31,870,642 31,429,206 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 125,994,893 113,232,896 RTA Discretionary Funding 3,694,000 5,440,000 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 21,804,636 20,796,258 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 8,500,000 ADA State Funding 8,500,000 8,500,000 Federal Operating Grants 5,600,465 1,703,169 Capital Grants Reimbursements 46,245,039 41,020,364	Contract Payments:			
Vanpool Expenses 4,669,751 4,745,135 Centralized Operations 63,873,741 61,788,712 Administrative Expenses 32,915,020 29,908,725 Depreciation 46,402,723 47,778,646 Total Operating Expenses 390,362,419 375,112,892 Operating Income (Loss) (319,743,699) (305,975,422) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 83,215,418 79,326,746 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 31,870,642 31,429,206 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 125,994,893 113,232,896 RTA Discretionary Funding 3,694,000 5,440,000 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 21,804,636 20,796,258 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 8,500,000 8,500,000 Federal Operating Grants 5,600,465 1,703,169 Capital Grants Reimbursements 46,245,039 41,020,364 Interest Expense - (344) Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction 6,851,817 6,438,942 Interest Expense on Leasing	Fixed Route Carriers	9,470,685	9,060,737	
Centralized Operations 63,873,741 61,788,712 Administrative Expenses 32,915,020 29,908,725 Depreciation 46,402,723 47,778,646 Total Operating Expenses 390,362,419 375,112,892 Operating Income (Loss) (319,743,699) (305,975,422) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 83,215,418 79,326,746 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 31,870,642 31,429,206 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 125,994,893 113,232,896 RTA Discretionary Funding 3,694,000 5,440,000 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 21,804,636 20,796,258 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 8,500,000 8,500,000 Federal Operating Grants 5,600,465 1,703,169 Capital Grants Reimbursements 46,245,039 41,020,364 Interest Expense - (344) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction (6,851,817) 6,438,942 Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 334,659,599 309,136,023 <t< td=""><td>Paratransit Carriers</td><td>151,287,226</td><td>142,641,448</td></t<>	Paratransit Carriers	151,287,226	142,641,448	
Administrative Expenses 32,915,020 29,908,725 Depreciation 46,402,723 47,778,646 Total Operating Expenses 390,362,419 375,112,892 Operating Income (Loss) (319,743,699) (305,975,422) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 88,215,418 79,326,746 Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 83,215,418 79,326,746 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 31,870,642 31,429,206 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 125,994,893 113,232,896 RTA Discretionary Funding 3,694,000 5,440,000 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 21,804,636 20,796,258 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 8,500,000 8,500,000 Federal Operating Grants 5,600,465 1,703,169 Capital Grants Reimbursements 46,245,039 41,020,364 Interest Expense - (344) Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction 6,851,817 6,438,942 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction (6,851,817) (6,438,942) <td>Vanpool Expenses</td> <td>4,669,751</td> <td>4,745,135</td>	Vanpool Expenses	4,669,751	4,745,135	
Depreciation 46,402,723 47,778,646 Total Operating Expenses 390,362,419 375,112,892 Operating Income (Loss) (319,743,699) (305,975,422) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 83,215,418 79,326,746 Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 83,215,418 79,326,746 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 31,870,642 31,429,206 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 125,994,893 113,232,896 RTA Discretionary Funding 3,694,000 5,440,000 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 21,804,636 20,796,258 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 8,500,000 8,500,000 Federal Operating Grants 5,600,465 1,703,169 Capital Grants Reimbursements 46,245,039 41,020,364 Interest on Investments 234,506 187,728 Interest Expense - (344) Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction 6,851,817 6,438,942 Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 334,659,599 309,136,023 <	Centralized Operations	63,873,741	61,788,712	
Total Operating Expenses 390,362,419 375,112,892 Operating Income (Loss) (319,743,699) (305,975,422) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 88,215,418 79,326,746 Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 83,215,418 79,326,746 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 31,870,642 31,429,206 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 125,994,893 113,232,896 RTA Discretionary Funding 3,694,000 5,440,000 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 21,804,636 20,796,258 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 8,500,000 8,500,000 Federal Operating Grants 5,600,465 1,703,169 Capital Grants Reimbursements 46,245,039 41,020,364 Interest on Investments 234,506 187,728 Interest Expense - (344) Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction 6,851,817 6,438,942 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction (6,851,817) (6,438,942) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 334,659,599	Administrative Expenses	32,915,020	29,908,725	
Operating Income (Loss) (319,743,699) (305,975,422) Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 83,215,418 79,326,746 Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 83,215,418 79,326,746 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 31,870,642 31,429,206 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 125,994,893 113,232,896 RTA Discretionary Funding 3,694,000 5,440,000 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 21,804,636 20,796,258 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 8,500,000 8,500,000 Federal Operating Grants 5,600,465 1,703,169 Capital Grants Reimbursements 46,245,039 41,020,364 Interest on Investments 234,506 187,728 Interest Expense - (344) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction 6,851,817 6,438,942 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction (6,851,817) (6,438,942) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 334,659,599 309,136,023 Change in Net Position 14,915,900	Depreciation	46,402,723	47,778,646	
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 83,215,418 79,326,746 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 31,870,642 31,429,206 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 125,994,893 113,232,896 RTA Discretionary Funding 3,694,000 5,440,000 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 21,804,636 20,796,258 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 8,500,000 8,500,000 Federal Operating Grants 5,600,465 1,703,169 Capital Grants Reimbursements 46,245,039 41,020,364 Interest on Investments 234,506 187,728 Interest Expense - (344) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction 6,851,817 6,438,942 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction (6,851,817) (6,438,942) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 334,659,599 309,136,023 Change in Net Position 14,915,900 3,160,601 Beginning Net Position 217,607,687 214,447,086	Total Operating Expenses	390,362,419	375,112,892	
Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula) 83,215,418 79,326,746 RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 31,870,642 31,429,206 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 125,994,893 113,232,896 RTA Discretionary Funding 3,694,000 5,440,000 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 21,804,636 20,796,258 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 8,500,000 8,500,000 Federal Operating Grants 5,600,465 1,703,169 Capital Grants Reimbursements 46,245,039 41,020,364 Interest on Investments 234,506 187,728 Interest Expense - (344) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction 6,851,817 6,438,942 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction (6,851,817) (6,438,942) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 334,659,599 309,136,023 Change in Net Position 14,915,900 3,160,601 Beginning Net Position 217,607,687 214,447,086	Operating Income (Loss)	(319,743,699)	(305,975,422)	
RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 31,870,642 31,429,206 Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 125,994,893 113,232,896 RTA Discretionary Funding 3,694,000 5,440,000 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 21,804,636 20,796,258 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 8,500,000 8,500,000 Federal Operating Grants 5,600,465 1,703,169 Capital Grants Reimbursements 46,245,039 41,020,364 Interest on Investments 234,506 187,728 Interest Expense - (344) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction 6,851,817 6,438,942 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction (6,851,817) (6,438,942) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 334,659,599 309,136,023 Change in Net Position 14,915,900 3,160,601 Beginning Net Position 217,607,687 214,447,086				
Regional ADA Paratransit Fund 125,994,893 113,232,896 RTA Discretionary Funding 3,694,000 5,440,000 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 21,804,636 20,796,258 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 8,500,000 8,500,000 Federal Operating Grants 5,600,465 1,703,169 Capital Grants Reimbursements 46,245,039 41,020,364 Interest on Investments 234,506 187,728 Interest Expense - (344) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction 6,851,817 6,438,942 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction (6,851,817) (6,438,942) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 334,659,599 309,136,023 Change in Net Position 14,915,900 3,160,601 Beginning Net Position 217,607,687 214,447,086		83,215,418	79,326,746	
RTA Discretionary Funding 3,694,000 5,440,000 Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 21,804,636 20,796,258 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 8,500,000 8,500,000 Federal Operating Grants 5,600,465 1,703,169 Capital Grants Reimbursements 46,245,039 41,020,364 Interest on Investments 234,506 187,728 Interest Expense - (344) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction 6,851,817 6,438,942 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction (6,851,817) (6,438,942) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 334,659,599 309,136,023 Change in Net Position 14,915,900 3,160,601 Beginning Net Position 217,607,687 214,447,086		31,870,642	31,429,206	
Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF) 21,804,636 20,796,258 South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 8,500,000 8,500,000 Federal Operating Grants 5,600,465 1,703,169 Capital Grants Reimbursements 46,245,039 41,020,364 Interest on Investments 234,506 187,728 Interest Expense - (344) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction 6,851,817 6,438,942 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction (6,851,817) (6,438,942) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 334,659,599 309,136,023 Change in Net Position 14,915,900 3,160,601 Beginning Net Position 217,607,687 214,447,086	_			
South Suburban Job Access Fund 7,500,000 7,500,000 ADA State Funding 8,500,000 8,500,000 Federal Operating Grants 5,600,465 1,703,169 Capital Grants Reimbursements 46,245,039 41,020,364 Interest on Investments 234,506 187,728 Interest Expense - (344) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction 6,851,817 6,438,942 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction (6,851,817) (6,438,942) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 334,659,599 309,136,023 Change in Net Position 14,915,900 3,160,601 Beginning Net Position 217,607,687 214,447,086				
ADA State Funding 8,500,000 8,500,000 Federal Operating Grants 5,600,465 1,703,169 Capital Grants Reimbursements 46,245,039 41,020,364 Interest on Investments 234,506 187,728 Interest Expense - (344) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction 6,851,817 6,438,942 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction (6,851,817) (6,438,942) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 334,659,599 309,136,023 Change in Net Position 14,915,900 3,160,601 Beginning Net Position 217,607,687 214,447,086				
Federal Operating Grants 5,600,465 1,703,169 Capital Grants Reimbursements 46,245,039 41,020,364 Interest on Investments 234,506 187,728 Interest Expense - (344) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction 6,851,817 6,438,942 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction (6,851,817) (6,438,942) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 334,659,599 309,136,023 Change in Net Position 14,915,900 3,160,601 Beginning Net Position 217,607,687 214,447,086				
Capital Grants Reimbursements 46,245,039 41,020,364 Interest on Investments 234,506 187,728 Interest Expense - (344) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction 6,851,817 6,438,942 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction (6,851,817) (6,438,942) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 334,659,599 309,136,023 Change in Net Position 14,915,900 3,160,601 Beginning Net Position 217,607,687 214,447,086	5			
Interest on Investments 234,506 187,728 Interest Expense - (344) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction 6,851,817 6,438,942 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction (6,851,817) (6,438,942) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 334,659,599 309,136,023 Change in Net Position 14,915,900 3,160,601 Beginning Net Position 217,607,687 214,447,086	1 0			
Interest Expense - (344) Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction 6,851,817 6,438,942 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction (6,851,817) (6,438,942) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 334,659,599 309,136,023 Change in Net Position 14,915,900 3,160,601 Beginning Net Position 217,607,687 214,447,086	_			
Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction 6,851,817 6,438,942 Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction (6,851,817) (6,438,942) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 334,659,599 309,136,023 Change in Net Position 14,915,900 3,160,601 Beginning Net Position 217,607,687 214,447,086		234,506		
Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction (6,851,817) (6,438,942) Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 334,659,599 309,136,023 Change in Net Position 14,915,900 3,160,601 Beginning Net Position 217,607,687 214,447,086	÷	-		
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses) 334,659,599 309,136,023 Change in Net Position 14,915,900 3,160,601 Beginning Net Position 217,607,687 214,447,086				
Change in Net Position 14,915,900 3,160,601 Beginning Net Position 217,607,687 214,447,086	Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction	(6,851,817)	(6,438,942)	
Beginning Net Position 217,607,687 214,447,086	Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	334,659,599	309,136,023	
Beginning Net Position 217,607,687 214,447,086	Change in Net Position	14,915,900	3,160,601	
	_	217,607,687		
	Ending Net Position	\$ 232,523,587	\$ 217,607,687	

See accompanying notes to the Financial Statements.

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Increase (Decrease) in cash and temporary investments	<u>2013</u>	2012	
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from fares Cash received from other operating items Cash payments to and on behalf of employees for services Cash payment to contractual service providers and suppliers	\$ 59,155,881 8,882,357 (123,615,339) (232,337,687)	\$ 58,560,489 9,528,566 (119,641,264) (190,636,410)	
Net cash used for operating activities	(287,914,787)	(242,188,619)	
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Cash received from R.O.T. and use tax	81,034,948	77,504,441	
Cash received from RTA Sales Tax/PTF (New)	31,870,642	31,429,206	
Cash received from Suburban Community Funding	22,032,014	20,796,258	
Cash received from South Cook Job Access	7,500,000	7,117,360	
Payment of interest	(344)	(7,134)	
ADA Regional Paratransit Funding from RTA	134,839,177	128,843,204	
Cash received from Federal Funding	9,294,464	7,143,169	
Net cash payments on loan from RTA	-	(1,188,507)	
Cash Advance on Sales Tax	356,349	511,483	
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	286,927,250	272,149,480	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Capital contributed from capital grants	47,406,751	38,567,314	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(48,925,238)	(39,383,740)	
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(1,518,487)	(816,426)	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Cash received from interest on short-term investments	234,503	187,728	
Net cash provided by investing activities	234,503	187,728	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and short-term investments	(2,271,521)	29,332,163	
Cash and short-term investments at beginning of year	98,801,016	69,468,853	
Cash and short-term investments at end of year	\$ 96,529,495	\$ 98,801,016	

See the accompanying notes to the Financial Statements.

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used by operating activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	(\$319,743,699)	(\$305,975,422)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:		
Depreciation Expense	46,402,723	47,778,646
Change in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(2,498,765)	(1,278,950)
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(590,636)	270,398
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(1,426,166)	(1,057,214)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	69,207	142,016
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	7,593,552	1,038,454
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll	572,806	862,510
Increase (decrease) in self insurance liability	810,038	1,919,307
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	(19,103,847)	14,111,636
Total adjustments	31,828,912	63,786,803
Net cash used by operating activities	(\$287,914,787)	(\$242,188,619)

See the accompanying notes to the Financial Statements.

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1. AUTHORIZING LEGISLATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The Regional Transportation Authority Act, as amended effective November 9, 1983, established a Suburban Bus Division Board empowered to operate bus service serving suburban Cook County and the five collar counties of DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry and Will.

On July 29, 2005, the governor signed House Bill 1663 making Pace Suburban Bus the sole provider of all ADA (American with Disabilities Act) services in the City of Chicago and the surrounding six counties. The Bill states that Pace becomes the official operator of CTA's (Chicago Transit Authority) ADA services on July 1, 2006.

The Suburban Bus Division Board consisted of twelve directors from suburban Cook County and the five collar counties of DuPage, Kane, Lake, McHenry and Will. For the collar counties, each of the directors is appointed by the Chairman of the County Board in which his or her municipality is located. In Cook County, each of the directors is appointed by the Suburban members of the Cook County Board. The Chairman of the Board is appointed by a majority of suburban Cook County Board Members and Chairmen of the Collar County Boards. In August 2008, Senate Bill 1920 was passed which called for the appointment of the City of Chicago's Commissioner of the Mayor's Office for People with Disabilities to serve on the Pace Board as its thirteenth director. Each director must be a chief executive officer, or former chief executive officer, of a municipality within the county, or portion of the county, that appointed him or her. This restriction does not apply to the appointed Chairman or the City of Chicago's Commissioner of the Mayor's Office for People with Disabilities. Each Board Member serves a four year term.

The Suburban Bus Board determines the level, nature and kind of public bus transportation services that should be provided in the suburban region. Independent operations of the Suburban Bus Division (Pace) commenced July 1, 1984 and after June 30, 2006 for ADA service in the entire RTA region. In January 2008, Public Act 95-0708 was passed which addressed the financial crisis for transit and provided additional funding for both Suburban and ADA services.

Pace operates suburban bus services in Northeastern Illinois using stock and structures and equipment purchased through capital grants funded by the Federal Transit Administration (FTA), the Illinois Department of Transportation (IDOT), the Regional Transportation Authority (RTA) and Pace's own funds.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Pace maintains its accounting records and prepares its financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

a. Reporting Entity

As defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 – "The Financial Reporting Entity," and amended by GASB Statement No. 61 – "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus", the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Under GASB Statement No. 14, financial accountability is defined as:

- (a) Appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either (1) the ability to impose will by the primary government, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government; or
- (b) Fiscal dependency on the primary government.

GASB Statement No. 61 amends GASB Statement No. 14 in regard to fiscal dependency by requiring that a financial benefit or burden relationship would have to be present with the primary government. A financial benefit exists when the primary government is either legally entitled to the assets of the potential component unit or effectively has access to them. A financial burden would exist if the primary government was legally obligated or assumed an obligation to finance deficits of a potential component unit.

Under the RTA Act, the RTA Board has no control over the selection or the appointment of any of Pace's directors or management. Further, directors of Pace are excluded from serving on the Board of Directors of the RTA.

In addition, Pace maintains separate management, exercises control over all operations (including the passenger fare structure), and is accountable for fiscal matters including: ownership of assets, issuance of debt, relations with federal and state transportation funding agencies that provide financial assistance, and the preparation of the operating budget. Pace is also responsible for the purchase of services and approval of contracts relating to its operation.

Applying the aforementioned criteria used to determine financial accountability, management does not consider Pace to be a component unit of the RTA. Pace is a separate legal entity from the RTA.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

a. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Based on this criteria Pace has defined its reporting entity as set forth below. The basic financial statements include the accounts of Pace's wholly-owned operating divisions. This includes a total of nine operating divisions: Pace North, Waukegan; Pace South, Markham; Pace Southwest, Bridgeview; Pace West, Melrose Park; Pace Fox Valley, North Aurora; Pace Heritage, Joliet; Pace Northwest, Des Plaines; Pace River, Elgin and Pace North Shore, Evanston. Pace also has an acceptance facility in South Holland, a paratransit garage in McHenry and an administrative office in Chicago.

b. Change in Accounting Principles

In June 2012, GASB released Statement No. 67 "Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – an amendment of Statement No. 25". This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2013. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by state and local governmental pension plans. The adoption of this standard will not have a material impact on Pace.

In June 2012, GASB released Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of Statement No. 27". This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by state and local governmental pensions. This Statement will be implemented for fiscal year ending December 31, 2015.

In January 2013, GASB released Statement No. 69 "Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations". This Statement is effective for financial reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013. The objective of this Statement is to establish accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. This adoption of this standard will not have a material impact on Pace.

In April 2013, GASB released Statement No. 70 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees". This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2013. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments that extend and receive nonexchange financial guarantees in order to enhance the comparability of financial statements among those governments. The adoption of this standard will not have a material impact on Pace.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

b. Change in Accounting Principles (Continued)

In November 2013, GASB released Statement No. 71 "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68". This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014 and is required to be applied simultaneously with the provisions of Statement No. 68. The objective of this Statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions". The issue relates to the amounts associated with contributions to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. This Statement will be implemented for fiscal year ending December 31, 2015.

c. Basis of Accounting

The financial activities of Pace are organized on a basis of an individual fund which is an accounting entity segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with specific regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The financial activities of Pace accounted for in the accompanying financial statements have been classified into the following fund type:

Proprietary Fund Type

Pace operates as an Enterprise Fund, a type of Proprietary Fund. Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. Net Position is segregated into Net Investment in Capital Assets and Unrestricted. Revenues and expenses of the proprietary fund types are recognized using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned; expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c. <u>Basis of Accounting</u> (Continued)

Pace's operating revenues are made up of farebox revenue, local subsidies, state fare subsidies, advertising revenue and miscellaneous revenue. Operating expenses for Pace include the costs of operating the transit system, administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. All other revenues and expenses are reported as non-operating.

Pace segregates activities into two separate enterprise funds, Suburban Services Fund and Regional ADA Paratransit Services Fund. The Suburban Services Enterprise Fund includes revenues and expenses generated from its Fixed Route, Dial-A-Ride and Vanpool Services. The Regional ADA Paratransit Services Enterprise Fund includes revenues and expenses related to the ADA services provided in the City of Chicago and the six county region. Separate activity for each Enterprise Fund is presented in the supplementary exhibits presented on pages 70 - 75.

d. Public Funding

Public funding for Pace's operations is provided by Sales and Use Taxes, payments from the State's Public Transportation Fund (PTF), Federal Operating Assistance under the Transit Act (FTA), Suburban Community Mobility Funding, South Suburban Job Access Program Funding and a dedicated source of funding from the RTA for the Regional ADA Paratransit Program.

Sales and use taxes are collected by retailers in the six-county area and remitted to the State of Illinois. The State remits these tax collections to the RTA in the second month following collection by the retailers. The RTA then distributes the taxes to Pace and the other Service Boards based on a formula set by statute. Pace accrues its share of the sales and use taxes based on the budget amounts for these funds and then reconciles amounts actually received with the budget figure at the end of the year.

Revenues provided to Pace under the FTA are recognized by Pace in the fiscal years to which they apply. Pace also recognizes in the fiscal years to which they apply distributions from the RTA which are made from other funds over which the RTA has discretionary authority.

The Service Boards are collectively entitled to a distribution by the RTA of the PTF revenues which the RTA receives from the State. The portion of these revenues which is allocated by the RTA to Pace is recognized by Pace in the fiscal year to which the distribution applies.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

d. Public Funding (Continued)

On July 29, 2005, the Illinois General Assembly amended the RTA Act with regard to ADA Paratransit service. Based on the amendment, the RTA is responsible for the funding of all ADA Paratransit services within the RTA region.

In January 2008, Public Act 95-0708 was passed which established an increase of .25% in regional sales tax throughout the six county region along with a new PTF grant from the State equal to 5% of total sales tax collections. The funds from this additional sales tax and PTF is first allocated to the Regional ADA Paratransit Fund, Suburban Community Mobility Fund, and Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund. The remaining balance is allocated to the Service Boards under a new distribution in which Pace receives 13%. In addition to this funding, the RTA is also required to provide additional funding to Pace for the South Suburban Job Access Program.

e. Reimbursement of Public Contract Carriers Expense

Pace had agreements with certain municipal carriers to provide transportation in return for their budgeted expense reimbursement, which confirmed Pace ownership of collected revenue. Agreements between Pace and the particular transportation carriers defined the allowed expense reimbursement. Pace's financial statements recognize the ownership of these revenues and the reimbursement of their budgeted expenses.

f. Contract Payments to Private Transportation Carriers

Contract carriers expense is recognized as the purchased service is provided.

g. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits have been accounted for in conformity with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 16. GASB Statement No. 16 provides that employee vacation, sick and other leave benefits that vest and accumulate and it is probable the employer will compensate, must be recognized as expenses and liabilities in the year in which the benefits are earned rather than in the year in which they are paid. Statement No. 16 also requires additional amounts to be accrued for certain salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences, for example, the employer's share of social security and medicare taxes. Accrued vacation and the associated employer's share of social security and medicare taxes are presented in current liabilities.

Effective in 2009, Pace implemented a policy that allows for the conversion of sick time to a 401k account upon voluntary termination of employment. The provisions of the policy require that the employee have a minimum of 10 years of credited service as defined by the RTA Pension Plan. An employee who leaves Pace employment with 10 years of credited service but is not retirement eligible under the RTA Pension Plan receives 60% of the value of their accrued sick time as a contribution to their 401k account. Employees that leave Pace with 10 years of credited service and are retirement eligible will receive 100% of the value of the accrued sick time as a contribution to their 401k account. The maximum total sick time that can be accrued by an employee is 72 days. The compensated absences for sick pay are presented in current and long term liabilities.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

h. Restricted Assets

Pace entered into two leasing transactions in 2003. These agreements, which provide certain cash and tax benefits to the third party, also provide for Pace to lease the related capital assets to an equity investor trust, which would then lease the capital assets back to Pace under a separate lease. Pace received certain funds as prepayment by the equity investor trust. These funds have been deposited in designated investment accounts sufficient to meet the payments required under the leases and are recorded as assets restricted for repayment of leasing commitments. These funds are held in custodian accounts or with a payment undertaker and Pace does not have any direct control over these funds.

i. <u>Inventories - Spare Parts</u>

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market with cost determined on the first-in, first-out method. The inventories are located at the suburban bus system's operating divisions and public contract transportation agencies.

j. Property and Equipment and Accumulated Depreciation

Property and equipment are recorded at historical cost. Pace capitalizes assets with a useful life of one year or more that is either (a) capital equipment, (b) operation equipment with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more, (c) costs incurred to extend an asset's useful life as part of a fleet enhancement or major rebuild/rehabilitation program, or (d) an item determined to be highly susceptible to theft. Most of the assets have been acquired through capital grant projects funded by FTA, IDOT and the RTA. Costs funded by capital grants are recorded as capital items and are included in capital assets. Lease agreements generally require transportation agencies to use property and equipment only for public transportation and to maintain them. The asset costs include indirect costs based upon a rate approved by FTA.

The depreciation expense recorded on Pace's statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position represents depreciation on assets purchased by Pace through the use of operating funds and capital grant funds. As required by GASB, depreciation expense has been classified as an operating expense for all depreciable capital assets, including those acquired through capital grants. Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis using estimated useful lives listed below. Accumulated depreciation includes depreciation recorded by the RTA prior to the transfer of assets to Pace on December 31, 1984.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

j. Property and Equipment and Accumulated Depreciation (Continued)

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings20 - 30 yearsImprovements7 - 20 yearsEquipment3 - 12 years

Pace records intangible assets that meet the cost threshold of \$100,000 or greater. The amortization period for intangible assets ranges from 5 years to 20 years and is computed on a straight-line basis. Pace has elected not to retroactively record development costs related to internally generated software that were incurred prior to January 1, 2010.

k. Capital Projects in Progress

Capital projects in progress represents ongoing capital grant projects in various stages of completion. Capital projects in progress totaled \$4,039,298 at December 31, 2013 and \$6,846,712 at December 31, 2012. The balance at December 31, 2013 represents the following projects in process: Oracle HR and Hyperion implementation totaling \$540,546. The remaining balance consists of 65 standard mini vans totaling \$1,638,156, seven conventional vans totaling \$268,161, 16 conversion lift equipped vans totaling \$668,146 and 18 Paratransit vehicles totaling \$924,289. In 2013, Pace had contracts in place with Donlen Corp. for \$23,032,967 to purchase vans, Central States Bus Sales Inc. for \$1,986,762 to purchase community vans, Midwest Transit to purchase Paratransit vehicles for \$5,950,104 and Eldorado National (California) Inc. for \$32,968,135 to purchase transit buses.

1. Capital Grants

Pace receives capital grants for asset acquisition, rehabilitation and construction of public transportation facilities and equipment, under Sections 5307 and 5309 of the Federal Transit Act. As for local capital, in 2005 both the IDOT bond and RTA bond programs, which match the Federal programs, expired. Therefore, Pace heavily relied on the Federal programs to meet their capital needs. The Illinois Department of Transportation continues to contribute capital grant funding from past years' appropriations in addition to the RTA for the acquisition of certain capital assets. Pace may fund from its own accumulated resources a portion of a capital grant project when federal, state, and RTA grants are not sufficient or eligible for the total cost of the project. Pace funded \$5,542,679 for capital projects from its positive budget variance account in 2013.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

m. Centralized Operations

Pace incurs costs of operations such as fuel, insurance, maintenance, etc. which, to the extent that they may be specifically identified, are allocated to funded carriers and considered additional assistance.

n. Deposits and Investments

Permitted Deposits and Investments Statutes authorize Pace to make deposits and investments in insured/collateralized commercial banks, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund and The Illinois Funds.

Deposits and Investments are recorded at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31 and for purposes of cash flow are considered highly liquid. Fair value for the Illinois Funds is the same as the value of the pool shares. State statutes require this fund to comply with the Illinois Public Funds Investment Act (30 ILCS 235).

o. Comparative Data

Comparative data for the prior year has been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in Pace's financial position and operations. However, comparative data has not been presented in all exhibits because their inclusion would make certain exhibits unduly complex.

p. Reclassifications

Certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation. The reclassifications did not affect the change in net position or total net position.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

a. Cash

The carrying amount of cash was \$55,921,312 at December 31, 2013, while the bank balances were \$59,233,945. At December 31, 2013, Pace's petty cash fund totaled \$4,048. All account balances were either insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or had pledge collateral held in a third party institution in the name of Pace. Bank deposits over FDIC insurable limits are secured by collateral to protect deposits in a single financial institution if it were to default. Collateral will have a market value equivalent to at least 105% of deposits at that particular institution. The collateral shall be marked to market and adjusted on at least a monthly basis.

b. Certificates of Deposit

Certificates of Deposit amounted to \$10,472,469 at December 31, 2013. All Certificates of Deposit were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by a Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) line of credit.

c. <u>Investments</u>

Investments are governed by 30 ILCS 235, Public Funds Investment Act. The Board of Directors maintains a formal Investment Policy which addresses the governing provisions of the state law as well as specifying additional guidelines for the investment process. The allowable investments per Pace's policy mirror those specified in the State statute. In general, these investments include instruments issued by the U.S. Government, federal agencies, high grade commercial paper, bank deposits, investment pools created under the State Treasurer's Act, and selected money market mutual funds.

The following schedule reports the fair values and maturities (using the segmented time distribution method) for Pace's investments at December 31, 2013.

		Investment	t Maturities (i	in years)	Quality Rating
	Fair	Less	·		
<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Value</u>	Than 1	<u>1-2</u>	<u>3-5</u>	
Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund	\$30,015,846	\$30,015,846	\$ -	\$ -	AAA
State Investment Pool	115,820	115,820	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	AAA
Total	<u>\$30,131,666</u>	\$30,131,666	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair market value losses arising from rising interest rates, investments of Pace shall be limited to instruments maturing no longer than five years from the time of purchase.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

c. Investments (continued)

Credit Risk. Pace's Investment Policy is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital, and, in general, avoid speculative investments. Pace's Investment Policy limits investments in short term obligations of corporations organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$500,000,000 if (i) such obligations are rated at the time of purchase at one of the three highest classifications established by at least two standard rating services and which mature not later than 180 days from the date of purchase; (ii) such purchases do not exceed 10% of the corporation's outstanding obligations and (iii) no more than one-third of the public agency's funds may be invested in short term obligations of corporations.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Pace places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. As of December 31, 2013, all Pace's investments are in the State Investment Pool and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund which represents roughly 31% of Pace's total cash and investments.

Pace has outstanding lease/leaseback obligations. When Pace entered into these transactions it received advance payments. Pace deposited a portion of the advance payment with a trustee, who was to purchase direct obligations of the U.S. government and other securities that would mature on the dates and in the amounts required to pay lease payments and the respective purchase option price. These investments are held by the trustee in the name of Pace and are invested in U.S. Treasury strips, U.S. government obligations, or guaranteed investment contracts. Because these investments are insured by a third party and are held in U.S. Treasuries and government investment contracts they are not recorded at fair value but are recorded at amortized cost on the Statement of Net Position.

4. RELATIONSHIP WITH REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY

Transactions with the RTA include receipt of Pace's portion of sales tax revenues, state operating and federal operating assistance grants and funding for the ADA program. Pace also receives reimbursements from the RTA for amounts expended by Pace on behalf of the RTA.

	2013
Amounts due from RTA:	
Sales tax and public funding	\$41,041,396
Operating and capital grants	1,656,999
Reduced fare reimbursement	2,024,324
Regional ADA funding	726,364
Other	16,434
	\$45,465,517

5. RISK MANAGEMENT

Pace's basic risk financing policy is to retain a portion of the financial risk of loss for its General Liability, Automobile Liability, and Workers Compensation exposures. Pace does purchase aggregate insurance coverage in excess of specific self-insured retentions for each of the liability exposures highlighted below. Pace also purchases conventional insurance for its property, environmental, crime, and employment practice liability exposures. The basic premise of Pace's Risk Management program is to make risk control and risk financing decisions that minimize the adverse effects that accidental losses have on our organization. The employee health plan and workers' compensation programs are administered primarily by third-party administrators that provide claims management services in exchange for a service fee.

Pace's specific self-insured retentions for general liability, pollution legal liability automobile liability, workers compensation, property, and employment practice liability and cyber liability coverage as of December 31, 2013 are structured as follows:

General Liability	\$250,000 Each Occurrence
Pollution Legal Liability	\$25,000 Each Occurrence
Automobile Liability	\$3,000,000 Each Occurrence
Excess Workers Compensation	\$1,000,000 Each Occurrence
Property	\$25,000 Per Occurrence Deductible
Employment Practice Liability	\$100,000 Each Occurrence
Cyber Liability	\$50,000 Each Occurrence

Pace also has assumed the financial risk for its employee health and welfare coverage. The stop loss coverage at December 31, 2013 is as follows:

<u>Specific Stop Loss</u> <u>Aggregate Stop Loss</u>

Corporate and

all Divisions \$150,000 \$4,307,066

5. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Claim reserves (liabilities) for general liability, automobile liability, and workers' compensation are established based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). For general and automobile liability, case reserves are established by the claim adjuster at the time the claim file is established and are modified throughout the life cycle of the claim.

The reserves on larger cases, particularly those in litigation, are reviewed with legal staff. Reserves are reviewed regularly by the Pace General Counsel and adjusted on an as needed basis.

General liability, automobile liability, and workers' compensation claim reserves reflect the ultimate settlement value of the claim. For workers' compensation claims, reserves for temporary total disability (TTD), permanent partial disability, permanent total disability and medical expenses are established in accordance with the benefit structure outlined in the Illinois Workers Compensation Act. If permanency is involved on the case, the reserves will be increased to reflect the appropriate amount as determined by previous cases settled at the Illinois Workers Compensation Commission. Reserves are updated as necessary and reflect the ultimate settlement value of the claim.

General liability, automobile liability, and workers' compensation claim liabilities for incurred losses to be settled by a lump-sum payment or other agreement, represent their present value using an expected future investment yield of 3 percent per year. Reserves for employee health and welfare coverage are established based on historical claim experience. The ultimate liability for general liability, automobile liability, workers' compensation, and the employee health and welfare plan is approximately \$36,001,239 and \$35,191,200 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Cash is intended to pay for general liability, automobile liability, and workers' compensation at a present value of \$30,077,876 and \$29,253,886 for this liability at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities were as follows:

	For the Year Ended			
	December 31,			
	2013 2012			
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 35,191,200	\$ 33,271,894		
Current year claims and changes in				
estimates	24,027,291	24,597,256		
Claim payments	(23,217,252)	(22,677,950)		
	\$ 36,001,239	\$ 35,191,200		
Current portion of insurance reserves	\$ 18,910,765	\$ 18,048,377		
Non-current portion of insurance reserves	17,090,474	17,142,823		
Total insurance reserves	\$ 36,001,239	\$ 35,191,200		

6. LEASING TRANSACTIONS

In 2003, Pace entered into two lease and leaseback agreements and realized a gain of \$2.4 million from the proceeds. The transactions allowed Pace to earn an up-front economic cash benefit for transferring ownership (not legal title) of a group of assets to a taxpayer that could take advantage of the benefits of tax ownership.

The first lease and leaseback agreement with a third party pertained to certain buses (lot 1, 2, and 3) having an original cost of \$62.2 million less accumulated depreciation of \$60.2 million for a net book value of \$2.0 million at December 31, 2013. Under the bus lease agreements, Pace entered into a long term lease for applicable assets with a trust, established by the equity investor, in which the trust concurrently leased the respective assets back to Pace under a sublease. The present value of the future payments to be made by Pace under the lease is approximately \$81.4 million and is reflected in the accompanying December 31, 2013 Statement of Net Position as the total of the current and long term portions of the Capital Lease Obligation.

The second lease and leaseback agreement with a third party pertained to certain buses (lot 4) having an original cost of \$29.0 million less accumulated depreciation of \$26.0 million for a net book value of \$3.0 million at December 31, 2013. Under the bus lease agreements, Pace entered into a long term lease for applicable assets with a trust, established by the equity investor, in which the trust concurrently leased the respective assets back to Pace under a sublease. The present value of the future payments to be made by Pace under the lease is approximately \$33.4 million and is reflected in the accompanying December 31, 2013 Statement of Net Position as the total of the current and long term portions of the Capital Lease Obligation.

	Beginning				Ending	Interest	Du	e in One
2013	Balance	Additions	Redu	ctions	Balance	Expense		Year
2003 (Buses)	\$ 76,648,138	\$ 4,778,706	\$	-	\$ 81,426,844	\$ 4,778,706	\$ 51	1,754,146
2003 (Buses)	\$ 31,355,263	\$ 2,073,111	\$	-	\$ 33,428,374	\$ 2,073,111	\$	-
Total	\$ 108,003,401	\$ 6,851,817	\$	-	\$ 114,855,218	\$ 6,851,817	\$ 51	1,754,146

6. LEASING TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

As described above, Pace entered into two lease financing agreements with a third party in 2003.

	Capital <u>Leases</u>
2014 2015 2016	\$ 51,754,146 3,909,935 68,735,833
Total minimum lease payments Less interest	124,399,914 9,544,696
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 114,855,218</u>
A reconciliation of the Statement of Net Position to amount presented above:	
Capital Lease Obligation, less current portion Capital Lease Obligation, current portion Total	\$ 63,101,072 51,754,146 <u>\$ 114,855,218</u>

7. ADVANCE FROM STATE

Pace receives a one month advance from the Illinois Department of Revenue to compensate for the delay in the processing of sales tax payments. The advance is forwarded to the Regional Transportation Authority and is then allocated among the three Service Boards. Pace reported a liability of \$9,488,055 and \$9,131,707, respectively, for this advance for the year ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

- a. Agreements with Pace's paratransit public funded carriers generally provide that Pace will reimburse the lesser of the approved budget, \$3.00 per ride, or up to 75% of defined operating deficits incurred, within defined service guidelines, in the provision of specified demand response public transportation services.
- b. Grant agreements with Pace's public contract carriers provide that Pace reimburse defined operating expenses, limited to their approved budget level, incurred in providing public transportation services.
- c. Pace receives significant financial assistance from federally assisted programs, principal of which is FTA. These programs are subject to audit under the requirements of *OMB Circular A-133* for which a separate report is issued.

9. NET POSITION

a. Designated Net Position

While net position represent residual equity in addition to investment in capital assets, it is important to note that management has designated a portion of this balance for future commitments. These obligations are not legal restrictions on net position and therefore are not segregated on the statement of net position, but are for future consideration. Refer to Schedule 7 for the detail of these designations. The figures below reflect the Unrestricted Net Position for Suburban Services only.

	December 31		
		2013	2012
Unrestricted Net Position	\$	66,829,100	\$ 57,298,198
Less: Management Designated Net Position		(28,786,670)	(30,612,288)
Undesignated Unrestricted Net Position	\$	38,042,430	\$ 26,685,910

b. Working Cash

In order to provide sufficient working cash balances to allow payment of Pace's obligations in a timely manner, in August 2004 the Board of Directors ordained that the amount of Unrestricted Net Position (Unrestricted Net Assets) to be retained for working cash purposes shall be set at 8% of annual budgeted operating expenses from the Suburban Services Fund.

Controls have been implemented to ensure that the working cash balance is not expended without further approval. Before that approval is granted, staff will reexamine both the project and Pace's cash position in order to make a recommendation to the Board as to how to proceed.

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	December 31		
		2013	2012
Unrestricted Net Position Less: Earnings Retained for Working Cash Purposes Less: Management Designated Net Position	\$	66,829,100 (16,620,880) (28,786,670)	\$ 57,298,198 (15,601,360) (30,612,288)
Available Unrestricted Net Position	<u>\$</u>	21,421,550	\$11,084,550

10. RETIREMENT PLANS

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS

a. RTA Plan

(1) Plan Description

The Regional Transportation Authority Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer non-contributory defined benefit pension plan, whose benefit provisions are established under the authority of RTA, that provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The RTA plan is comprised of employees from the RTA, Pace and Metra.

All full-time Pace employees who are not covered by a Collective Bargaining Agreement where retirement benefits are a subject of bargaining are eligible to participate. The plan provides normal and early retirement and disability benefits determined as a percentage of a participants average annual compensation in the three completed plan years of highest compensation. Benefits fully vest upon attaining five years of credited service. Normal retirement age is 65 or when the total years of credited service plus the participant's age equals 85. Upon reaching normal retirement age, a participant is entitled to 100% of his vested benefits. An employee may retire at age 55 with 10 years of credited service and receive reduced benefits. The RTA pension plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The financial report may be obtained by writing to Pace, 550 West Algonquin Road, Arlington Heights, Illinois 60005-4412 or by calling (847) 364-8130.

(2) Funding Policy

Employee contributions are neither required nor allowed by the plan. The employer is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Pace made a pension contribution of \$8,375,110 in 2013. The employer contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the RTA Pension Plan Board of Trustees.

(3) Schedule of Required Contributions

Fiscal Year	Annual Pension	Percentage Contributed	Net Pension
Ending	Cost (APC)	By Employer	Obligation
2013	\$8,375,110	100%	\$0
2012	7,256,452	100%	0
2011	4,210,000	100%	0

10. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

- a. RTA Plan (Continued)
 - (4) Funded Status and Funded Progress

As of January 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability was \$221,397,986 and the actuarial value of assets was \$155,997,793 resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$65,400,193. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$70,634,459 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 92.6%.

Information regarding the Schedule of Funding Progress can be found on page 69.

(5) Actuarial Assumptions

The information presented above and in the required supplementary information was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. The required Schedule of Funding Progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation is as follows:

Valuation date 1/1/13
Actuarial cost method Projected unit credit
Amortization method Level dollar open
Remaining amortization period 30
Amortization method Open Basis

Asset valuation method Smoothed market value

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.75%
Projected salary increases
Projected salary increases (including inflation) 3.5%

10. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

b. Pace West Division Plan

(1) Plan Description

The Retirement Plan for Pace West Division Employees is a contributory single employer defined benefit pension plan, whose benefit provisions are established through the Collective Bargaining Agreement between Pace West Division and Local 241 of the Amalgamated Transit Union that provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. All full-time Pace employees who are covered by the Collective Bargaining Agreement are eligible to participate. The plan provides normal and early retirement and disability benefits determined as a percentage of a participant's career earnings. Benefits fully vest upon attaining 10 years of service or at age 57 with three years of credited service. Normal retirement age is 65 or after 25 years of credited service at any age and entitles an employee to 100% of his vested benefits. An employee may retire at age 57 with 3 years of credited service and receive reduced benefits. The plan issues a financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The financial report may be obtained by writing to Pace, 550 West Algonquin Road, Arlington Heights, IL 60005-4412 or by calling (847) 364-8130.

(2) Funding Policy

Employee and employer contributions are required by the plan. The employer and employee contribution requirements are established and may be amended through the Collective Bargaining Agreement. On August 2, 2013, a new Collective Bargaining Agreement was signed which resulted in increases to both the employee and employer contributions. There were three different levels of increase in the employer contribution outlined in the Collective Bargaining Agreement. Effective the first full pay period after January 1, 2011, the employer contribution increased from 3.5% to 5.5%. Effective the first full pay period after January 1, 2012, the employer contribution increased to 6.0% and effective the first full pay period after January 1, 2013, it increased to 6.5%. The employee's contribution increased from 5.4% to 6.5% effective the first full pay period following January 1, 2013.

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 (CONTINUED)

10. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

- b. Pace West Division Plan (Continued)
 - (3) Annual Net Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The annual net pension cost and net pension obligation are as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 891,435
Interest on net pension obligation	144,507
Adjustment to the annual required contribution	(148,567)
Annual pension cost	887,375
Employer contributions	(628,352)
Increase in the net pension obligation	259,023
Net pension obligation at 01/01/12	1,806,337
Net pension obligation at 01/01/13	\$ 2,065,360

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year	Annual Pension	Percentage Contributed	Net Pension
Ending	Cost(APC)	By Employer	Obligation
2012	\$887,375	70.8%	\$2,065,360
2011	845,160	80.9%	1,806,337
2010	881,624	66.1%	1,645,172

(4) Funded Status and Funded Progress

As of January 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability was \$27,620,603 and the actuarial value of assets was \$18,297,679 resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$9,322,924. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$11,252,916 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 82.85%. Per the requirements of Illinois Statute 40 ILCS 5/22-103, Pace accrued \$244,831 for the 2012 contribution, \$248,739 for the 2011 contribution and \$287,070 for the 2010 contribution. The 2010 contribution was paid in 2013. The retroactive employer contributions outlined in the new collective bargaining agreement were intended to satisfy the 2011 and 2012 statutory contributions and, therefore, were not paid. The increased contributions eliminated the need for a statutory contribution for 2013.

Information regarding the Schedule of Funding Progress can be found on page 69.

(CONTINUED)

10. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

b. Pace West Division Plan (Continued)

(5) Actuarial Assumptions

The information presented above and in the required supplementary information was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. The required Schedule of Funding Progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation is as follows:

Valuation date 1/1/13 Actuarial cost method Entry age normal Straight-line Amortization method Remaining amortization period 20 Amortization method **Open Basis** Asset valuation method Market Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return 8% Projected salary increases (including inflation)

c. Pace North Division Plan

(1) Plan Description

Until October 1, 1999, the Amalgamated Transit Union Local 900 Pension Plan was a noncontributory defined benefit plan for employees of the North Division. Under the new Collective Bargaining Agreement, plan participants are required to contribute 4% of their compensation. Such employee contribution is treated as a pick up contribution (pretax) under the Internal Revenue Code. Pace also contributes 4% of compensation under the new Collective Bargaining Agreement; previously, Pace contributed 3.75% of compensation. All Pace employees who are covered by the Collective Bargaining Agreement are eligible to participate. The plan provides normal and early retirement and disability benefits based upon years of credited service and hours of service credited to the participant during each year of service. Benefits fully vest upon attaining 5 years of service. Normal retirement age is 65 and entitles an employee to 100% of their vested benefits. An employee may retire at age 55 with 10 years of service and receive reduced benefits. The plan also pays onehalf of medical insurance premiums for certain early retirees age 62 until the retiree reaches age 65. The plan issues a financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The financial report may be obtained by writing to Pace, 550 West Algonquin Road, Arlington Heights, IL 60005-4412 or by calling (847) 364-8130.

3.5%

(CONTINUED)

10. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

c. Pace North Division Plan (Continued)

(2) Funding Policy

The employer was required to contribute 3.75% of compensation until October 1, 1999, when the contribution was increased to 4% of compensation. Prior to October 1, 1999, employee contributions were neither required nor allowed. After October 1, 1999, the employee is required to contribute 4% of compensation. The employer contribution requirements are established and may be amended through the Collective Bargaining Agreement.

(3) Annual Net Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The annual net pension cost and net pension obligation are as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 34,259
Interest on net pension obligation	(24,342)
Adjustment to the annual required contribution	25,564
Annual pension cost	35,481
Actual contributions	(156,562)
Decrease in the net pension obligation	(121,081)
Net pension obligation at 01/01/12	(324,562)
Net pension obligation at 01/01/13	<u>\$ (445,643)</u>

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Plan Year	Annual Pension	Percentage Contributed	Net Pension	
Ending	Cost (APC)	APC Contributed	Obligation	
12/31/2012	\$ 35,481	441.26%	\$(445,643)	
12/31/2011	68,784	182.31%	(324,562)	
12/31/2010	102,457	119.61%	(267,942)	

10. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

- c. Pace North Division Plan (continued)
 - (4) Funded Status and Funded Progress

As of January 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability was \$4,022,990 and the actuarial value of assets was \$3,821,529 resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$201,461. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,540,500 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 5.69%.

Information regarding the Schedule of Funding Progress can be found on page 69.

(5) Actuarial Assumptions

The information presented above and in the supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. The required Schedule of Funding Progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation is as follows:

Valuation Date	1/1/13
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Straight-line
Remaining amortization period	20
Amortization method	Open Basis
Asset valuation method	Market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment note of neturns	7.50/

10. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS

a. Plan Description

The Operating Divisions of the Pace Suburban Bus Division have established 401K plans and defined contribution plans through their respective Collective Bargaining Agreements with the bargained for employees at the Division. The Division contributes a percentage of compensation for each participant as provided in the Collective Bargaining Agreement. In some cases, there is a required employee 401K contribution pursuant to the Collective Bargaining Agreement. Each 401K plan allows the employee participant to elect to contribute a percentage of the participant's compensation up to a maximum percentage. The defined contribution plans provide only for an employer contribution at the percentage of compensation specified in the Collective Bargaining Agreement. The plans can be amended by the Collective Bargaining Agreement or in writing by the parties to the Collective Bargaining Agreement.

b. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments

The plans are all self directed by the participant from a selection of mutual funds. All assets of the plan are valued at fair value.

10. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS (Continued)

b. Summary of Significant Accounting Polices (Continued)

The following table provides additional information regarding these defined contribution plans:

Plan <u>Name</u>	Type of <u>Plan</u>	Number of Covered <u>Employees</u>	Employer Contribution <u>Requirement</u>	Employee Contribution <u>Requirement</u>	Employer Contribution <u>Amount</u>	Employee Contribution <u>Amount</u>
Pace Fox Valley Division	401k	57	4% of Compensation*	None	\$125,096	\$83,072
Pace Fox Valley Division	Defined Contribution	3	4% of Compensation	4% of Compensation	\$7,067	\$7,067
Pace Heritage Division	401k	44	4% of Compensation	4% of Compensation	\$79,708	\$112,325
Pace North Shore Division	401k	43	4% of Compensation	None	\$92,206	\$137,233
Pace Northwest Division	401k	213	4.5% of Compensation	4% of Compensation	\$470,067	\$611,529
Pace River Division	401k	58	4% of Compensation**	None	\$105,501	\$112,704
Pace River Division	Defined Contribution	8	4% of Compensation	4% of Compensation	\$17,095	\$17,095
Pace South Division	401k	206	4% of Compensation	4% of Compensation	\$389,545	\$529,058
Pace Southwest Division	401k	110	4% of Compensation	2% of Compensation	\$170,745	\$170,090

^{*} For participants who were employed as of November 1, 1989, Pace will contribute up to 4% of compensation as a matching contribution. For participants who were employed after this date, there are no matching contributions.

For 2013, the maximum employee pre-tax 401(k) contribution was \$17,500. For 2013, participants age 50 or older can contribute an additional \$5,500 as a catch-up 401(k) contribution.

Pace Administrative Plan

In addition to the RTA Defined Benefit Plan, all Pace employees who are not covered by a retirement plan which is the subject of a Collective Bargaining Agreement, are eligible to participate in a voluntary 401(K) Plan. Employees are eligible to participate after 60 days of service. A participant is fully vested in his/her account immediately. Contributions to the plan are voluntary for each participant. The Internal Revenue Code places limits on the amounts which employees may elect to contribute. There is no employer obligation to contribute. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Administrative Plan Committee. For 2013, Pace contributed \$253,504 and the participants contributed \$1,349,893 which includes \$27,916 contributed to the Roth 401(K).

^{**} For participants who were employed as of December 31, 1991, Pace will contribute up to 4% of compensation as a matching contribution. For participants who were employed after the date, there are no matching contributions.

11. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

a. West Plan

(1) Plan Description

Pace administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan for its West Division employees ("West Plan"). The plan provides HMO coverage to employees hired on or before the ratification of the Collective Bargaining Agreement and former employees age 57 or older on or before the ratification of the Collective Bargaining Agreement that also qualify as a deferred vested pensioner under the Retirement Plan for Pace West Division are eligible for retiree health and life insurance coverage subject to the terms of the agreement. Retiree health coverage consists of enrollment in Pace' HMO plan or payment of a single coverage cash equivalent ("stipend") as outlined in the Collective Bargaining Agreement. Retirees also qualify for a \$2,000 life insurance benefit. Retirees can maintain family coverage provided the retiree pays 50% of the difference between single and family coverage. Family coverage is available until the retiree reaches age 65. The West Plan does not issue a stand alone financial report.

(2) Funding Policy

The contractual obligation to contribute to the West Plan is under the Collective Bargaining Agreement with Pace West Division and Local 241, Amalgamated Transit Union. Effective January 1, 2004, Pace contributes 2.5% of earnings to cover the costs of retirees' health coverage per the Collective Bargaining Agreement. On August 2, 2013, a new Collective Bargaining Agreement was signed which resulted in an increase to the employer retiree health contribution. Effective the first full pay period after January 1, 2011, the employer contribution increased to 3.5%. In the event such amount is insufficient to pay the cost of retirees' health coverage, Pace will advance the funds. If the insufficiency is \$10,000 or less, Pace agrees to pay. If the insufficiency is greater, then Pace and Local 241 Amalgamated Transit Union will resolve the insufficiency.

11. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

a. West Plan (Continued)

(3) Annual Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The West Plan's other post employment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the West Plan's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$	880,711
Interest on net OPEB obligation		98,585
Adjustment to annual required contribution	_	(102,021)
Annual OPEB cost		877,275
Contributions made		(637,536)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		239,739
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		3,286,159
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$3	3,525,898

The West Plan's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation are as follows:

		Percentage of	Net	
Fiscal Year	Annual	Annual OPEB	OPEB	
Ending	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation	
12/31/2013	\$877,275	24.9%	\$3,525,898	
12/31/2012	888,085	27.0%	3,286,159	
12/31/2011	872,423	30.7%	2,843,294	

(4) Funded Status and Funded Progress

As of January 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability was \$14,893,808 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0 resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$14,893,808. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$10,530,050 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 141.44%.

11. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

- a. West Plan (Continued)
 - (4) Funded Status and Funded Progress (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial valuation of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

(5) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2013 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a discount rate of 3% and a 30 year amortization period. Other assumptions are as follows:

Health Care Trend Rate - The expected rate of increase was based on historical costs and were estimated as follows:

Retirees Under Age 65	4.5%
Retirees Over Age 65	4.5%

Mortality – Life expectancies were based on RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table for Males and Females and were projected to 2013 using Scale BB.

Withdrawal - The rate of withdrawal was based on the same assumptions used for valuation of the Pace West Division Defined Benefit Plan.

11. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

- a. West Plan (Continued)
 - (5) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Retirement Rates – The rate of retirement was based on the same assumptions used for the valuation of the Pace West Division Defined Benefit Plan.

Marital Status – The marriage assumption at retirement assumed that 80% of retirees are assumed to be married with husbands three years older than wives. This was based on the actual spouse data for the current retirees.

Annual Per Capita Claims – The annual per capita claims were based on the implicit HMO premiums. An assumption was made that the stipend amount would increase by \$120 per year and that 50% of retirees are assumed to elect the stipend.

12. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

<u>Type</u>	1/1/2013 <u>Balance</u>	Additions	<u>Transfers</u>	<u>Disposals</u>	12/31/2013 <u>Balance</u>
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated					
Land	\$ 16,015,891	\$ 62,700	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,078,591
Capital Projects in Progress	6,846,712	4,039,298	(6,846,712)		4,039,298
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	22,862,603	4,101,998	(6,846,712)		20,117,889
Capital Assets Being Depreciated					
Equipment	331,594,381	45,643,705	6,836,673	(22,822,124)	361,252,635
Buildings and Improvements	159,167,207	2,042,015	10,039		161,219,261
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	490,761,588	47,685,720	6,846,712	(22,822,124)	522,471,896
Accumulated Depreciation					
Equipment	(256,595,947)	(46,402,723)		22,822,124	(280,176,546)
Buildings and Improvements	(91,581,791)				(91,581,791)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(348,177,738)	(46,402,723)		22,822,124	(371,758,337)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	142,583,850	1,282,997	6,846,712		150,713,559
Net Capital Assets	\$ 165,446,453	\$ 5,384,995	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 170,831,448

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS DECEMBER 31, 2013

				Accrued						UAAL
		Actuarial		Liability		Unfunded				as a Percentage
Actuarial		Value of		Entry Age		AAL	Funded		Covered	of Covered
Valuation		Assets		(AAL)		(UAAL)	Ratio		Payroll	Payroll
Date		(a)		(b)		(b - a)	(a/b)		(c)	((b-a)/c)
Regional Trai	nsport	ation Authority	Pens	ion Plan						
	•	v								
01/01/13	\$	155,997,793	\$	221,397,986	\$	65,400,193	70.46%	\$	70,634,459	92.59%
01/01/12		141,387,904		200,844,966		59,457,062	70.40%		67,176,064	88.51%
01/01/11		127,343,037		185,373,843		58,030,806	68.70%		66,490,058	87.28%
01/01/10		118,805,281		166,663,123		47,857,842	71.28%		68,389,409	69.98%
01/01/09		106,021,198		153,284,576		47,263,378	69.17%		66,010,613	71.60%
01/01/08		114,031,540		146,417,404		32,385,864	77.88%		61,364,198	52.78%
Paga Wast Di	vicio	n Pension Plan								
1 acc west Di	V15101	i i clision i ian								
01/01/13	\$	18,297,679	\$	27,620,603	\$	9,322,924	66.25%	\$	11,252,916	82.85%
01/01/12	4	17,095,989	4	26,673,720	4	9,577,731	64.09%	Ψ	11,313,595	84.66%
01/01/11		16,365,933		25,521,570		9,155,637	64.13%		11,467,539	79.84%
01/01/10		15,391,195		24,327,270		8,936,075	63.27%		12,187,546	73.32%
01/01/09		14,646,163		23,227,827		8,581,664	63.05%		11,349,851	75.61%
01/01/08		18,138,936		22,085,776		3,946,840	82.13%		9,701,566	40.68%
Pace North D	ivisio	n Pension Plan								
01/01/13	\$	3,821,529	\$	4,022,990	\$	201,461	94.99%	\$	3,540,500	5.69%
01/01/12		3,309,584		3,814,739		505,155	86.76%		3,165,576	15.96%
01/01/11		3,109,830		3,522,640		412,810	88.28%		3,063,755	13.47%
01/01/10		2,683,394		3,213,280		529,886	83.51%		3,064,019	17.29%
01/01/09		2,064,461		2,912,728		848,267	70.88%		3,126,297	27.13%
01/01/08		2,288,183		2,680,717		392,534	85.36%		2,988,024	13.14%
Pace West Di	vicio	n Haalth Dlan								
1 acc West Di	V15101	i i i caitii i iaii								
01/01/13	\$	_	\$	14,893,808	\$	14,893,808	0.00%	\$	10,530,050	141.44%
01/01/12		-		12,642,476		12,642,476	0.00%		11,313,595	111.75%
01/01/11		-		12,642,476		12,642,476	0.00%		11,467,539	110.25%
01/01/10		-		13,695,661		13,695,661	0.00%		12,187,546	112.37%
01/01/09		-		13,695,661		13,695,661	0.00%		11,349,851	120.67%
01/01/08		-		11,308,886		11,308,886	0.00%		9,701,566	116.57%

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION BY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2013

WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR DECEMBER 31, 2012

ASSETS	Suburban Services Fund <u>2013</u>	Regional ADA Paratransit Services Fund 2013	Total <u>2013</u>	Unaudited Total <u>2012</u>
<u>Current Assets</u>				
Cash and Investments	\$ 77,930,704	\$ 18,598,791	\$ 96,529,495	\$ 98,801,016
Accounts Receivable:				
Regional Transportation Authority	44,739,153	726,364	45,465,517	43,515,384
Interfund Receivable	1,854,562	-	1,854,562	7,531,151
Capital Grant Projects-FTA & IDOT	26,969	-	26,969	959,958
Other	11,318,012	313,789	11,631,801	9,703,084
Total Accounts Receivable	57,938,696	1,040,153	58,978,849	61,709,577
Other Current Assets				
Prepaid Expenses	3,574,336	341,791	3,916,127	2,559,168
Inventory-Spare Parts	5,018,875	-	5,018,875	4,428,238
Assets Restricted for Repayment of Leasing Commitment - Current	51,754,146	-	51,754,146	-
Total Other Current Assets	60,347,357	341,791	60,689,148	6,987,406
Total Current Assets	196,216,757	19,980,735	216,197,492	167,497,999
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated				
Land	16,078,591	-	16,078,591	16,015,891
Capital Projects in Progress	4,039,298		4,039,298	6,846,712
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	20,117,889		20,117,889	22,862,603
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net				
Equipment	337,415,056	23,837,579	361,252,635	331,594,381
Building and Improvements	161,219,261	23,031,317	161,219,261	159,167,207
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(349,604,905)	(22,153,432)	(371,758,337)	(348,177,738)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	149,029,412	1,684,147	150,713,559	142,583,850
Assets restricted for repayment of leasing commitments - Noncurrent	63,101,072		63,101,072	108,003,401
Total Noncurrent Assets	232,248,373	1,684,147	233,932,520	273,449,854
Total Assets	428,465,130	21,664,882	450,130,012	440,947,853

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION BY FUND (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2013

WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR DECEMBER 31, 2012

LIABILITIES	Suburban Services Fund 2013	Regional ADA Paratransit Services Fund 2013	Paratransit Services Fund Total	
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable:				
Operating	\$ 281,992	\$ 8,524,262	\$ 8,806,254	\$ 1,212,699
Capital	5,889,354	-	5,889,354	3,255,630
Accrued Payroll Expenses	8,009,872	142,873	8,152,745	7,579,940
Other Accrued Expenses	10,207,842	13,618,383	23,826,225	43,244,016
Unearned Revenue	603,649	680,971	1,284,620	1,381,931
Interfund Payable	-	1,854,562	1,854,562	7,531,151
Interest Payable	-	-	-	344
Current Portion of Insurance Reserves	18,643,938	266,827	18,910,765	18,048,377
Current Portion of Capital Lease Obligation	51,754,146		51,754,146	
Total Current Liabilities	95,390,793	25,087,878	120,478,671	82,254,088
Other Liabilities				
Insurance Reserve, Non-Current Portion	17,090,474	-	17,090,474	17,142,823
Net Pension Obligation	1,619,717	-	1,619,717	1,481,775
Net Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Obligation	3,525,898	-	3,525,898	3,286,159
Advance From State	9,488,055	-	9,488,055	9,131,707
Capital Lease Obligation, Less Current Portion	63,101,072	-	63,101,072	108,003,401
Other Liabilities	2,272,720	29,818	2,302,538	2,040,213
Total Other Liabilities	97,097,936	29,818	97,127,754	141,086,078
Total Liabilities	192,488,729	25,117,696	217,606,425	223,340,166
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted	169,147,301 66,829,100	1,684,147 (5,136,961)	170,831,448 61,692,139	165,446,453 52,161,234
Total Net Position	\$ 235,976,401	\$ (3,452,814)	\$ 232,523,587	\$ 217,607,687

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PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANPORTATION AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION BY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Suburban Services Fund 2013	Regional ADA Paratransit Services Fund 2013	Total 2013	Unaudited Total <u>2012</u>
Operating Revenue				
Pace-owned service revenue	\$ 29,094,500	\$ -	\$ 29,094,500	\$ 28,725,933
CMAQ/JARC Services	230,763	-	230,763	86,473
Fixed route carrier revenue	3,294,462	=	3,294,462	3,014,050
Paratransit revenue	12,432,951	9,976,913	22,409,864	21,761,056
Vanpool revenue	4,158,850	-	4,158,850	3,926,622
Reduced fare reimbursement	1,977,876	-	1,977,876	2,628,912
Advertising revenue	4,503,458	-	4,503,458	4,483,746
Miscellaneous	1,292,935	3,656,012	4,948,947	4,510,678
Total Operating Revenue	56,985,795	13,632,925	70,618,720	69,137,470
Operating expenses:				
Pace-owned service expenses	79,708,876	-	79,708,876	78,277,509
CMAQ/JARC expenses	2,034,397	-	2,034,397	911,980
Contract Payments:				,
Fixed route carriers	9,470,685	-	9,470,685	9,060,737
Paratransit carriers	18,553,231	132,733,995	151,287,226	142,641,448
Vanpool expenses	4,669,751		4,669,751	4,745,135
Centralized operations	60,153,690	3,720,051	63,873,741	61,788,712
Administrative expenses	26,357,138	6,557,882	32,915,020	29,908,725
Depreciation	43,463,034	2,939,689	46,402,723	47,778,646
Indirect overhead allocation	(5,115,890)	5,115,890	-	, , , -
Total Operating Expenses	239,294,912	151,067,507	390,362,419	375,112,892
Operating Income (Loss)	(182,309,117)	(137,434,582)	(319,743,699)	(305,975,422)
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)				
Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula)	83,215,418	-	83,215,418	79,326,746
RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708)	31,870,642	-	31,870,642	31,429,206
Regional ADA Paratransit Fund	-	125,994,893	125,994,893	113,232,896
RTA Discretionary Funding	3,694,000	-	3,694,000	5,440,000
ADA State Funding	-	8,500,000	8,500,000	8,500,000
Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF)	21,804,636	-	21,804,636	20,796,258
South Suburban Job Access Fund	7,500,000	-	7,500,000	7,500,000
Federal Operating Grants	5,600,465	-	5,600,465	1,703,169
Capital Grants Reimbursements	46,245,039	-	46,245,039	41,020,364
Interfund Asset Allocation	(323,550)	323,550	-	-
Interest on Investments	234,506	-	234,506	187,728
Interest Expense	-	-	-	(344)
Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction	6,851,817	-	6,851,817	6,438,942
Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction	(6,851,817)	-	(6,851,817)	(6,438,942)
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	199,841,156	134,818,443	334,659,599	309,136,023
Change in Net Position	17,532,039	(2,616,139)	14,915,900	3,160,601
Beginning Net Position	218,444,362	(836,675)	217,607,687	214,447,086
Ending Net Position	\$ 235,976,401	\$ (3,452,814)	\$ 232,523,587	\$ 217,607,687

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SUBURBAN SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENSES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Actual	Final Amended Budget	Variance
Operating Revenue			
Pace-Owned Service Revenue	\$ 29,094,500	\$ 29,478,094	\$ (383,594)
CMAQ/JARC Passenger Revenue	230,763	142,000	88,763
Fixed Route Carrier Revenue	3,294,462	3,158,785	135,677
Paratransit Revenue	12,432,951	12,633,214	(200,263)
Vanpool Revenue	4,158,850	4,363,697	(204,847)
Reduced Fare Reimbursement	1,977,876	1,978,000	(124)
Advertising Revenue	4,503,458	4,439,825	63,633
Interest on Investments	234,506	124,311	110,195
Miscellaneous/Other Revenue	1,292,935	1,406,431	(113,496)
Total Operating Revenue	57,220,301	57,724,357	(504,056)
Operating Expenses			
Pace-Owned Service Expenses	79,708,876	83,509,583	3,800,707
CMAQ/JARC Expenses	2,034,397	2,241,415	207,018
Contract Payments:	2,00 1,00 1	2,2 . 1 , . 10	207,010
Fixed Route Carriers	9,470,685	9,436,377	(34,308)
Paratransit Carriers	18,553,231	20,267,747	1,714,516
Vanpool Expenses	4,669,751	5,563,643	893,892
Centralized Operations	60,153,690	64,623,992	4,470,302
Indirect Overhead Allocation	(5,115,890)	(3,949,400)	1,166,490
Administrative Expenses	26,357,138	26,066,564	(290,574)
•			
Total Operating Expenses	195,831,878	207,759,921	11,928,043
Operating Income (Loss)	(138,611,577)	(150,035,564)	11,423,987
Non-Operating Revenue			
Retailers' occupation and use tax from RTA (85% Formula)	83,215,418	81,508,000	1,707,418
RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708)	31,870,642	30,912,000	958,642
RTA Discretionary Funding	3,694,000	3,694,000	-
Suburban Community Mobility Fund (SCMF)	21,804,636	21,360,000	444,636
South Suburban Job Access Fund	7,500,000	7,500,000	-
Federal Operating Grants - Suburban Services	5,600,465	5,061,564	538,901
Total Non-Operating Revenue	153,685,161	150,035,564	3,649,597
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 15,073,584	\$ -	\$ 15,073,584
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis:			
Provision for Depreciation	(43,463,034)		
Capital Grants Non-Operating Revenue	46,245,039		
Interfund Asset Allocation	(323,550)		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position - GAAP Basis	\$ 17,532,039		
(, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY REGIONAL ADA PARATRANSIT SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENSES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

			Fi	nal Amended		
		Actual		Budget	Variance	
Operating Revenue	Φ	0.076.012	Ф	10.046.010	Φ	(70.006)
ADA Service Revenue Miscellaneous/Other Revenue	\$	9,976,913	\$	10,046,919	\$	(70,006)
		3,656,012		2,447,824		1,208,188
Total Operating Revenue		13,632,925		12,494,743		1,138,182
Operating Expenses						
ADA Service Expenses		132,733,995		134,309,404		1,575,409
Centralized Operations		3,720,051		4,034,083		314,032
Indirect Overhead Allocation		5,115,890		3,949,400		(1,166,490)
Administrative Expenses		6,557,882		6,468,856		(89,026)
Total Operating Expenses		148,127,818		148,761,743		633,925
Operating Income (Loss)		(134,494,893)		(136,267,000)		1,772,107
Non-Operating Revenue						
Regional ADA Paratransit Funding from RTA		125,994,893		127,767,000		(1,772,107)
ADA State Funding		8,500,000		8,500,000		
Total Non-Operating Revenue		134,494,893		136,267,000		(1,772,107)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$		\$	-	\$	
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis:						
Provision for Depreciation		(2,939,689)				
Interfund Asset Allocation		323,550				
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position - GAAP Basis	\$	(2,616,139)				

SECTION THREE - STATISTICAL

Financial Trends

An analysis of Net Position by component and Change in Net Position are presented as an indicator of Pace's financial performance and to show the overall change in financial position over time. A schedule is also included that details the ratio of working capital to operating expenses.

Net Position by Component	78
Change in Net Position	79
Working Capital Ratio	80

Revenue Capacity

Pace's primary own-source revenue is system farebox revenue. The fare structure and system ridership both affect the revenue collected each year. Schedules are included that present trends in fares and ridership over the last ten years. The primary source of funding for Pace is sales tax receipts. A schedule is presented showing the trend in sales tax receipts over the past ten years.

Change in Fare Structure	81
System Ridership	82
Sales Tax Collection for the Six County Region	83

Debt Capacity

Pace is authorized to borrow up to \$100 million effective January 1, 2013 for four specific projects. Pace has not issued bonds so there is no outstanding debt as of December 31, 2013.

Demographic and Economic Information

Population growth and personal income trends impact ridership, fare revenues and funding such as sales tax receipts. Also since many riders rely on public transportation to get to and from work, employment throughout the region plays a part in the environment in which Pace operates. Schedules are presented showing trends in population, personal income and unemployment for the last ten years.

Population, Personal Income and Unemployment	84
Top Ten Principle Employers	85

SECTION THREE – STATISTICAL (Continued)

Operating Information

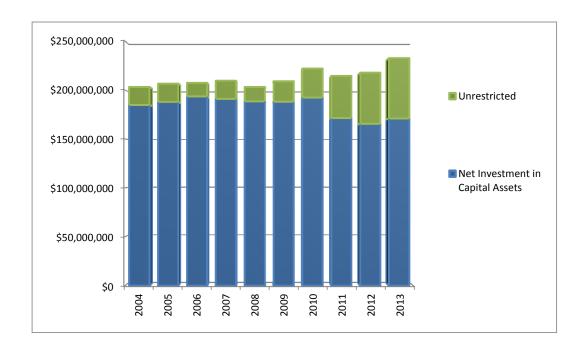
Pace operates bus transportation service over a six county region and within the City of Chicago for ADA Paratransit service. This section provides information in regard to the size and scope of Pace's operations. The schedules include detailed capital asset and infrastructure information, number of employees and other operating indicators that relate to the service Pace provides.

Capital Assets and Infrastructure Information	86
Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function/Program	87
Operating Indicators.	89

Statistical: Financial Trends TABLE 1

PACE
THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION
OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
LAST TEN YEARS

<u>Year</u>	Net Investment in Capital Assets	Restricted	Unrestricted	Total Primary Government Net Position
2004	\$184,649,172	\$ -	\$18,426,059	\$203,075,231
2005	187,771,773	-	18,560,914	206,332,687
2006	193,332,039	-	13,919,541	207,251,580
2007	190,877,021	-	18,634,014	209,511,035
2008	188,268,519	-	14,744,945	203,013,464
2009	188,007,774	-	20,938,344	208,946,118
2010	192,311,667	-	29,435,568	221,747,235
2011	171,290,055	-	43,157,031	214,447,086
2012	165,446,453	-	52,161,234	217,607,687
2013	170,831,448	-	61,692,139	232,523,587



Source: Pace Annual Financial Reports

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS

Operating Revenue	
Operating Revenue	
Pace-owned service revenue \$26,455,191 \$27,605,939 \$24,736,330 \$26,300,141 \$22,051,988 \$25,988,557 \$26,162,982 \$28,191,535 \$28,725,933	\$29,094,500
CMAQ/JARC Services 244,326 245,345 123,482 335,124 255,321 395,654 10,209 40,292 86,473	230,763
Fixed route carrier revenue 4,550,942 4,635,410 4,748,469 4,793,409 4,700,803 4,656,466 4,066,649 3,692,221 3,014,050	3,294,462
Paratransit revenue 9,161,086 11,093,172 13,956,309 17,172,859 18,354,862 16,143,772 17,979,188 19,978,787 21,761,056	22,409,864
Vanpool revenue 2,518,964 2,694,295 3,192,134 3,420,562 3,809,750 3,845,452 3,578,691 3,675,781 3,926,622	4,158,850
Reduced fare reimbursement 3,265,564 3,236,102 3,027,143 2,704,347 3,089,197 2,350,689 2,415,786 2,571,462 2,628,912	1,977,876
Advertising revenue 3,674,162 4,084,183 4,334,214 4,572,340 4,666,382 2,630,182 3,930,876 4,355,475 4,483,746	4,503,458
Miscellaneous 1,581,235 1,222,446 1,312,230 1,640,461 1,733,938 2,948,948 3,864,154 6,348,239 4,510,678	4,948,947
Total Operating Revenue 51,451,470 54,816,892 55,430,311 60,939,243 58,662,241 58,959,720 62,008,535 68,853,792 69,137,470	70,618,720
Operating expenses	
Pace-owned service expenses 67,637,306 70,701,982 63,173,992 66,466,694 67,958,454 70,197,738 73,273,066 74,311,676 78,277,509	79,708,876
CMAQ/JARC expenses 1,219,032 933,059 533,213 1,488,088 1,779,710 1,890,135 198,665 290,232 911,980	2,034,397
Contract Payments:	2,00 1,007
Fixed route carriers 11,338,017 11,585,232 11,941,299 12,960,065 13,251,718 13,262,046 11,639,829 10,584,807 9,060,737	9,470,685
Paratransit carriers 23,880,894 26,156,760 54,422,347 91,228,819 113,512,062 119,465,945 121,511,022 133,160,676 142,641,448	151,287,226
Vanpool expenses 2,554,465 2,530,884 2,761,250 3,271,777 3,925,979 3,374,719 3,655,554 4,529,570 4,745,135	4,669,751
Centralized operations 25,785,148 32,361,699 48,009,071 50,027,473 56,445,920 54,317,776 55,886,171 58,509,532 61,788,712	63,873,741
Administrative expenses 14,805,942 15,354,274 18,376,947 20,564,208 22,557,659 26,601,926 25,125,710 26,404,823 29,908,725	32,915,020
Depreciation 33,036,213 31,567,767 30,289,617 31,492,801 33,185,530 37,446,875 41,712,329 44,356,587 47,778,646	46,402,723
Total Operating Expenses 180,257,017 191,191,657 229,507,736 277,499,925 312,617,032 326,557,160 333,002,346 352,147,903 375,112,892	390,362,419
Total Operating Expenses 100,237,017 171,171,037 222,307,730 271,777,723 320,357,100 333,002,340 332,147,703 373,112,072	370,302,417
Operating Income (Loss) (128,805,547) (136,374,765) (174,077,425) (216,560,682) (253,954,791) (267,597,440) (270,993,811) (283,294,111) (305,975,422)	(319,743,699)
Non Operating Revenue	
Sales Tax from RTA (85% Formula) 73,536,217 76,398,719 81,011,516 81,232,272 78,240,000 70,438,841 73,053,667 76,085,053 79,326,746	83,215,418
RTA Sales Tax/PTF (PA 95-0708) 2.959.732 13.380.000 28.965.867 29.784.991 31.449.703 31.429.206	31,870,642
Regional ADA Paratransit Fund - 1,000,000 16,918,000 74,010,000 100,000,000 91,010,358 94,796,109 99,298,087 113,232,896	125,994,893
RTA Discretionary Funding 5,515,783 2,653,281 570,484 4,000,000 - 4,366,739 - 535,000 5,440,000	3,694,000
Suburban Community Mobility Fund 20,000,000 18,202,072 18,959,222 19,859,618 20,796,258	21,804,636
South Suburban Job Access Fund 3,750,000 7,500,000 7,500,000 7,500,000	7,500,000
ADA State Funding 2,000,000 8,500,000 8,500,000	8,500,000
Innovation Coordination and Enhancement Fund 4.136,823 1,431,706 6,586,687 -	-
Federal Operating Grants 9,439,153 24,502,086 39,556,501 24,230,107 3,356,770 12,341,970 5,037,856 3,596,665 1,703,169	5,600,465
Capital Grants Reimbursements 18,839,353 34,112,483 35,337,476 28,365,444 27,645,724 36,411,542 44,641,565 22,460,735 41,020,364	46,245,039
Interest on Investments 438,173 965,652 1,602,341 2,230,167 1,235,617 214,343 111,382 129,548 187,728	234,506
Interest Expense (207,585) (150,891) (58,461) (21,570) (7,134) (344)	,
Interest Revenue from Leasing Transaction 6,747,246 6,718,171 6,343,918 6,480,128 5,119,406 5,432,224 5,780,382 6,051,167 6,438,942	6,851,817
Interest Expense on Leasing Transaction $(6,747,246)$ $(6,718,171)$ $(6,343,918)$ $(6,480,128)$ $(5,119,406)$ $(5,432,224)$ $(5,780,382)$ $(6,051,167)$ $(6,438,942)$	(6,851,817)
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expense) 107,768,679 139,632,221 174,996,318 218,820,137 247,457,220 273,530,094 283,794,928 275,993,962 309,136,023	334,659,599
1 6 1 1 1 1 1	
Net Change in Net Position (21,036,868) 3,257,456 918,893 2,259,455 (6,497,571) 5,932,654 12,801,117 (7,300,149) 3,160,601	14,915,900
Beginning Net Position 224,112,099 203,075,231 206,332,687 207,251,580 209,511,035 203,013,464 208,946,118 221,747,235 214,447,086	217,607,687
Ending Net Position \$ 203,075,231 \$ 206,332,687 \$ 207,251,580 \$ 209,511,035 \$ 203,013,464 \$ 208,946,118 \$ 221,747,235 \$ 214,447,086 \$ 217,607,687	\$ 232,523,587

Source: Pace Annual Financial Reports

Statistical: Financial Trends TABLE 3

PACE
THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION
OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
SUBURBAN SERVICES FUND
WORKING CAPITAL RATIO
LAST TEN YEARS

	Current <u>Assets</u>	Current <u>Liabilities</u>	Working <u>Capital</u>	Operating Expenses	Ratio of Working Capital to Operating Expenses
2004	\$70,979	\$37,766	\$33,213	\$147,221	22.6%
2005	68,981	32,349	36,632	159,624	22.9%
2006	107,178	72,622	34,556	155,190	22.3%
2007	86,481	35,805	50,676	162,510	31.2%
2008	83,496	37,763	45,733	171,956	26.6%
2009	89,869	38,260	51,609	174,415	29.6%
2010	101,187	36,936	64,251	176,249	36.5%
2011	116,542	36,369	80,173	179,690	44.6%
2012	132,315	41,955	90,360	190,322	47.5%
2013	196,217	95,391	100,826	195,832	51.5%

Source: Pace Annual Financial Reports

Note: The GFOA defines working capital for enterprise funds as current assets less current liabilities. The GFOA

recommends larger governments operate with at least two months of working capital equivalence of operating

expenses, or a ratio of 17% of working capital to operating expenses.

Note: In 2006 Pace assumed the operations of the Chicago ADA services, however, did not create a separate fund to

account for the Chicago ADA services until 2007. The 2006 information includes ADA services.

Note: Operating expenses exclude depreciation expense. Refer to Exhibit 3A on page 74.

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY CHANGE IN FARE STRUCTURE CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

		ective 1/2013	Effective 12/31/2004		
Fare Type	Full	Reduced	Full	Reduced	
Basic Fare	\$1.75	\$0.85	\$1.50	\$0.75	
Local Fare	-	-	\$1.25	\$0.60	
Premium Fare	\$4.00	\$2.00	\$3.00	\$1.50	
Pace 30 Day Pass	\$60.00	\$30.00	\$50.00	\$25.00	
CTA/Pace 30 Day Pass	\$100.00	\$50.00	\$75.00	\$35.00	
10 Ride Plus Regular Ticket	\$17.50	\$8.50	\$15.00	\$7.50	
10 Ride Plus Local Ticket	-	-	\$12.50	\$6.00	
10 Ride Plus Premium Ticket	\$40.00	\$20.00	\$30.00	\$15.00	
Link-up Pass	\$55.00	-	\$36.00	-	
Plus Bus Pass	\$30.00	-	\$30.00	-	
ADA Paratransit Regular Service Ticket	\$3.00	-	\$3.00	-	
ADA Paratransit Local Service Ticket	-	-	\$2.50	-	
Taxi Access Program - City of Chicago	\$5.00	-	-	-	
Student Haul Pass		\$30.00		\$25.00	
Student Summer Pass (valid June - August)	\$45.00	-	\$40.00	-	

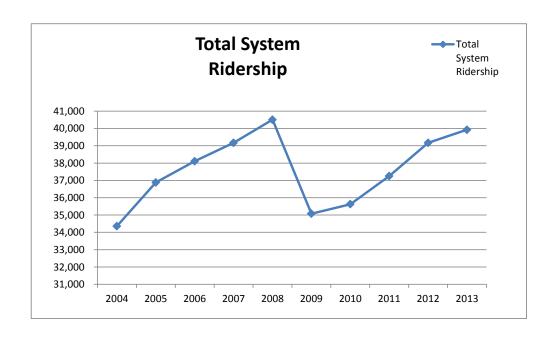
Source: Pace Fare Schedules

Note: Vanpool fares vary based on distance and the number of riders in the vanpool and are not included in the above schedule.

PACE
THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION
OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
SYSTEM RIDERSHIP

(in thousands)
LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Fixed Route	Dial A Ride	Vanpool	Total Suburban Services	Regional ADA Paratransit	Total System Ridership
2004	31,429	1,094	1,416	33,939	420	34,359
2005	33,770	1,122	1,529	36,421	459	36,880
2006	33,642	1,145	1,718	36,505	1,598	38,103
2007	33,542	1,126	1,877	36,545	2,624	39,169
2008	34,655	1,103	2,021	37,779	2,727	40,506
2009	29,247	1,230	1,810	32,287	2,790	35,077
2010	29,292	1,273	1,751	32,316	3,310	35,626
2011	30,630	1,293	1,778	33,701	3,546	37,247
2012	32,151	1,280	1,962	35,393	3,776	39,169
2013	32,513	1,418	2,004	35,935	3,989	39,924



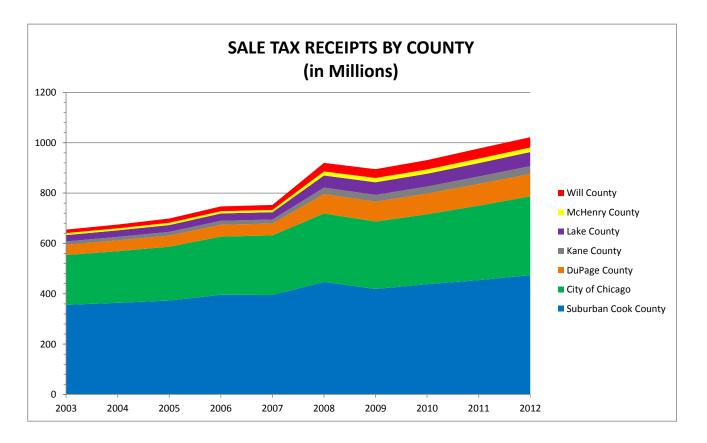
Source: Pace Budget and Ridership Reports

Note: Pace assumed City of Chicago ADA service in July 2006.

Note: Beginning in 2010, ADA includes companions and personal care attendants.

PACE
THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION
OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
SALES TAX COLLECTIONS FOR THE SIX COUNTY REGION
(In Millions)
LAST TEN YEARS

	2003	<u> </u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>
City of Chicago \$	198	\$	205	\$ 214	\$ 231	\$ 237	\$ 272	\$ 268	\$ 278	\$ 296	\$ 313
Suburban Cook County	356		364	373	396	395	447	419	438	454	474
DuPage County	41		43	44	47	47	77	79	82	86	89
Kane County	13		14	15	16	16	26	27	28	30	31
Lake County	25		26	27	29	29	48	50	51	53	56
McHenry County	8		8	9	9	9	16	17	17	18	18
Will County	14		15	17	19	20	34	35	37	40	41
Total \$	655	\$	675	\$ 699	\$ 747	\$ 753	\$ 920	\$ 895	\$ 931	\$ 977	\$ 1,022



Source: RTA Budget

Note: The Sales Tax Rate changed on April 1, 2008

Note: Actual data for 2013 was not available

PACE
THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION
OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
POPULATION, PERSONAL INCOME AND UNEMPLOYMENT
LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Six County Population	Personal Income (in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income	Six County Average Unemployment Rate
2003	8,192,796	\$312,294	\$38,119	6.8%
2004	8,204,511	325,602	39,692	6.3%
2005	8,200,686	342,479	41,769	5.9%
2006	8,200,659	367,003	44,761	4.5%
2007	8,219,573	386,897	47,080	4.9%
2008	8,252,073	393,609	47,708	6.2%
2009	8,289,812	374,882	45,229	10.0%
2010	8,316,650	379,479	45,578	10.4%
2011	8,345,262	397,122	47,565	9.9%
2012	8,367,254	415,326	49,595	8.7%

Source: Regional Economic Information System, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Dept. of Commerce Illinois Department of Employment Security, Local Area Unemployment Statistics

Note: Data for 2013 was not available.

PACE
THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION
OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
PRINCIPLE EMPLOYERS OF THE RTA AREA
CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2012			2004	
Employer	No. of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total RTA Area Employment	No. of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total RTA Area Employment
US Government	52,144	1	1.32%	88,000	1	2.23%
Chicago Public Schools	40,145	2	1.02%	39,402	2	1.00%
City of Chicago	30,197	3	0.77%	35,978	4	0.91%
Cook County	21,057	4	0.53%	26,505	5	0.67%
Advocate Heath Care	16,710	5	0.42%	25,196	6	0.64%
State of Illinois	15,400	6	0.39%	17,222	8	0.44%
JP Morgan Chase & Co.	15,103	7	0.38%	-	-	-
University of Chicago	15,029	8	0.38%	-	-	-
Walgreen Co.	14,528	9	0.37%	-	-	-
AT & T Inc. (SBC in 2004)	14,000	10	0.36%	17,000	9	0.43%
Jewel/Osco	-	-	-	36,749	3	0.93%
United Parcel Services	-	-	-	19,563	7	0.50%
United Airlines	-	-	-	15,830	10	0.40%
Total	234,313		5.95%	321,445		8.87%

Source: Crain's Chicago Business Annual List of Largest Employers
Illinois Department of Employment Security, Local Area Unemployment Statistics

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY CAPITAL ASSETS AND INFRASTRUCTURE INFORMATION

CURRENT DATA

			PACI	E ROLLING STO	OCK - AC	TIVE F	LEET	ı			
Fixed Rou	ıte (Fully Ac	cessible)	<u>Paratransi</u>	t (Fully Acc	essible)			Vanpo	<u>ol</u>		
Manufacturer	Number of Vehicles	Year	Age	Manufacturer	Number of Vehicles	Year	Age	Туре	Number of Vehicles	Year	Age
Chance Trolleys	7	2000	13	Eldorado Buses 23'	145	2008	5	Vans	2	1998	15
Orion I 40'	85	2000	13	Eldorado Vans 19'	28	2009	4	Vans	4	2000	13
Orion I 40'	65	2001	12	Eldorado Buses 23'	69	2009	4	Vans	7	2001	12
MCI 40'	8	2002	11	Eldorado Vans 19'	20	2010	3	Vans	15	2002	11
Nabi 35'	83	2003	10	Eldorado Buses 23'	170	2010	3	Vans	45	2003	10
Nabi 40'	97	2003	10	Startrans Hybrid 23	10	2010	3	Vans	16	2004	9
Orion 40'	6	2004	9					Vans	60	2005	8
Nabi 40'	60	2005	8					Vans	110	2006	7
ElDorado 30'	102	2006	7					Vans	65	2007	6
ElDorado 30'	38	2008	5					Vans	50	2008	5
ElDorado 32'	5	2008	5					Vans	85	2009	4
ElDorado 30'	25	2009	4					Vans	87	2010	3
ElDorado 30'	58	2010	3					Vans	60	2011	2
Orion Hybrid 30'	2	2011	2					Vans	113	2012	1
ElDorado 30'	4	2011	2					Vans	77	2013	0
ElDorado 40'	69	2013	0								
Total	714			Total	442			Total	796		
Average Age	6.2			Average Age	3.9			Average	e 4.6		

Facilities	
Park -N- Rides	11
Transportation Centers	9
Transfer Facilities	2
Operating Garages	11

Source: Pace 2014 Operating and Capital Program

PACE
THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION
OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT PERSONNEL BY EMPLOYEE FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN YEARS

	General Administration	Regional ADA <u>Paratransit</u>	Vehicle Operations	Vehicle <u>Maintenance</u>	Non-Vehicle <u>Maintenance</u>	Total FTE
2004	196	-	947	248	23	1,414
2005	194	-	947	248	23	1,412
2006	194	10	938	256	24	1,422
2007	200	37	947	242	23	1,449
2008	200	37	947	242	23	1,449
2009	206	36	956	243	23	1,464
2010	206	36	943	244	23	1,452
2011	206	36	943	244	23	1,452
2012	219	35	971	247	23	1,495
2013	231	35	990	264	24	1,544

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Statistical: Operating Information TABLE 11

PACE
THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION
OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
OPERATING INDICATORS
LAST TEN YEARS

	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>
Fixed Route Service										
Number of Fixed Routes	240	239	233	232	220	213	194	194	194	199
Number of Accessible Routes	240	239	233	233	220	213	194	194	194	199
Number of Private Contractors	6	5	4	4	3	4	4	3	3	3
Number of Municipal Contractors	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
Paratransit										
Number of Communities Served	210	210	210	210	210	210	210	210	210	210
Number of Local Dial-a-Ride (DAR) Projects	63	62	62	62	65	65	66	68	68	68
Vanpool										
Vehicles in Service	480	540	628	673	695	690	673	708	738	781
Vehicle Miles (000's)										
Fixed Route	24,752	24,649	24,297	24,509	24,906	24,893	24,167	23,704	24,144	24,330
DAR/Ride DuPage/Kane	3,999	4,047	4,051	4,000	4,061	5,007	5,225	5,357	5,579	5,863
Vanpool	8,392	9,315	10,631	11,500	12,679	11,842	11,295	11,732	12,662	13,129
Regional ADA Paratransit *	3,881	4,403	4,477	4,719	4,974	23,517	23,298	27,581	29,779	30,815
Vehcile Hours (000's)										
Fixed Route	1,639	1,628	1,623	1,629	1,656	1,658	1,614	1,581	1,602	1,623
DAR/Ride DuPage/Kane	258	266	281	280	286	274	278	285	299	307
Regional ADA Paratransit **	280	300	308	319	1,336	1,651	1,634	1,895	1,900	1,998

Source: Pace Budgets

* Note: Beginning in 2009, vehicle miles include ADA for Chicago ADA

** Note: Beginning in 2008, vehicle hours include ADA for Chicago ADA

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Other Information

SECTION FOUR – OTHER INFORMATION

Schedule of Farebox Recovery Ratio – Suburban	
Services Fund	92
Schedule of Farebox Recovery Ratio – Regional ADA	
Paratransit Services Fund	93
Combining Schedule of Fixed Route Carrier Financial	
Results - Public Funded Carriers	94
Combining Schedule of Fixed Route Carrier Financial	
Results - Private Contract Carriers	95
Combining Schedule of Paratransit Municipal -	
Carrier Expense	96
Combining Schedule of Paratransit Carrier Financial	
Results - Private Contract Carriers – Non-ADA	
Services	97
Combining Schedule of Paratransit Carrier Financial	
Results - Private Contract Carriers – ADA	98
Schedule of Projects Funded/To Be Funded From	
Unrestricted Net Position	99

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SUBURBAN SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF FAREBOX RECOVERY RATIO FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

REVENUE		
Pace-Owned Service Revenue	\$	29,094,500
CMAQ/JARC Passenger Revenue		230,763
Fixed Route Carrier Revenue		3,294,462
Paratransit Revenue		12,432,951
Van Pool Revenue		4,158,850
Reduced Fare Reimbursement		1,977,876
Advertising Revenue		4,503,458
Interest on Investments		234,506
Miscellaneous		1,292,935
** Not-For-Profit Service Providers Revenue		2,043,350
Total System Generated Revenue	\$	59,263,651
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Pace-Owned Service Expenses	\$	79,708,876
CMAQ/JARC Expenses	•	2,034,397
Contract Payments:		, ,
Fixed Route Carriers		9,470,685
Paratransit Carriers		18,553,231
Van Pool Expenses		4,669,751
Centralized Operations		60,153,690
Administrative Expenses		26,357,138
Indirect Overhead Allocation		(5,115,890)
** Not-For-Profit Service Providers Expense		2,043,350
Total Operating Expenses	\$	197,875,228
FAREBOX RECOVERY RATIO		30.0%

^{**}Pace has a relationship with entities involved in the Advantage Program in which Pace leases a vehicle to that entity in order to provide public transportation. Consistent with the opinion of the RTA, revenues and expenses incurred by such entities can be included in the computing the percentage of costs covered by revenues ("recovery ratio"). For 2013, Pace has included \$2,043,350 of revenues and expenses incurred by these entities in providing public transportation.

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY REGIONAL ADA PARATRANSIT SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF FAREBOX RECOVERY RATIO FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

REVENUE	
ADA Services Revenue	\$ 9,976,913
Miscellaneous	 3,656,012
Total System Generated Revenue	\$ 13,632,925
OPERATING EXPENSES	
ADA Services Expenses	\$ 132,733,995
Centralized Operations	3,720,051
Administrative Expenses	6,557,882
Indirect Overhead Allocation	5,115,890
* Capital Cost Of Contracting	 (11,113,500)
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 137,014,318
FAREBOX RECOVERY RATIO	 10.0%

^{*} Under a 2008 change in legislation, the ADA Paratransit recovery ratio calculation now includes an expense credit for costs incurred by ADA Partransit contractors for their capital expenses. In 2013, there is \$11,113,500 of Capital Cost of Contracting funding included in the recovery ratio calculation.

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIXED ROUTE CARRIER FINANCIAL RESULTS - PUBLIC FUNDED CARRIERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

			Total				Net		
	Direct	Centralized		PACE		Passenger		Public	
	<u>Expense</u>	<u>Expense</u>		<u>Funding</u>		Revenue		<u>Funding</u>	
City of Highland Park	\$ 1,341,558	\$	122,534	\$	1,464,092	\$	714,503	\$	749,589
Village of Downers Grove	283,488		10,072		293,560		100,303		193,257
Village of Niles	1,520,813		104,473		1,625,286		517,555		1,107,731
Village of Schaumburg	277,913		2,273		280,186		167,053		113,133
	 					·			
TOTAL	\$ 3,423,772	\$	239,352	\$	3,663,124	\$	1,499,414	\$	2,163,710

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIXED ROUTE CARRIER FINANCIAL RESULTS - PRIVATE CONTRACT CARRIERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	(Operating]	Passenger			Net		
Regular Fixed Route		<u>Expenses</u>		Revenue			<u>Expenses</u>		
First Student	\$	3,901,958	\$	1,291,986		\$	2,609,972		
First Transit	Ψ	849,449	Ψ	224,113	`	Ψ	625,336		
MV Transportation		1,295,506		278,949			1,016,557		
TOTALS	\$	6,046,913	\$	1,795,048	<u>:</u>	\$	4,251,865		
TOTALS	\$	6,046,913	\$	1,795,048	_	\$	4,251,86		

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY COMBINING SCHEDULE OF PARATRANSIT MUNICIPAL - CARRIER EXPENSE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

CARRIER	OTAL <u>VENUE</u>	TOTAL <u>EXPENSE</u>	_	ERATING DEFICIT			PACE ISTANCE	NON-PACE SSISTANCE
Bensenville	\$ 22,203	\$ 241,875	\$	219,672	9	5	45,858	\$ 173,814
Bloom	19,332	341,150		321,818			53,529	268,289
Crestwood	7,077	101,644		94,567			17,829	76,738
Ela	11,400	168,362		156,962			29,325	127,637
Forest Park	21,676	105,980		84,304			48,939	35,365
Fox Lake/Grant	1,919	5,724		3,806			2,091	1,715
Harvard	3,385	18,924		15,539			6,990	8,549
Lemont	6,258	83,731		77,473			16,926	60,547
Lyons	14,005	338,356		324,351			40,773	283,578
Norridge	8,626	113,955		105,329			23,247	82,082
Oak Park	41,943	384,201		342,258			120,099	222,159
Orland Park	20,859	263,441		242,582			31,626	210,956
Palatine	18,454	207,871		189,417			27,756	161,661
Palos Hills	6,831	65,081		58,249			13,770	44,479
Park Forest	21,709	114,611		92,902			52,902	40,000
Rich Township	28,131	644,676		616,546			60,159	556,387
Schaumburg	79,148	1,159,850		1,080,702			200,802	879,900
Stickney	19,879	243,862		223,983			54,729	169,254
Tinley Park	9,638	84,110		74,472			25,773	48,699
Vernon Township	3,167	133,619		130,452			9,252	121,200
Washington Township	3,580	50,666		47,086			6,050	41,036
Worth	7,731	241,035		233,304	21,315		211,989	
Total	\$ 376,951	\$ 5,112,725	\$	4,735,774	_	5	909,740	\$ 3,826,033

PACE THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY COMBINING SCHEDULE OF PARATRANSIT CARRIER FINANCIAL RESULTS - PRIVATE CONTRACT CARRIERS - NON -ADA SERVICES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

<u>Project</u>	Contract Expense	Passenger <u>Revenue</u>	Non - Pace Assistance	Net Contract Cost
Barrington	\$ 91,169	\$ 3,081	\$ 44,850	\$ 43,238
Bloomingdale Township	309,907	29,643	85,180	195,084
Call Centers	496,540	-	4,318	492,222
Call in Rides	928,735	62,928	, -	865,807
Central Lake	85,115	6,200	24,787	54,128
Central Will	666,983	65,912	174,866	426,205
Community Service Transit	50,489	106,273	, -	(55,784)
Downers Grove	94,044	23,135	21,132	49,777
DuPage County	7,877	1,820	- -	6,057
DuPage Township	182,817	10,284	50,065	122,468
Elk Grove	245,927	19,164	178,018	48,745
Freemont Township	3,848	214	1,142	2,492
Hampshire Township	18,537	1,140	4,349	13,048
Hometown	13,766	527	12,091	1,148
Leyden Township	152,153	13,913	116,325	21,915
Marengo	92,354	3,527	-	88,827
McHenry County	438,966	23,748	360,328	54,890
Milton Township	281,047	55,906	5,817	219,324
Naperville/Lisle	1,076,434	194,322	654,108	228,004
North Suburban Cook	70,676	1,344	23,208	46,124
Northeast Lake-Warren	311,725	18,546	21,104	272,075
Northeast Lake-Zion	62,055	4,219	9,745	48,091
Northwest Lake	241,995	15,015	-	226,980
Northwest Lake Demo	319,341	30,748	258,451	30,142
Northwest Suburban Cook	206,886	25,445	-	181,441
Pioneer Center	276,649	5,456	-	271,193
Ride DuPage	1,389,705	186,369	891,187	312,149
Ride In Kane	3,661,727	418,009	2,752,623	491,095
Ride McHenry	1,343,418	122,562	853,177	367,679
South Cook	94	15	-	79
Southwest Lake-Wauconda	41,674	4,028	12,765	24,881
Southwest Will	41,558	3,831	23,247	14,480
Village of Skokie/West Cook	157,723	-	152,556	5,167
Wayne Township	64,527	5,352	16,889	42,286
Will County	13,022	1,114	13,219	(1,311)
Woodstock	1,024	630		394
TOTAL	\$ 13,440,507	\$ 1,464,420	\$ 6,765,547	\$ 5,210,540

PACE
THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION
OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF PARATRANSIT CARRIER FINANCIAL
RESULTS - PRIVATE CONTRACT CARRIERS - ADA SERVICES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

ADA SERVICES

<u>Project</u>	Contract Expense	I	Passenger <u>Revenue</u>	Ν	Net Contract <u>Cost</u>
South Cook	\$ 10,437,169	\$	776,171	\$	9,660,998
North Suburban Cook	7,776,560		625,887		7,150,673
West Cook (Suburban)	2,269,467		278,523		1,990,944
North Lake	1,054,392		138,836		915,556
Kane County	486,539		47,427		439,112
Southwest/Central Will	487,136		47,694		439,442
DuPage County	1,462,309		140,214		1,322,095
Chicago ADA	 108,760,423		7,922,161		100,838,262
Total	\$ 132,733,995	\$	9,976,913	\$	122,757,082
	 ===,,,,,	Ψ	- ,- , 0,- 10	¥	===,,

THE SUBURBAN BUS DIVISION OF THE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS FUNDED/TO BE FUNDED FROM UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

WITH COMPARATIVE INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

The Unrestricted Net Position detailed in footnote 9 on page 54 is comprised of the unexpended portion of the accumulated positive budget variance.

		Unaudited
	<u>2013</u>	2012
Group I: Approved and Completed	\$ 4,970,550	\$ 2,651,430
Group II: Approved and in Progress		
Headquarters Facility	191,034	191,034
Computer Equipment - Multiple projects	1,934,300	567,339
Software for Insurance System	30,000	30,000
DuPage Co Paratr Computer Sys	-	200,000
Facilities Environmental Cleanup	451,171	451,171
Facilities Site review, EIS, Environmental Compliance	1,800,000	-
Service Restructuring Study	180,037	180,037
Improvements to Garages - Multiple Years	591,642	291,642
Land Acquisition - Markham	1,650,000	-
Bus Shelters/Pads	1,000,000	-
Sign & Shelters	20,000	-
A/E for Capital Projects	3,000,000	-
Project Administration - Multiple Grants	6,000	123,698
Related Capital Projects/Support Services	137,317	137,317
Regional Call Center - Hardware Ph3	17,155	17,155
Associated Capital - Multiple Years	75,654	250,434
Unanticipated Capital - Multiple Years	1,139,897	1,613,015
Totals Approved and in Progress	12,224,207	4,052,842
Group III: Approved But Not Yet Started		
A&E for Capital Projects	-	3,000,000
Bus Shelters/Pads	-	1,000,000
Bus Stop Improvements	15,300	15,300
Computer Equipment	-	1,500,000
Facilities site Review, EIS, Environmental Compliance	-	1,800,000
Improvements to Garages	-	300,000
Northwest Division Garage - Land Acquisition	7,500,000	7,500,000
Real Time Next Bus Stop Signs	160,000	-
Regional Call Center - Hardware phase 3	17,155	17,155
Sign & Shelter	-	20,000
Unanticipated Capital	250,000	250,000
Ventra Fare System	10,600,000	14,100,000
Ventra Fare System - Vending Machines	1,200,000	
Totals Approved But Not Yet Started	19,742,455	29,502,455
Total Commitments	36,937,212	36,206,727
Previously Recognized Expenditures	(8,150,542)	(5,594,439)
Net Commitments	\$ 28,786,670	\$ 30,612,288